Table 5 Potential for Habitat at the Emeryville ILA Site to Support Sensitive Species Occurring in the Vicinity

The California brackishwater snail (*Tryonia imitator*), a federal species of concern, is associated with coastal lagoons and salt marsh communities.

The site does not provide the sufficient aquatic resources associated with the California brackishwater snail.

The tidewater goby (*Eucyclogobius newberryi*), a federal endangered and California species of concern, is associated with brackish water habitats along the southern California coast. The tidewater goby is found in shallow lagoons and lower stream reaches.

The site does not provide the sufficient aquatic resources associated with the tidewater goby.

California black rail (*Laterallus jamaicensis coturniculus*), a federal species of concern and a California threatened species, is associated with salt-marsh communities but is sometimes found in freshwater marshes.

The site does not provide the sufficient marsh habitat associated with the California black rail.

The California clapper rail (*Rallus longirostris obsoletus*), a federal and California endangered species, is associated with salt-water marshes in the San Francisco Bay area.

The site does not provide the sufficient marsh habitat associated with the California clapper rail.

The California least tern (Sterna antillarum browni), a federal and California endangered species, will establish nesting colonies in beach and alluvial sand along the California coast. This species may also be found in open areas close to lagoons or dry lakebeds. Breeding season begins in mid-May to early June and extends into late-July.

The site does not provide the sufficient aquatic resources or nesting opportunities associated with the California least tern.

Berkeley kangaroo rat (*Dipodomys heermanni berkeleyenis*), a federal species of concern, is associated with open spaces amongst chaparral, oak, and pine woodland communities.

The site supports no habitat associated with the Berkeley kangaroo rat.

The salt-marsh harvest mouse (Reithrodontomys raviventris), a federal and California endangered species, is associated with emergent saltwater wetlands in the San Francisco Bay area.

The site does not provide the sufficient aquatic resources associated with the salt-marsh harvest mouse.

The Santa Cruz tarplant (*Holocarpha macradenia*) is a proposed threatened species for federal listing and a California endangered species. This species is associated with coastal prairie and grassland communities.

The site supports no habitat associated with the Santa Cruz tarplant.

The alkali milk-vetch (Astragalus tener var. tener), is not a listed species but is considered sensitive by the California Native Plant Society. This species is associated with alkali playa, grassland, and vernal pool communities.

The site supports no grassland or vernal pool habitat associated with the alkali milk-vetch

Table 5 Potential for Habitat at the Emeryville ILA Site to Support Sensitive Species Occurring in the Vicinity

The San Francisco Bay spineflower (Chorizanthe cuspidata var. cuspidata), a federal species of concern, is associated with coastal bluff scrub, dune, and prairie communities.

The site is not characterized by the coastal habitats associated with the San Francisco Bay spineflower

The robust spineflower (*Chorizanthe robusta* var. *robusta*), a federal endangered species, is associated with cismontane woodland, coastal dunes, and coastal scrub communities.

The site is not characterized by the habitats associated with the robust spineflower.

The Kellogg's horkelia (*Horkelia cuneata* ssp. *sericea*), a federal species of concern, is associated with closed-cone coniferous forest and coastal scrub communities.

The site is not characterized by the habitats associated with the Kellogg's horkelia.

Source: California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG), Oakland West Quadrangle, California Natural Diversity Database, September 1999.