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Decision No.

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Investigation for the purpose of considering and determining minimum rates for transportation of cement and related) products statewide as provided in Minimum Rate Tariff 10 and the revisions or reissues thereof.

Case No. 5440 Petition for Modification No. 104 (Filed May 3, 1977) Petition for Modification No. 101 (Filed October 6, 1976) Order Setting Hearing 93 (Filed June 5, 1976) Order Granting Rehearing

Decision No. 87540 (Dated June 28, 1977)

Richard W. Smith, Attorney at Law, and H. W. Hughes, for California Trucking Association, petitioner. Les Calkins, for Les Calkins Trucking Inc.;

Henry Fiske, for Fiske Bros. Inc.; Frank R. Golzen, for Universal Transport System; Robert A. Schnepp, for Terri Trucking; Joe S. Tedesco, for T.T.T. Inc.; L. B. Hulsman, Jr., for Northern Redwood Transport; <u>Hay S. Bruton</u>, for Miles & Son's Trucking Service; <u>Stanley A. Ziganti</u>, for CAP Transport, Inc.; <u>Earl W. Hudson</u>, for Hudson Trucking; and <u>Allen L. Cole</u>, for Max Binswanger Trucking, respondents.

William Mitze, for Riverside Cement Co.; T. W. Anderson, for General Portland, Inc.; <u>William T. Barklie</u>, for California Portland Cement Co.; <u>Mike Mallin</u>, for Lone Star Industries; <u>James M. Gallagher</u>, for The Flintkote Co., Calaveras Cement Division; George B. Shannon, for Southwestern Portland Cement; M. Nicolaus. hv Elmer R. Steege, for Western Motor Tariff Bureau; and Christopher Cutler, for Kaiser Cement & Gypsum, Inc.; interested parties. George H. Morrison and Charles F. Gerughty, for

the Commission staff.

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$\underline{O P I N I O N}$

Minimum Rate Tariff 10 (MRT 10) contains rates and rules governing the highway transportation of cement and related commodities, in bulk and in packages, within California. By Petition 104 the California Trucking Association (CTA) seeks a cost offset increase of approximately 7 percent in MRT 10 rates. Order Granting Rehearing issued in Decision No. 87540 dated June 28, 1977 in Case No. 5440 (Petition 101 and OSH 93) was consolidated with Petition 104 for hearing.

Public hearing was held before Administrative Law Judge Gagnon at San Francisco on July 12, 1977 at which time the consolidated matters were submitted.

Order Granting Rehearing

The level of MRT 10 rates in effect immediately prior to Decision No. 87410 issued June 1, 1977 in this proceeding reflects labor costs as of July 1, 1975, historical equipments costs updated to 1975, and fuel costs effective through April, 1974. In Petition 101 the CTA sought an average cost offset increase of approximately 5 percent in the then effective MRT 10 rates. In support of its petition, the CTA introduced a study pertaining to the increases in operating costs effective generally as of mid-year 1976 incurred by cement carriers subject to the provision of MRT 10. The CTA's cost study supports the contention that the historical mileage cost data underlying MRT 10 rates increased an average of 5 percent since the tariff rates were last revised.

While CTA's rate proposal would increase MRT 10 rates by an average of 5 percent, it was shown that the actual impact upon the carriers' annual revenues resulting from such rate adjustment would amount to only 4 percent. This reduction in anticipated revenues was largely due to the lower constructive mileages applicable under the proposed adoption of the Commission's Distance Table 8 (OSH 93). Additionally, under CTA's rate proposal the cost offset increase in MRT 10 northern territory bulk cement rates was held to a maximum

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of $\frac{1}{2}$ cent for distances up to 60 miles. For certain other mileage rate brackets the CTA proposed the rates be slightly reduced or not increased.

In Decision No. 87410 the Commission found the staff's alternative 4 percent cost offset rate proposal to be justified except for the northern territory bulk cementrates where an increase of only 1 percent was found justified. In reaching this latter finding the Commission stated:

> ". . Ordinarily, per mile expenses are less for a longer haul. Therehas been nothing produced in this record that shows per mile expense is higher for longer trips. If we are to apply the rate increase in the manner the applicant proposes, without full cost justification, there would be the very real possibility that shippers in outlying areas would unreasonably be subject to higher rates not because of cost of service factors, but simply because there is less proprietary competition to such areas.

