

ORIGINAL

Decision No. 53249

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Investigation into the rates, rules, regulations, charges, allowances and practices of all common carriers, highway carriers and city carriers relating to the transportation of general commodities (commodities for which rates are provided in Minimum Rate Tariff No. 2).)	Case No. 5432 Order Setting Hearing dated May 31, 1955
In the Matter of the Application of California Motor Express, Ltd., a corporation, California Motor Transport Co., Ltd., a corporation, Valley Express Co., a corporation, and Valley Motor Lines, Inc., a corporation, for an alternating exception to the classification of drugs and drug items.)	Application No. 36844
Merchants Express Corporation and Way's Freight Line (same as above).)	Application No. 36904
Associated Freight Lines, Coast Line Truck Service, Inc., Kellogg Express and Draying Co. and Nielson Freight Lines (same as above).)	Application No. 36905
Savage Transportation Co., Inc., (same as above).)	Application No. 36947
Interstate Freight Carriers' Conference, Inc. (same as above).)	Application No. 36948
Highway Transport Express, a corporation, and Highway Transport, Inc., a corporation (same as above).)	Application No. 36951
Shippers Express Company, a corporation (same as above).)	Application No. 36956

Douglas Brookman and Aaron H. Glickman, for applicants in Applications Nos. 36844, 36904 and 36905, Merchants Express of California, and V. Fred Jakobsen, doing business as Transbay Motor Express, respondents in Case No. 5432 and intervenors in all applications.
Charles Waller, for applicant in Application No. 36947.
C. W. Johnson, for applicant in Application No. 36948.
Norman Moon, for applicant in Application No. 36951.
B. F. Williams, for Drug and Toilet Preparation Traffic Conference; George H. Cunningham, for Sterling Drug; David M. Daly, for Bristol-Myers Products Division; O. B. Burt, for Parke, Davis & Company; F. E. Noakes, for Olin Mathieson Chemical Corporation; Richard G. Stocker, for Chas. Pfieffer & Company, Inc.; and Clifford E. Volte, for Rexall Drug Company; intervenors in support of the applications.

H. L. Mathewson, for Pacific States Motor Tariff Bureau; Arlo D. Poe and J. C. Kaspar, for California Trucking Associations, Inc.; James Quintrall, for Western Motor Tariff Bureau; J. J. Deuel and Joseph Q. Joynt, for California Farm Bureau Federation; W. F. McCann, for Johnson and Johnson; Warner Knight, for Warner-Lambert Pharmaceutical Co.; and Gustav V. Sundin, for Cutter Laboratories; interested parties.
Robert A. Lane, for the Commission's staff.

O P I N I O N

Applicants seek authority to establish and maintain an exception rating of third class on drugs and medicines released at a declared valuation of 50 cents per pound for each article.¹ In order that the proposed exception rating might be considered in its over-all aspects, the Commission on May 31, 1955, ordered that the applications be heard on a common record with Case No. 5432.

Public hearing was held February 7, 8, and 9, 1956, before Examiner J. E. Thompson at San Francisco. The evidence consists of 32 exhibits, testimony of 9 witnesses engaged in carrier operations and testimony of 9 witnesses engaged in the manufacture and shipping of drugs and toilet preparations. The evidence in the main relates to the densities, values, containers, ingredients and volume of traffic of numerous articles rated as drugs or medicines and

¹

The proposal reads as follows:

Exception to Western Classification

	Class Rating
Drugs or Medicines, N.O.I.B.N. Less Carload	3

Note 1. The value declared in writing by the shipper or agreed upon in writing as the released value of the property, as the case may be, must be entered on the shipping document as follows:

"The agreed or declared value of the property is hereby specifically stated by the shipper to be not exceeding 50 cents per pound for each article."

Note 2. Ratings named in this item will not apply if consignor declines to declare value or agree to release value in writing in accordance with Note 1.

numerous articles rated as toilet preparations. It is the contention of the applicants, and of the shippers appearing as intervenors and interested parties, that the transportation characteristics of drugs are similar, and in many cases identical, with the transportation characteristics of toilet preparations and that all of the articles should be subject to the same rating when shipped at a declared value of 50 cents per pound per article. The evidence in support of the similarity of transportation characteristics of drugs and toilet preparations is voluminous but may be briefly summarized.

