Decision No. 45848

ORIGINAL

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the matter of the application of)
DEL ESTE WATER COMPANY, a corporation,)
for authorization to increase its)
rates and charges for water service.)

Application No. 31810

Francis O. Hoover, attorney, for applicant; William Stava and George F. Tinkler, for the Commission staff; Jack Bik, interested party.

OPINION

By this application, filed October 3, 1950, Del Este Water Company, a corporation, requests authority to increase its rates and charges for water service.

A public hearing in this proceeding was held before Examiner Emerson in Modesto on May 22, 1951.

The basic rates presently in effect and those proposed by applicant are compared in the following tabulation:

Flat Rate Service

	Monthly Rate	
	Present	Proposed
For 1/2-inch connection	\$1.75	\$ -
For 3/4-inch connection		
For 1-inch connection	. 3.10	4.00
TAT THE OF COMMANDERS AND		1
connection	80	1.00
For second additional unit through same		,
connection	60	•75
For each unit over three through same	,	
connection	50	- 60
	· • -	

Metered Service

		•	Ra	te
Minimum Ch	arges:			Per Month Proposed
For 5. For For For For For Quantity C	l-inch me l½-inch me 2-inch me 3-inch me 4-inch me 6-inch me	ter ter ter ter ter	1.75 2.50 3.50 5.00 10.00 15.00	\$ 2.00 2.25 3.00 5.00 7.50 15.00 20.00 30.00 50.00
First Next Next Next Next Over	800 cu. ft., 1,200 cu. ft., 3,000 cu. ft.,	per 100 cu. fr per 100 cu. fr per 100 cu. fr	t075 t06 t06	.25 .20 .15 .15 .10

The increased rates proposed by applicant, if applied to 1950 consumption, would have produced an increase in gross revenues of approximately \$45,000. On the average, such increase would amount to 33%. However, increases in individual monthly billings would range between 29% and 193%, the greatest increase being assigned to those metered consumers using 2,000 cubic feet of water per month.

Applicant was incorporated in September, 1938, for the purpose of acquiring and operating as a public utility various water systems installed and previously operated by the Beard Land and Investment Company, subdividers and developers of lands in Stanislaus County. Applicant's operations presently consist of seven distinct water systems, three adjoining the City of Modesto, one at Waterford, one at Empire, one at Salida, and one adjoining the southerly boundary of the City of Turlock. As of December 31, 1950, a total of 5,812 active services, of which 555 were metered, were supplied by means of approximately 431,000 feet of distribution mains from 47 pumped wells with pressure being maintained by means

of steel pressure tanks. Well water is readily obtainable in almost any portion of applicant's service areas. It is of excellent quality and needs but little purification treatment. Sand traps are installed at eight locations.

Testimony and exhibits with respect to the present and prospective earning position of applicant were presented by witnesses for applicant and by the Commission staff. As shown in applicant's annual reports to this Commission, customer growth since World War II has been steadily upward and has more than doubled in the last five years. During the same period, reported operating revenues have also more than doubled. In justification for the requested rate increases, however, applicant presented evidence indicating substantial increases in material and labor costs for nearly all phases of its operations. In the postwar years, this utility's costs for common labor have increased by 40% and its costs for supervisory labor by 32%. Materials used in repairs, as well as in fixed capital, have likewise shown substantial increases; costs of service cocks increasing 165%, gate valves 123%, service pipe 110%, meters 94%, and well casing 38%. Taxes of all kinds have also increased for this company as they have for all others, tax payments being 60% higher in 1950 than they were in 1948.

The utility has expanded operations by means of water main extensions and other capital additions amounting, in 1950, to approximately \$224,000, an increase of about 54% in that one year. Because of the absence of defense industries in the utility's areas and the present restriction of credit for residential building, capital expenditures for 1951 will be considerably less though still estimated at \$80,000 for the year. In this connection, it is

^{1/} For a detailed description of the systems as existing in 1938, see Decision No. 31588 issued December 19, 1938, in Application No. 22301.

apparent that a major portion of engineering and supervision charges heretofore made against fixed capital accounts must in the future be chargeable to operation and maintenance expenses as the rapid growth and expansion of plant facilities of the past several years declines to what may be considered a more normal level.