"We are directing that northern territory MRT 10 rates be increased by the percentages proposed by the applicant up to the distance of 55-60 miles. For distances over 55-60 miles the applicant proposes a much steeper increase for the northern territory. We do not wish to distort truckload rates for longer northern territory distances by ordering MRT 10 rates for longer distances increased disproportionately to short-haul rates. If MRT 10 were to be repeatedly offset with larger increases being placed on long-haul rates, the pancaking effect of such offsets could distort rates out of proportion to costs for service to long-haul points. For distances over 55 to 60 miles we will order a l percent increase. If carriers find that for longer hauls MRT 10 rates are inadequate they may either charge more or, if they are common carriers, file a higher tariff. If MRT 10 rates require adjustment because the cost of service per mile varies with the length of haul, they should be adjusted only after a full investigation. We understand that generally most MRT 10 carriage is over relatively short distances and that most MRT 10 revenue would be generated by such trips. We find it is not in the public interest for shippers in outlying northern territory locations to be

arbitrarily subject to needlessly higher transportation costs resulting from distortive increases in MRT 10. If the applicant desires to present an alternative proposal to respread the offset increase for the northern territory, based on a relationship of cost per mile to mileage, it can petition for the reopening of this proceeding for reconsideration; or it can present such a proposal in the next filed petition to offset MRT 10.

"The proposed offset increase is distributed proportionally for the southern territory, so the problems discussed above that arise with respect to the northern territory are not an issue for that portion of MRT 10."

On rehearing of Decision No. 87410, the CTA notes that the aforementioned revised cost offset procedure for adjusting MRT 10 rates is premised upon the observation that "Ordinarily, per mile expenses are less for a longer haul. There has been nothing produced in this record that shows per mile expense is higher for longer trips." The CTA acknowledges this commonly held rate principle and contends it has never suggested otherwise.

In formulating its cost offset proposal, the CTA directs attention to the historical and consistent practice of the Commission in Case No. 5440 to evaluate ratemaking elements other than costs. For example, the CTA refers to the following observations and finding set forth in Decision No. 73607 dated January 9, 1968 in Case No. 5440:

"In adopting the industry proposal, the following language appears in Decision No. 72503:

"The Commission heretofore has stated that considerations other than those specifically set forth in Section 3662 may be given weight in the establishment or revision of minimum rates for highway carriers. In proceedings of this type, the Commission measures the value of the transportation service. The industry proposal herein, developed through negotiation, should strike a balance between the shipper's ability to pay for the transportation services and the carriers' overall revenue needs. Therefore, the industry proposal should be given weight in reaching a determination concerning the aspects of the value of the transportation service to shippers and reasonable return to carriers. The industry proposal

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also takes into consideration recent changes in economic conditions. It reflects...considerations not brought to bear in the staff proposals: a reduction in carriers' revenues resulting from changes in constructive mileages...and an increase in costs brought about by higher wage costs...

"In arriving at their rate proposals, both the industry and staff witnesses testified that they gave consideration to existing rate levels; the location of cement mills, and competition between mills in the marketing of cement in the major metropolitan areas of the State; the interrelationships of the Southern and Northern Territory rate scales with respect to transportation from mills located near the dividing line between territories; and the effect of the changeover from DT5 to DT6. The staff witness apparently gave much weight to the staff's estimated costs of service. The witness presenting the industry proposal stated in the original hearing that little weight was given to costs, but that factors not considered in the staff cost study were evaluated. . . . "

In this same Decision No. 73607 the Commission found:

"1. In establishing or approving scales of minimum rates in this proceeding, consideration must be given to the ratemaking elements set out in Section 3662 of the Public Utilities Code and, in addition thereto, consideration should be given to the value of the transportation service to shippers, to the marketing practices of cement producers, and to the revenue needs of carriers."