There first arises the distinction between the term "drug" and the term "toilet preparation." The shippers for the most part classify articles as drugs or toilet preparations in accordance with definitions in the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.² Some articles fall within the terms of both the definition of drug and that of cosmetic or toilet preparation. For example, a deodorant that is also represented as an anti perspirant is both a drug and a toilet article as is toothpaste that purports to contain substances for the prevention of caries. The manufacturers, however, are required under federal regulatory laws to list the ingredients on

2

Title 21 United States Code.

Section 321 (g): The term drug means (1) articles recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, Official Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States or Official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them; and (2) articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in man or other animals; and (3) articles (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or other animals; and (4) articles intended for use as a component of any article specified in clause (1), (2) or (3) but does not include devices or their components, parts or accessories.

Section 321 (i): The term cosmetic means (1) articles intended to be rubbed, poured, sprinkled, or sprayed on, introduced into or otherwise applied to the human body or any part thereof for cleansing, beautifying, promoting attractiveness or altering the appearance, and (2) articles intended for use as a component of any of such articles; except that such term shall not include soap.

the label of any article that is represented to be beneficial in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease. Several shippers stated that often the differentiation between a drug and a toilet preparation is what representations are made on the label rather than the ingredients of the article. It was pointed out that one manufacturer may market an article as a drug and another may market an article of the same formula and ingredients as a toilet preparation. One shipper testified that his company started to market a cream as a toilet preparation and after testing the market, thereupon decided instead to merchandise it as a drug. He said it was the same cream and the only difference was that as a toilet preparation it was sold in a fancier jar and at a higher price and the buyer was required to pay a federal tax on the purchase. It appears that labeling requirements and tax laws are often deciding considerations on whether an article is marketed as a drug or as a toilet preparation. In most cases, once the manufacturer has designated the character of the article for marketing purposes, it continues that designation throughout its internal organization, including its shipping department.

One shipper does not follow this practice. He stated that for shipping purposes, if the article is usable as a toilet preparation he classifies it as such on the shipping documents. Carriers apparently accept whatever designation is made by the shipper.

There are two types of drug items; one is the prescription item or what is known in the trade as the ethical line, and the other is the over-the-counter item or what has been called the patent medicine. In the case of the former, there is little doubt that they should be and are classified as drugs. It is with respect to the latter type that one encounters the situations described above.

In comparing the shipping characteristics of drugs and toilet preparations it was shown that, on the whole, the over-the-counter type of drug has a counterpart in the toilet preparation category insofar as dimensions of shipping containers and weight per cubic foot are concerned. Generally, drugs in this category have a lower value per pound than do toilet preparations.

The lighter weight drug items are in the ethical line of drugs that are in tablet, capsule or ampoule forms. These items are usually shipped with heavier articles in the ethical line and it would appear from the evidence that the heavier items and the lesser valued items comprise the predominant part of the movement of the ethical line of drugs. An exhibit presented by a manufacturer which deals almost exclusively in that line shows that during five days it shipped from Los Angeles, in intrastate commerce, 155 shipments containing a total of 546 packages. The average density was 24.6 pounds per cubic foot. Of the 155 shipments, 119 or 77 per cent had a density of 20 pounds or greater per cubic foot. Other exhibits show that the over-the-counter drugs generally have somewhat higher densities.

In Decision No. 48402, dated March 24, 1953, in Case No. 4808, which established the present third-class rating on toilet preparations at a released or declared value of 50 cents per pound per article, it is stated,

"An exhibit submitted by petitioners' rate witness shows the average density of the toilet preparations here involved as 27.1 pounds per cubic foot. This exhibit also discloses that these commodities are predominantly within the density range of 21.9 pounds or greater per cubic foot and thus allow capacity loads to be achieved by the carriers."

The record shows that it is the usual practice of shippers of both drugs and toilet preparations to tender them in mixed shipments. The containers of the drugs and those of toilet preparations

usually approximate the same size so that there is no difference in handling one as compared to the other.

The exhibits show that there is as much, if not more, traffic in California in drugs as in toilet preparations.