Applicant's witness and the Commission staff are in relatively close agreement with respect to revenue estimates. In this connection, however, we note that applicant has in the past allowed billing discounts for advance payments by its customers. On the average, its 1950 recorded revenues for flat rate services are some 3.9% lower than its tariff schedules would produce. Such discounting practice is irregular and not in accordance with its filed tariffs and must be discontinued. In developing revenues for the purpose of testing the utility's earning position and the reasonableness of its rate proposal, we shall, therefore, use as total operating revenues the sums which its tariff schedules would produce if properly applied. These are \$158,000 for 1950 and \$168,570 for the estimated year 1951 at present rates. Applying the proposed rates to 1950 consumptions yields total operating revenues of \$203,800. For the estimated year 1951, the staff indicates total revenues of \$224,700 and applicant \$227,489.

Applicant's recorded operating expenses for 1950 totaled, before taxes and depreciation expense, \$93,798. Such amount was adjusted downward by the Commission staff to a total of \$79,420. Adjustments by the staff, as shown in Exhibit No. 8 in this proceeding, consisted primarily of deducting overhead construction costs, which applicant had included in both fixed capital and operating expense, deducting certain contributions and donations in accordance with long-established Commission policy, and averaging law expense and certain repair expenses considered as either nonrecurring or

unusual. After addition of depreciation expenses on a straight-line basis, plus taxes, the sum of \$123,604 appears to be the properly adjusted total of 1950 operating expenses under normal operations and at existing rates.

With respect to operating expenses for the year 1951, the staff based its estimate on the adjusted year 1950 figures, adding thereto sums reflecting anticipated system growth, increases in wage rates, and increases in general price levels. Also included was one-fifth of the estimated cost of the present rate proceeding. A total of \$142,870 was thereby derived as the estimated 1951 operating expenses under present rates. Increased taxes, due to increased revenues, increase the staff estimate for 1951 operating expenses to \$168,835 under the rates proposed by applicant. Applicant's estimate of 1951 operating expenses under the proposed rates is contained within its comparative profit and loss statement entered as Exhibit No. 4 in this proceeding and indicates a total of \$181,704.

A summary of the above is shown in the following tabulation:

	Adjusted	Year 1950		ed Year 19	
		:Proposed: :Rates	Present Rates Staff	s: Propose :Applicant	d Rates : Staff
Operating Revenues Operating Expenses	\$158,000 123,604	\$203,800 146,487	\$168,570 142,870	\$227,489 181,704	\$224,700 168,835
Net Revenues	34,396	57,313	25,700	45,785	55,865

With respect to the bases by which the reasonableness of applicant's present and proposed rates may be tested, the Commission staff developed rate bases using the results of its field and office investigation of applicant's capital accounts and prior appraisals to which were added normal allowances for working cash, materials and supplies, and sums for construction work in progress, and from which were deducted average amounts of construction advances by consumers, donations in aid of construction and nonoperative land. By such method, average rate bases for the year 1950 and the estimated year

1951 were determined by the staff upon historical and estimated historical costs in accordance with long-established Commission practices. Applicant, on the other hand, presented book figures of total fixed capital and work in progress practically identical with those of the staff but contended recognition should be given to such clements as going concern value, present market value of lands, costs to reproduce the system, present value, value of all assets regardless of the manner acquired, and inferred that a rate of return of % should be allowed on the value so resulting. No evidence to support such contentions was presented, however, applicant apparently relying solely on statements of its counsel that such matters should be considered. The utility should receive a fair return on moneys expended in acquiring and constructing its facilities actually and properly in use in serving the public.

After thorough examination of the evidence presented in this proceeding and after consideration of all the pertinent testimony, we find that the depreciated rate bases which are fair and reasonable, and on which applicant is entitled to earn a return, are \$517,240 for the year 1950 and \$673,000 for a normal 12-month period in 1951. Applying the above tabulated net revenues to such bases yields rates of return as follows:

•	: Year 1950 : Year 1951	_:
Item	:Present :Proposed:Present : Proposed Rates : Rates : Rates : Rates :Applicant: Staff	
Net R _e venues Depreciated Rate Base	\$ 34,396 \$ 57,313 \$ 25,700 \$ 45,785 \$ 55,86 517,240 517,240 673,000 673,000 673,00	55 50

From the above, it is apparent that applicant was not in need of rate relief in 1950, but the estimates indicate a less than satisfactory earning position for the future if present rates were to continue. It is also apparent that the rates proposed by applicant would yield, in this instance, an excessive return. In view of the

declining yield to be experienced if present rates were continued, relief in the form of increased revenues is justified and the rates hereinafter to be authorized are designed to produce gross revenues of \$209,800, which will result in a net revenue of \$41,000, or slightly over 6% return on the rate base hereinabove found to be reasonable.