The CTA stresses the Commission's historical practice of establishing rates in MRT 10 at a level which would produce revenues necessary to meet the carriers' operating costs. The CTA contends that the 1 percent increase in northern territory bulk cement rates authorized by Decision No. 87410 fails to meet this objective. In support of this contention, the CTA points to the undisputed record in Petition 101 wherein the minimum increase shown as required to cover the carriers' operating costs was 4 percent.

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If the historical selective cost offset procedure for adjusting MRT 10 northern territory bulk cement rates is to be now abandoned in favor of an across the board uniform rate increase methodology as pursued in Decision No. 87410, the CTA maintains that a uniform increase of not less than 4 percent was fully justified in Petition 101. The CTA requests that the full cost offset increase of 5 percent set forth in its Petition 101 Exhibit 6 be restored.

In the Petition 101 proceeding, the staff suggested that the MRT 10 rates be increased an average of 4 percent, except for the northern territory bulk cement rates where such increase would be held down to 2 cent (approximately 1 percent) for distances up to 60 miles as proposed by CTA. However, in partially adopting the staff rate proposal the Commission in Decision No. 87410 extended the 1 percent increase in northern territory bulk cement rates for distances beyond 60 miles. The staff on rehearing of Decision No. 87410 recommends that the cost offset adjustments in the northern territory bulk cement rates proposed in its Petition 101 Exhibit 9 be restored.

The CTA and staff efforts to hold down the cost offset increase in the MRT 10 northern territory bulk cement rates to a maximum of $\frac{1}{2}$ cent was premised on various compelling economic factors other than cost of service. While such other economic factors were ultimately rejected, the Commission in Decision No. 87410 adopted the level of rates developed by the CTA and the staff in consideration of such other economic criteria as the basis for authorizing a 1 percent cost offset rate increase, in lieu of a 4 percent increase otherwise found to be justified, for distances beyond 60 miles.

The evidence initially presented in Petition 101, together with the additional evidence introduced on rehearing of Decision No. 87410, fully supports a minimum cost offset increase of not less than 4 percent in the MRT 10 northern territory bulk cement rates.

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However, to lessen the potential adverse economic impact of such uniform rate adjustment, both the CTA and the staff suggest that their respective original rate proposals as set forth in their Petition 101 Exhibits 6 and 9 be first restored before any further imposition of additional cost offset increases is considered pursuant to CTA's Petition 104. Since the staff's general cost offset rate increase of 4 percent has been previously found to be justified by Decision No. 87410, it is recommended that the staff's suggested cost offset adjustments in MRT 10 northern territory bulk cement rates for all mileage rate brackets be adopted as the basis for subsequent consideration of further cost offset increases.

Petition 104

In Petition 104 the CTA requests that the MRT 10 level of cement rates, as previously proposed in Petition 101 and on rehearing of Decision No. 87410, be made subject to a further uniform cost offset increase of approximately 7 percent. It is estimated that the increase in annual revenues accruing to carriers as a result of such upward adjustment in rates will amount to approximately \$1,700,000. A uniform increase in the MRT 10 bulk cement rates for northern territory is proposed, in lieu of the aforementioned traditional selective increases generally scught for short-haul rovements of bulk cement. Should any adverse economic impact result from the imposition of such uniform cost offset increase, the CTA advises it will endeavor to have the necessary corrective tariff adjustments established. <u>Cost Data</u>

The level of MRT 10 rates proposed in Petition 101, as subsequently partially adopted by Decision No. 87410, reflects operating costs effective generally as of mid-year 1976. Since the rates were last adjusted, the carriers' costs for labor, operating equipment, and fuel have increased substantially.