No one opposed the proposed exception rating. A senior rate expert of the Commission's staff recommended that if the proposal is found by the Commission to be reasonable, the exception rating be incorporated into Minimum Rate Tariff No. 2 because the applicants herein, as a group, provide transportation service between virtually all of the population centers in the State. The spokesman for the California Trucking Associations, Inc., concurred with the rate expert's suggestion and also stated that while the evidence may show that both drugs and toilet preparations should enjoy the same rating when released or declared at a valuation of 50 cents or less per pound per article, the Commission should consider whether the present rating applicable to toilet preparations is too low, and should be increased, as well as considering whether the rating on drugs should be decreased.

Conclusions

It has been shown that at a released or declared valuation of not exceeding 50 cents per pound per article, drugs have similar, if not the same, transportation characteristics generally as do toilet preparations.

The Commission, on a full record, in Decision No. 48402, supra, found that a third-class less carload rating on toilet preparations when shipped under declared or released valuation not exceeding 50 cents per pound per article is justified. The record herein does not contain any evidence showing that conditions

pertaining to the transportation of toilet preparations have changed since the aforesaid prior proceeding.

Upon consideration of all of the facts and circumstances of record, the Commission is of the opinion and finds that a third-class less carload rating on drugs or medicines, when shipped at a declared or released valuation not exceeding 50 cents per pound per article, provides just, reasonable and nondiscriminatory minimum rates for the transportation by common carriers and highway carriers. The rating will be incorporated in Minimum Rate Tariff No. 2 and the applications will be dismissed.

O R D E R

Based on the evidence of record and on the findings and conclusions set forth in the preceding opinion,

IT IS ORDERED:

1. That Minimum Rate Tariff No. 2 (Appendix "D" to Decision No. 31606, as amended) be and it is hereby further amended by incorporating therein, to become effective July 15, 1956, the revised pages attached hereto and by this reference made a part hereof, which pages are numbered as follows:

Twenty-second Revised Page 5 cancels Twenty-first Revised Page 5
Fourteenth Revised Page 7 cancels Thirteenth Revised Page 7
Second Revised Page 39-A cancels First Revised Page 39-A

2. That tariff publications authorized to be made by common carriers as a result of the order herein may be made effective not earlier than July 15, 1956, on not less than five days' notice to the Commission and to the public if filed not later than sixty days after the effective date of this order.

3. That common carriers are authorized to depart from the provisions of Article XII, Section 21, of the Constitution of the

State of California and from the provisions of Section 460 of the Public Utilities Code to the extent necessary to adjust long- and short-haul departures now maintained under outstanding authorizations.

4. That in all other respects said Decision No. 31606, as amended, shall remain in full force and effect.

5. That the applications herein are dismissed.

The effective date of this order shall be twenty days after the date hereof.

Dated at San Francisco, California, this 19th day of June, 1956.

John E. Marshall
President
Justus J. Greene
Paul L. Steiner
Montgomery Cook
Commissioners

Commissioner Rex Hardy, being necessarily absent, did not participate in the disposition of this proceeding.

INDEX OF COMMODITIES (Continued)

