Decision No. 7394

ORIGINAL

BEFORE THE RAILROAD COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

---000---

In the matter of the application of MOMELUMNE RIVER POWER AND WATER COMPANY, a corporation, for establishment of a schedule of rates to be charged for water furnished by it in Calaveras County.

Application No. 4943.

R. W. Hawley for applicant.
J. T. Plilier for protestants.

BY THE COMMISSION:

OPIMIOM

Mokelumne River Power and Water Company, applicant herein, asks the Railroad Commission for authority to establish a comprehensive schedule of rates to be charged for all classes of water service rendered by it, such rates to provide a substantial increase in revenue.

Applicant alloges in effect that it is a public utility engaged in the business of supplying water for domestic, irrigation, mining and industrial purposes to

consumors in the unincorporated towns of Mokelumno Hill, Campo Seco and Valley Springs, and the territory adjacent thereto in Calaveras County: that the revenue derived from the operation of its system is insufficient to meet the cost of maintenance, operation and repairs, without any interest return upon capital investment or any sum for depreciation reserve, and further that no payment is made for fire protection or for street sprinkling in the several communities served by it, thereby unjustly burdening other patrons.

The Mokelumne River Power and Water Company was incorporated in 1907, succeeding the Mokelumne and Campo Seco Canal and Mining Company, a corporation, organized in 1852 or 1853. The ditch system was originally constructed and water used primarily for hydraulic mining operations. The water supply is obtained by diversion from the South Fork of the Mokelumne River and distributed to the consumers by gravity. The present operative portion of the system consists of about 37 miles of main canal, 12 miles of laterals and the diversion dam, tunnels, flumes, pipe siphons and other necessary structures on these canals; also six small carthen distributing reservoirs with appurtenant structures and lands, together with the pipe distribution systems in the towns. Hydraulic mining has ceased, and the present use for other mining and industrial purposes has decreased in recent years by reason of the closing down of mines. Irrigation use is small, being in its development stage.

A public hearing was held in this matter before Examiner Satterwhite at Valley Springs, of which all interested parties were notified.

An inventory and estimated cost of the property filed with the application as Exhibit "D" gives the total for operative property \$411,500.00 and for non-operative property \$264,000, not including any value for water rights. No other appraisal was submitted.

A further consideration of a rate base in this proceeding is unnecessary since the evidence shows that the investment is disproportionate to the present uses of water with a resulting overbuilt system.

Applicant concedes that under present conditions of use of water it cannot expect a rate schedule established that will produce a full return to include interest on the investment, depreciation allowance and the maintenance and operation expenses. The evidence further shows the general condition of disrepair of the ditches, pipe siphons and pipe distribution systems and the resulting large seepage losses and waste of water, also a consequent heavy annual maintenance expense.

It is evidently unfair to the few consumers now using water to burden them with the entire expense which is necessitated because of the extensive system originally constructed and operated to deliver water for hydraulic mining. The consumers should not be required to pay rates higher than the service is reasonably worth and consideration should be given to rates which obtain for like service in similar localities in the Sierra foothill region, some of which rates were introduced in evidence.

The maintenance and operation expenses for the year 1918 totalled \$10,097.09, and for 1916 and 1917

approximated the same amount. The evidence shows that these totals include certain amounts for material and labor for repair of flumes that may properly be charged to replacement of flumes, which have reached a condition when continual repair is necessary, but it is a difficult matter in the case of flumes to determine the point where the repairs should be charged to replacement.

The total income received from the rate schedule in effect was \$5,954.58 for 1916, \$8,923.63 for 1917 and \$4,645.34 for 1918. The increase in 1917 was due principally to increased mining use which has since been discontinued; and in 1918 the water shortage caused the supply for certain periods to be cut off below Mokelumne Hill, thereby reducing the income.

The record of water consumption during 1919 shows: domestic use 121 consumers on a flat rate, mining use (2 mines operating) about 21,000 miner's inch days, and irrigation use on 60 acres about 1800 miner's inch days.

After a careful consideration of all the facts and the evidence, the rate schedule established in the accompanying order has been computed and is designed to yield a reasonable return to this utility under present operating conditions and use of water.