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As of January 1977 fuel costs were 10 percent higher than the amounts reflected in the current MRT 10 rates. Historical equipment costs for 1977 reflect a 4 percent increase. The carriers have also continued to experience increases in their various payroll taxes for social security, unemployment insurance, and worker's compensation insurance. The most significant increase in the carriers' operating costs results from higher wage rates payable in accordance with the terms of effective labor agreements. A comparison of the 1976 hourly labor cost data With the 1977 updated cost data is:

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	North	ern Terrj <u>May 16</u>	tory	Sout	hern Terr July 1	itory
	1976	1977	ž	1976	1977	z
Base Hourly Wage Holidays-Funeral Leave Sick Leave	\$ 7.410 .303	\$ 8.010 .328 .087	8.10 8.25	\$6.700 .190	\$ 7.260 .205	8.36 7.89
Premium Earnings Vacation Compensation Insurance Payroll Taxes	.815 .399 .455	.881 .435 .568	8.10 9.02 24.84	.670 .235 .467	.726 .255 .579	8.36 8.51 23.98
Health, Welfare, & Pension	.572 1.106	.608 <u>1.200</u>	6.29 <u>8.50</u>	•496 <u>-754</u>	•527 856	6.25 <u>13.53</u>
Total Direct Hourly Labor Cost	\$11.060	\$12.117	9.56	\$9.512	\$10.408	9-42

Under present labor agreements cement carriers in the northern and southern territories will incur increases in their direct hourly labor costs of approximately \$1.06 and .90 cents, respectively.

The 1977 increases in the costs for labor and allied payroll expenses, equipment, and fuel were next incorporated by CTA into the 1976 basic mileage cost data underlying MRT 10 rates. The resulting total updated costs were then computed by CTA employing the established wage (cost) offset procedure for adjusting indirect expenses (<u>Decision No. 76353</u> 70 CPUC 277). Under this method

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indirect expenses are increased proportionately with direct costs. The resulting percentage increases in the total MRT 10 revised cost data were then employed as the basis for CTA's cost offset rate proposal.

The Commission staff also introduced a cost study which measures the impact of the 1977 increased costs for labor, fuel, and equipment upon the cement carriers' operations. The increased cost elements were incorporated by the staff into the 1976 basic mileage cost data underlying the MRT 10 rates. Except for the computations for indirect expenses, the resulting updated total mileage cost data determined by the staff and the CTA are the same. A partial summary comparison of the CTA and staff revised total mileage cost data is:

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TABLE 2

		Le	ngth of	Haul -	Constru	ctive	Miles	
Item	10	25	50	75	125	175	300	500
Pneumatic Hoppers Total Direct Costs:	\$.075	\$.109	\$.162 \$		n Territ \$.312 \$		\$.688	\$1.091
Total Cost - Pet. 104: 100% OR - CTA 100% OR - Staff	.089 .088	.130 .129	.192 .190	.253 .251	•367 •364	-496 -492	.800 .795	1.262 1.255
Total Cost - Pet. 101 % Increase - CTA % Increase - Staff	.083 7.2 6.0	.121 7.4 6.6	.180 6.1 5.6	.237 6.8 5.9	.344 6.4 5.8	-464 6.7 6.0	-752 6-3 5-7	6.4
<u>Gravity Hoppers</u> Total Direct Costs	\$_059	\$.092	\$.142 \$	5 .193	\$.286 \$.365	\$.604	\$.959
Total Cost - Pet. 104: 100% OR - CTA 100% OR - Staff	.070 .069	.108 .107	-167 -166	.226 .224	.334 .331	.424 .421	-695 -691	1.099 1.093
Total Cost - Pet. 101 % Increase - CTA % Increase - Staff	.065 7.7 6.2	.102 5.9 5.9	-159 5-0 5-0	.214 5.6 5.1	-317 5-4 5-1	.401 5.7 5.5	.661 5.1 5.1	1.043 5.4 5.4

SUMMARY OF UPDATED TOTAL COSTS PER 100 POUNDS FOR TRANSFORTING BULK OFFENT VARIOUS DISTANCES

Source: Table 4, Staff Exhibit 104-7

The CTA updated the historical indirect expense items underlying the present level of MRT 10 rates by employing the aforementioned wage (cost) offset procedure. The staff, on the other hand, observed the direct wage offset method which retains the indirect expenses of their historical level when computing total direct and indirect costs as shown in Table 2. The percentage increases in total costs resulting under the staff's cost offset method are shown in Table 2 to be approximately 1 percent lower than the like computations of CTA.