COMMODITY	Item Number	COMMODITY	Item Number
Candles (M)	723-726	Compounds, paint, lacquer or varnish reducing, removing or thinning	377
Candy	360	Compound, radiator or cleaning (M)	723-726
Canned Goods and Other Articles as described in Item No. 610	320, 610, 620, 630	Compound, rust preventing or removing (M)	723-726
Cants, Wheel, wooden	660, 690	Compound, type cleaning (M)	723-726
Cants, wooden	365	Compound, waterproofing (M)	723-726
Caps, column	660, 690	Confectionery	360
Caps, Sand Line	365	Containers, Aluminum Bulk Shipping	330
Carriers (used packages)	330	Containers, Beverage	600
Cases (Built-in Fixtures)	660, 690	Cooler Closets	660, 690
Casing, Door and Window Panel	660, 690	Corn	(1), 652, 652½, 654
Casing Shoes	365	Corn Cobs	652, 652½, 654
Castings, Swing Post	365	Cornice Brackets	660, 690
Catchers, Tubing	365	Corn, Kaffir	652, 652½, 654
Catsup	(1)	Corn Steep Water	652, 652½, 654
Cement, pipe fitting (M)	723-726	Countershafts, Oil Well	365
Cereal and Nuts combined	360	Covers, cotton cloth	335
Cereal Food	360	Covers, Guy Wire	660, 690
Cereal Food Preparations	655, 656	Covers, Thief Hole	365
Cereals, cooked	655, 656	Cow Peas	652½, 654
Chaff	652, 652½, 654	Cranes, Derrick	365
Chap Sticks	395	Cross Arms, wooden	660, 690
Charcoal (M)	652½, 654	Crystals, Citrus Fruit Juice	360
Cheese (including cottage and pot cheese) (M)	315, 605	Cupboards	660, 690
Chests of Drawers	660, 690	Cylinders, Well Pump	365
Chili, ground	(1)	Darso	652, 652½, 654
China Closets	660, 690	Derrick Cranes	365
Chloride of Lime Bleach	730	Derricks	365
Chocolate	360	Dessert Preparations	360
Chocolate Coating	360	Disinfectants	730
Chops	652, 652½, 654	Distillers' Grains	652, 652½, 654
Chowders	(1)	Doors	660, 690
Citrus Fruit Juice		Drain Pipe Solvent	730
Powers or Crystals	360	Dressing, Automobile Top (M)	723-726
Clamps	365	Dressing, Belt (M)	723-726
Clamps, Disconnecting, Drilling, Drive or Gas Packing	365	Dressing, Salad	(1)
Clay, Fire (M)	365	Drill Bitheads	365
Clippings	652, 652½, 654	# Drugs	395
Clothing, staple work	333	Dry Milk Solids	(1)
Coating, Chocolate	360	Durra	652, 652½, 654
Cocoa	360	Dust, Elevator	652, 652½, 654
Cocoanut, prepared	(1)	Earths, Infusorial or Diatomaceous	650
Coffee	360	Egg Yolk	(1)
Coffee, extract of (condensed coffee), dry	334, 360	Eggs, Shelled	360
Coffee Substitutes	360	Egyptian Wheat	652, 652½, 654
Colorings, Confectioners	360	Elevator Dust	652, 652½, 654
Columns	660, 690		
Compound, anti-freeze (M)	723-726		
Compound, carbon removing (M)	723-726		

Compound, cleaning (M)	723-726	Elevators, Pipe or Sucker Rod	365
Compounds, Bleaching, Cleaning, Scouring, Washing	334½, 730	Emmer	652, 652½, 654
Compound, electrical insulating (M)	723-726	Engines (M)	365
Compounds, Flavoring	360	Ether (M)	723-726
Compounds, Food Curing, Preserving or Seasoning	360	Explosives	337
Compounds, Lard	360	Exterminators, vermin (M)	723-726
Compound, malt, milk and cocoa	360, 375	Extracts	360
Compound, milk and cocoa	375	Extracts, coffee (condensed coffee), dry	334, 360
Compounds, Oil Well		Extracts, Malt	600
Drilling Mud	365	Farina	652, 652½, 654
Compound, paint thinning (M)	723-726	Feed, Animal	(1), 652, 652½, 654
		Feed, Barley Hay	652½, 654
		Feed, Bean Straw (M)	652½, 654

Addition, Decision No. **53249**

(1) See "Canned Goods and Other Articles as described in Item No. 610."

(M) Denotes articles on which application of rates is limited to mixed shipments.

EFFECTIVE JULY 15, 1956

Issued by the Public Utilities Commission of the State of California,
San Francisco, California.
Correction No. 683

INDEX OF COMMODITIES (Continued)

