Table 4 Potential for Habitat at the Sacramento Terminal Site to Support Sensitive Species Occurring in the Vicinity

The valley elderberry longhorn beetle (*Desmocerus californicus dimorphus*), a federal threatened species, is endemic to the California Central Valley. This species is dependent upon blue elderberry (*Sambucus mexicana*).

The site does not provide elderberry habitat for valley elderberry longhorn beetle

The California brackishwater snail (*Tryonia imitator*), a federal species of concern, is associated with coastal lagoons and salt marsh communities.

The site does not provide the sufficient aquatic resources associated with California brackishwater snail.

The Sacramento splittail (*Pogonichthys macrolepidotus*), proposed for federal listing as a threatened species, is confined to the Sacramento Delta, Suisun Bay, and their associated marsh communities. This species is often found in slow moving water.

The site does not provide the sufficient aquatic resources associated with Sacramento splittail.

The California clapper rail (*Rallus longirostris obsoletus*), a federal and California endangered species, is associated with salt-water marshes in the San Francisco Bay area.

The site does not provide the sufficient aquatic resources associated with California clapper rail.

The rookery sites of the double-crested cormorant (*Phalacrocorax auritus*) are considered protected areas. These colonial sites are often found on coastal cliffs, offshore islands, and lake margins.

The site does not provide the sufficient aquatic resources or nesting opportunities associated with double-crested cormorant.

The California least tern (Sterna antillarum browni), a federal and California endangered species, will establish nesting colonies in beach and alluvial sand along the California coast. This species may also be found in open areas close to lagoons or dry lakebeds. Breeding season begins in mid-May to early June and extends into late-July.

The site does not provide the sufficient aquatic resources or nesting opportunities associated with California least tern.

The Swainson's hawk (*Buteo swainsoni*), a California threatened species, nests tall trees throughout the California Central Valley. Nest sites are often found near grassland or agricultural fields.

A line of oak trees between the site and the railroad right-of-way provides marginal nesting habitat for the Swainson's hawk.

The tricolored blackbird (Agelaius tricolor), a federal and California species of concern, is largely endemic to California. This colonial nesting species is associated with freshwater marshes with cattail, tule, bulrush, or sedge vegetation.

The site does not provide the wetland vegetation associated with tricolored blackbird nesting colonies.

The salt-marsh harvest mouse (Reithrodontomys raviventris), a federal and California endangered species, is associated with emergent saltwater wetlands in the San Francisco Bay area.

The site does not provide the sufficient aquatic resources associated with salt-marsh harvest mouse.

Table 4 Potential for Habitat at the Sacramento Terminal Site to Support Sensitive Species Occurring in the Vicinity

The rose-mallow (Hibiscus lasiocarpus) is not a listed species but is considered sensitive by the California Native Plant Society. This plant is associated with freshwater marshes.

The site does not provide the sufficient marsh habitat associated with rose-mallow.

Source: California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG), Sacramento West Quadrangle, California Natural Diversity Database, September 1999.