About 30 of applicant's customers attended the hearing in this matter. Of these, four presented testimony, three in opposition to any rate increases. In the main, these customers made minor service complaints that had either never previously been brought to the company's attention or were recognized by the company as existing and already scheduled for correction, and theorized regarding rate fixing methods. We appreciate that no customer desires increased charges but the record in this proceeding fully substantiates the justification for the increases to be authorized.

Applicant's present meter rates appear to be entirely too low and hardly adequate to meet the full costs to serve. The proposed meter rates would, on the other hand, place a greatly disproportionate increase on metered consumption. The rates to be authorized are designed equitably to distribute the required increased revenues among both the metered and the flat rate users.

ORDER

Del Este Water Company having applied to this Commission for an order authorizing increases in rates and charges, a public hearing having been held and the matter having been submitted for decision,

IT IS HEREBY FOUND AS A FACT that the increases in rates and charges authorized herein are justified and that the present

EXHIBIT A Page 1 of 3

Schedule No. 1

GENERAL METERED SERVICE

APFLICABILITY

Applicable to all domestic and industrial meterod water service.

TERRITORY

Throughout the entire territory served, as delineated on maps included in the tariff sheets.

RATES

Quantity (Charge:	Per Moter Per Month
Next Next Next	2,000 cubic feet, or less	125
For ; For For	5/8-inch moter. 3/4-inch meter. 1-inch meter. 2-inch meter. 3-inch meter. 4-inch meter.	2.25 3.00 5.00 7.50 15.00 20.00 30.00

The Minimum Charge will entitle the consumer to the quantity of water which that monthly minimum charge will purchase at the Quantity Rates.

Schedule No. 2

DOMESTIC FLAT RATE SERVICE

APPLICABILITY

Applicable to all unmeasured water service rendered to domestic or residential consumers.

TERRITORY

Throughout the entire territory served, as delineated on maps included in the tariff sheets.

RATES

For water used in one dwelling house, apartment, store, or industry or other single unit establishment on one lot or building site, with the premises on which the same is located, the charges shall be as follows:

	Per Month
For 3/4-inch connection	\$2.70 3.50
Additional unit taking service through the same con	nection: Per Month
For the first additional unit For the second additional unit For the third additional unit and each unit in exce of three.	\$1.00 75

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. Charges are payable monthly in advance.
- 2. Meters may be installed at the option of the utility or the customer, in which event service thereafter will be rendered only on the basis of Schedule No. 1, General Metered Service. A customer's request for change from flat rate to metered service must be made in writing.

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Schedule No. 3

SPRINKLER AND PRIVATE FIRE SERVICE

APPLICABILITY

Applicable to all water service rendered to privately owned fire sprinkler and fire protection systems.

TERRITORY

Throughout the entire territory served, as dolineated on maps included in the tariff sheets.

RATES

Per Month

Per inch of diameter of service......\$1.00

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

The above rate is applicable only to private fire extinguishing facilities to which no connections for other than fire protection purposes are allowed. The company may install the standard detector type of meter, or by-pass check valve with pressure alarm system approved by the Board of Fire Underwriters, for protection against theft, leakage or waste of water.

rates, in so far as they differ from those prescribed herein, are unjust and unreasonable; therefore,

IT IS HEREEY ORDERED that applicant is authorized to file in quadruplicate with this Commission, after the effective date of this order and in conformity with General Order No. 96, the schedule of rates set forth in Exhibit A attached hereto, and, after not less than five (5) days' notice to the public and this Commission, to make said rates effective for all bills and charges for service rendered during billing periods ending on and after July 15, 1951.

The effective date of this order shall be twenty (20) days after the date hereof.

of ________, 1951.

Commissioners.