COMMODITY	Item Number	COMMODITY	Item Number
Lime, Chlorinated	730	Meal, Velvet Bean	652 ² , 653, 654
Linens	365	Meats, cooked, cured or preserved	(1)
Linens, Polished Rod	365	Meat other than fresh	360
Lines, Measuring	365	Meat Substitutes	360
Links	365	Mechanics' Tools (M)	365
Lipsticks, medicated (chap sticks)	395	Medicine Cabinets	660, 690
Liquid, cigar or cigarette lighter (M)	723-726	Medicines	395
Liquors; Malt	360, 600	Middlings	652, 652 ² , 654
Liquors, Vinous	360, 600	Military toilet kits	395
Lubricant, Grease Binder	723-726	Milk (condensed or evaporated) liquid	(1)
Lumber	660, 690, 700	Milk and cocoa compound	375
Lye, Concentrated	730	Milk; dried	652 ² , 654
Macaroni (M)	653, 654	Milk; Malted	360, 375
Macaroni, except canned	360	Milk; sour skim	652 ² , 654
Macaroni (prepared)	(1)	Milk, sterilized	(1)
Machines, Oil Well Pulling	365	Milo Maize	652, 652 ² , 654
Machines, Rotary Drilling	365	Mince Meat	(1)
Maize	652, 652 ² , 654	Molasses	(1), 652 ² , 654
Malt	652, 652 ² , 654	Molding, Carpenters'	660, 690
Malt, milk and cocoa compound	360, 375	Molding, Casing	660, 690
Malt Sprouts	652, 652 ² , 654	Mud Mixer Parts	365
Malted milk	360, 375	Mustard	360
Mantel Shelves	660, 690	Mustard (prepared)	(1)
Margarine	(M) 315, 605	Noodles	360
Mash	652, 652 ² , 654	Noodles (M)	653, 654
Meal, Alfalfa	652 ² , 653, 654	Nuts, edible, shelled	360
Meal, Babassu Nut	652 ² , 653, 654	Oats	652, 652 ² , 654
Meal; Bean Straw	652 ² , 653, 654	Oats, rolled	652, 652 ² , 654
Meal; Clover	652 ² , 653, 654	Offal	652, 652 ² , 654
Meal; Coconut	652 ² , 653, 654	Oil, cooking	730
Meal; Copra	652 ² , 653, 654	Oil; Fish (M)	652 ² , 654
Meal; Corn Germ	652 ² , 653, 654	Oil; Olive	(1)
Meal; Corn Oil (M)	652 ² , 654	Oil, (other than medicinal) (M)	723-726
Meal; Cottonseed	652 ² , 653, 654	Oil, petroleum medicinal (M)	723-726
Meal; Fish	652 ² , 653, 654	Oil, Salad	(1), 730
Meal; Flaxseed	653, 654	Olives	(1)
Meal; Gluten	652, 652 ² , 654	Onion Chips	(1)
Meal; (Grain)	652, 652 ² , 654	Onion Powder	(1)
Meal; Hemp Seed	652 ² , 653, 654	Ornaments, Gable	660, 690
Meal; Kapok Seed	652 ² , 653, 654	Outfits, insect destroying (M)	723-726
Meal; Linseed	652 ² , 653, 654	Outfits, Oil, Water or Gas Well	365
Meal; Meat	652 ² , 654	Outfits, Wire Line Pumping	365
Meal; Mesquite (M)	652 ² , 654	Packers	365
Meal; Palm	652 ² , 653, 654	Paint, asphaltic (M)	723-726
Meal; Palm Kernel	652 ² , 653, 654	Paint; liquid (M)	723-726
Meal; Peanut	652 ² , 653, 654	Paint, liquid or paste	377
Meal; Perilla	653, 654	Paneling	660, 690
Meal; Perilla Seed	652 ² , 653, 654		
Meal; Rape Seed	652 ² , 653, 654		
Meal; Rice	652 ² , 654		

Meal, Safflower Seed	653, 654	Parts, Boiler (M)	365
Meal; Sesame Seed	652 ² , 653, 654	Parts; Mud Mixer	365
Meal, Soya Bean	652 ² , 653, 654	Paste; Alimentary	360
Meal; Sunflower Seed	652 ² , 653, 654	Paste, Confectioners'	360
Meal; Tucum Nut	652 ² , 653, 654	Paste, Tomato	(1)
		Peanut Butter	(1)

Addition, Decision No. **53249**

- (1) See "Canned Goods and Other Articles as described in Item No. 610."
 (2) Denotes articles on which application of rates is limited to mixed shipments.

EFFECTIVE JULY 15, 1956

Issued by the Public Utilities Commission of the State of California,
 Correction No. 634 San Francisco, California.