Rate Proposals

The resulting percentage increases in the total MRT 10 revised cost data as developed by the CTA and the staff were employed as the basis for their respective cost offset rate proposals. In connection with the northern territory bulk cement rates, the CTA recommends that the level of rates it proposed in Petition 101 be first restored as requested on rehearing of Decision No. 87410. Thereafter, it is suggested such rates be further adjusted to reflect an overall average increase of 7 percent. The northern territory rates for cement in sacks would be increased 7.5 percent. The southern territory rates for cement, in bulk or in sacks, reflect an average increase of 5.8 and 6.2 percent, respectively.

The staff recommends that the level of bulk cement rates it proposed in Petition 101 be first restored. Thereafter, the staff would increase the MRT 10 rates for cement, in bulk or in sacks, applicable within northern and southern territories by the various percentage increases in the historical total mileage cost data computed under the direct wage offset procedure. The staff estimates that its suggested cost offset adjustment of MRT 10 rates will increase the carriers' annual revenues by 5.8 percent or approximately \$1,530,000. A summary comparison of the present and proposed bulk cement rates is as follows:

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TABLE 3

COMPARISON OF PRESENT AND PROPOSED MRT 10 BULK CEMENT RATES

		<u> </u>		Per 100	Pounds)	
Mileage	Nort	hern Ter	ritory	Sout	<u>hern Ter</u>	ritory
But Not Over Over	<u>MRT 10</u>	CTA	Staff <u>Adjusted</u>	<u>MRT 10</u>	CTA	Staff <u>Adjusted</u>
5 - 10 $20 - 25$ $25 - 30$ $35 - 40$ $45 - 50$ $55 - 60$ $70 - 75$ $95 - 100$ $145 - 150$ $190 - 200$ $290 - 300$	13 1/2 15 1/4 16 3/4 18 1/4 20 3/4 25 3/4 32 1/2 50 64 3/4	14 1/2 16 1/2 19 1/2 26 3/4 26 3/4 35 1/2 47 55 3/4 71 3/4	14 1/2 16 1/4 17 3/4 19 22 26 30 1/4 35 47 54 1/4 70 1/4	9 3/4 11 3/4 12 1/2 15 1/4 19 20 1/2 23 1/4 27 1/2 36 3/4 47 1/4 62	10 1/4 12 1/2 13 1/4 16 1/4 20 3/4 21 3/4 28 3/4 28 3/4 39 1/4 50 1/2	$ \begin{array}{c} 10 1/4 \\ 12 1/4 \\ 13 1/4 \\ 16 1/4 \\ 20 \\ 21 1/2 \\ 24 1/2 \\ 28 1/2 \\ 38 1/2 \\ 50 \\ 65 \\ \end{array} $

The level of rates suggested by the staff is on the average slightly lower than the like rate proposal of CTA. Except for relatively minor adjustments, the level of rates suggested by the staff reflects a reasonable effort to offset 1977 increased operating costs and should be adopted. Findings

<u>Findings</u>

1. Immediately prior to Decision No. 87410 dated June 1, 1977 in Case No. 5440 (Petition 101 and OSH 93) the rates named in MRT 10 reflected labor costs as of July 1, 1975, historical equipment costs updated to 1975, and fuel costs effective through April, 1974 pursuant to Decision No. 84655 issued July 8, 1975 in Case No. 5440 (Petition 95).

2. By Decision No. 87410 the Commission found a 4 percent cost offset increase in MRT 10 rates to be justified except for northern territory bulk cement rates for distances beyond 60 miles where an increase of 1 percent was found to be justified.

3. The rate increase authorized by Decision No. 87410 was intended to offset related increases in the carriers' wage costs and allied payroll expenses effective generally as of May 1 and July 1, 1976.

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4. On rehearing of Decision No. 87410 it was demonstrated that the cost offset increases in MRT 10 northern territory bulk cement rates for all mileage rate brackets, as initially proposed in Petition 101 Staff Exhibit 9, were fully justified.

5. Since rates named in MRT 10 were last revised pursuant to Decision No. 67410, the cement carriers have incurred significant increases in wage costs and allied payroll expenses effective generally as of May 16, 1977 (northern territory) and July 1, 1977 (southern territory). As of January 1977 fuel costs were 10 percent higher than the amounts reflected in current MRT 10 rates. Historical equipment costs for 1977 reflect a 4 percent increase over the amounts reflected in the existing level of rates.