ORDER

THE MOMPLUMNE RIVER POWER AND WATER COMPANY, a comporation, having applied to this Commission for an order authorizing it to increase its rates, a public hearing having been held, and the Commission being fully apprised in the promises,

IT IS HEREBY FOUND AS A FACT that the present rate schedule of Mokelumne River Power and Water Company, in so far as it differs from the rate schedule herein set out, is unjust and unreasonable, and that the rates herein established are just and reasonable rates to be charged by said company for water,

And basing its order upon the foregoing finding of fact and the other statements of fact contained in the opinion preceding this order,

and Water Company be and it is hereby authorized and directed to file with this Commission within twenty (20) days of the date of this order, and thereafter charge, the following rates for water served its consumers.

RATE SCHEDULE

Domestic Use.

To apply to all users on separate premises in whatever ownership.

Monthly Flat Rates.

l.	Residences and tenements of four rooms or less occupied by a single family	30
	Additional for each flush toilet or bathtub	.20
	For each private barn - not more than	
	two horses or cows	.60 .25
2.	Private boarding houses, for each roomer or boarder, in addition to the family	
3.	rate	.15
	payable every month in the year, per 100 sq. ft.	.10
4.	Livery stables and stockyards, por average number of stock fed, each	.25

		~ ~	
5 🐇	Wagon and blacksmith shops	00	
6.	- Diritia compers averse 4 sulos of 1665 🕶	00	
	Tom cook odditional auto	J (
7.	Barber shops, for single chair	50	
	For each additional chair.	3 0	
8.	Soda fountains and soft drinks, ice cream		
	or lunch places, either alone or in con-	50	
	nection with other business		•
9.	Creameries, claughter houses, bakeries and laundries	.00 to	5.00
	and laundries. Billiard parlors, fraternal halls,		
10.	Billiard mariors, irecordant matter,		
	churches, plumbing shops, stores and shops not otherwise listed	.00	
	TO THE REPORT OF AN AMERICAN CONTRACT STOPPING		
44-	A. HAA WAMA MAAN TWO DOYSES	.50	
	- Tan aaab additianni 100750	.25	
7.9	that the man down both tiph tillso		
	- 450754 69 7777701 77 4 40 40 11	.50	
15.			
		- 50	
14.			- = 00
	- 12 4 2 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	.00 u	0 0.00
15.	TERRETAIN MEANS IN CONTROLLION WILLIAM SAVED VA		
	- Alice - Additional to Stote Parcheses	• , 0	
16.	For use of hose in front of stores and		
	shops for washing windows and sprinkling		
	sidewalks and roadway, according to front-	0.25	to 1.00
7 77			
	- 17 2 Kindina MAAM	2.50	
T3 ***	THE SHEEPING ON THATT TOYOUTE WALLES		
T1	- North Annie Berger and Alle State (1980) Annie Branch and Annie Branch a	***	
~~		.30	
18.	The Acab bridgent aspaciality insulation are		
	THE THE STATE OF THE THE THEFT AND THE		
	of persons, firms or corporations for	7 25	
		T. 200	
19.	Water for all purposes or establishments		100
	not specified in above schedule, charged		
	for at measured rates.		
750.0	sured Rates.		
عدن فيا	Sarea mate o		
7 -	Minimum monthly payments.	- 05	
		1.25	
•	1	~ • • ~	
	2 inch meter	J. J.	
	The same and a same same		
2.	Quantity rates per 100 cubic feet.		
	For use between 0 and 2000 cu. ft. per	.30	
	month	.20	
	TOT WED AND PACE OF THE TANK THE TANK THE		

-6- · SEI

Meters may be installed at the option of the consumer or the company. When a moter is installed at the request of a consumer, a deposit may be required, such a deposit to be returned to the consumer as a credit on monthly water bills at the rate of one-tenth of the deposit per month. The following deposits may be required:

For 5/8 inch meter....\$14.00

For 3/4 inch meter.....22.00

For 1 inch meter.....40.00

For 2 inch meter.....68.00

Irrigation, Mining and Industrial Uses:

For	Irri	Per Mimer's Inch per day			
12	hour	π.	continuous non"	flow	∳.35 .20 .45
For	cal	endor yes	<u>r</u> .		

24 hour service, continuous flow.....\$.30

Minimum annual payment will be the equivalent of one-quarter of a miner's inch continuous flow for the irrigation season.

The above rates are based on the California Statute miner's inch, equivalent to a flow of 1/40 of a cubic foot per second.

Dated at San Francisco, California, this day of April, 1920.

Commissioners.