Item No.	SECTION NO. 1-RULES AND REGULATIONS OF GENERAL APPLICATION (Concluded)		EXCEPTIONS TO WESTERN CLASSIFICATION AND EXCEPTION SHEET (Concluded)		Class Rating								
*395-B Cancels 395-A	<p>*TOILET PREPARATIONS, DRUGS, MEDICINES AND OTHER ARTICLES, value declared in writing by the shipper, or agreed upon in writing as the released value of the property, not exceeding 50 cents per pound (see Notes 1 and 2), viz.:</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td data-bbox="403 624 831 1312"> Brushes, tooth, Bath salts or crystals, bubble bath or water softening compounds, medicated or perfumed, Bay Rum, ⓄDrugs, not otherwise indexed by name in the Western Classification, Glycerine, unmedicated, in metal containers in boxes (not subject to Item No. 300), prepared and represented as a remedy, medicine or lubricant for the human body, Lipsticks, medicated (chaps sticks), prepared and represented as a remedy, medicine or lubricant for the human body, </td> <td data-bbox="848 624 1302 1363"> ⓄMedicines, not otherwise indexed by name in the Western Classification Military or traveling toilet kits, Perfumery, Permanent hair-waving sets, other than electric, Petroleum jelly, unmedicated or medicated only with carbolic acid, prepared and represented as a remedy, medicine or lubricant for the human body, Powder, sachet or toilet, Rose water, Shampoo, Toilet preparations, not otherwise indexed by name in the Western Classification, Witch hazel extract. </td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">Less Carload -----</p> <p>NOTE 1.-The value declared in writing by the shipper or agreed upon in writing as the released value of the property, as the case may be, must be entered on the shipping document as follows:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">"The agreed or declared value of the property is hereby specifically stated by the shipper to be not exceeding 50 cents per pound for each article."</p> <p>NOTE 2.-Ratings named in this item will not apply if consignor declines to declare value or agree to release value in writing in accordance with Note 1.</p>	Brushes, tooth, Bath salts or crystals, bubble bath or water softening compounds, medicated or perfumed, Bay Rum, ⓄDrugs, not otherwise indexed by name in the Western Classification, Glycerine, unmedicated, in metal containers in boxes (not subject to Item No. 300), prepared and represented as a remedy, medicine or lubricant for the human body, Lipsticks, medicated (chaps sticks), prepared and represented as a remedy, medicine or lubricant for the human body,	ⓄMedicines, not otherwise indexed by name in the Western Classification Military or traveling toilet kits, Perfumery, Permanent hair-waving sets, other than electric, Petroleum jelly, unmedicated or medicated only with carbolic acid, prepared and represented as a remedy, medicine or lubricant for the human body, Powder, sachet or toilet, Rose water, Shampoo, Toilet preparations, not otherwise indexed by name in the Western Classification, Witch hazel extract.		3								
Brushes, tooth, Bath salts or crystals, bubble bath or water softening compounds, medicated or perfumed, Bay Rum, ⓄDrugs, not otherwise indexed by name in the Western Classification, Glycerine, unmedicated, in metal containers in boxes (not subject to Item No. 300), prepared and represented as a remedy, medicine or lubricant for the human body, Lipsticks, medicated (chaps sticks), prepared and represented as a remedy, medicine or lubricant for the human body,	ⓄMedicines, not otherwise indexed by name in the Western Classification Military or traveling toilet kits, Perfumery, Permanent hair-waving sets, other than electric, Petroleum jelly, unmedicated or medicated only with carbolic acid, prepared and represented as a remedy, medicine or lubricant for the human body, Powder, sachet or toilet, Rose water, Shampoo, Toilet preparations, not otherwise indexed by name in the Western Classification, Witch hazel extract.												
400-A Cancels 400	Vermouth or Wine, domestic, having a declared value of not more than \$2.00 per gallon, less carload-----				4								
<table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20%;">* Change</td> <td style="width: 5%;">}</td> <td style="width: 20%;">Decision No.</td> <td style="width: 55%; text-align: center;">53249</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ⓞ Reduction</td> <td>}</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>						* Change	}	Decision No.	53249	Ⓞ Reduction	}		
* Change	}	Decision No.	53249										
Ⓞ Reduction	}												
EFFECTIVE JULY 15, 1956													
<table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 60%;">Issued by the Public Utilities Commission of the State of California,</td> <td style="width: 40%; text-align: right;">San Francisco, California.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Correction No. 685</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>						Issued by the Public Utilities Commission of the State of California,	San Francisco, California.	Correction No. 685					
Issued by the Public Utilities Commission of the State of California,	San Francisco, California.												
Correction No. 685													