6. In Petition 104 the CTA seeks an average cost offset increase of approximately 7 percent which will generate an estimated increase in annual revenues of about \$1,700,000.

7. The Commission staff recommends an average cost offset rate increase of 5.8 percent which will produce additional annual revenues of approximately \$1,530,000.

8. The cost offset adjustment in MRT 10 rates proposed by the staff has, with minor technical modifications, been shown to be justified.

9. Petitioner's proposed average cost offset rate increase of 7 percent has not been shown to be fully justified.

10. We are not sympathetic to offset procedures, as we have stated in several recent decisions; however, we cannot fail to recognize that carriers are faced with increased costs of doing business. Accordingly and reluctantly, we will adjust the minimum rates pending the possible adoption and implementation of a plan for reregulation of the trucking industry.

11. The increased rates found justified herein are, and for the future will be, the just, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory minimum rates to be observed by highway carriers engaged in the transportation of cement under the provisions of MRT 10.

Conclusions

1. Petitioner's additional sought relief on rehearing of Decision No. 87410 pursuant to the Commission's Order Granting Rehearing in Decision No. 87540 dated June 28, 1977 in Case No. 5440 (Petition 101 and OSH 93) should be granted to the extent provided by the further order herein.

2. To the extent not otherwise modified by the further order herein, Decision No. 87410 should remain in full force and effect.

3. Petition 104 should be granted to the extent provided in the order herein and MRT 10 amended accordingly.

4. Common carriers should be authorized to depart from the long- and short-haul provisions of the Public Utilities Code to the extent necessary to publish the increased rates required herein.

Q R D E R

IT IS ORDERED that:

1. Minimum Rate Tariff 10 (Appendix A of Decision No. 44633, as amended) is further amended by incorporating therein, to become effective twenty-five days after the date hereof, the revised pages attached hereto and listed in Appendix A, also attached hereto, which pages and appendix by this reference are made a part hereof.

2. Common carriers subject to the Public Utilities Act, to the extent that they are subject to Decision No. 44633, as amended, are hereby directed to establish in their tariffs the increases necessary to conform with the further adjustments ordered herein.

3. Common carriers maintaining rates on a level other than the minimum rates for transportation for which rates are prescribed in Minimum Rate Tariff 10 are authorized to increase such rates by the same amounts authorized by this decision for Minimum Rate Tariff 10 rates.

4. Common carriers maintaining rates on the same level as Minimum Rate Tariff 10 rates for the transportation of commodities and/or for transportation not subject to Minimum Rate Tariff 10 are authorized to increase such rates by the same amounts authorized by this decision for Minimum Rate Tariff 10 rates.

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5. Common carriers maintaining rates at levels other than the minimum rates for the transportation of commodities and/or for transportation not subject to Minimum Rate Tariff 10 are authorized to increase such rates by the same amounts authorized by this decision for Minimum Rate Tariff 10 rates.

6. Common carriers maintaining rates not otherwise referred to in other ordering paragraphs of this decision are authorized to increase such rates by 5.8 percent.

7. Common carrier tariff publications made as a result of this order which involve increases shall be filed not earlier than the effective date of this order and shall be effective not earlier than twenty-five days after the date hereof. Tariff publications required shall be effective twenty-five days after the date hereof. Tariff publications involving reductions may be made effective not earlier than the fifth day after the effective date of this order. The authority for authorized increases and/or reductions shall expire unless exercised within sixty days after the effective date of this order. All tariff publications must give five days' notice to the Commission and to the public.

8. Common carriers, in establishing and maintaining the rates authorized by this order, are authorized to depart from the provisions of Section 461.5 of the Public Utilities Code to the extent necessary to adjust long- and short-haul departures now maintained under outstanding authorizations; such outstanding authorizations are hereby modified only to the extent necessary to comply with this order; and schedules containing the rates published under this authority shall make reference to the prior orders authorizing long- and short-haul departures and to this order.

9. In all other respects, Decision No. 44633, as amended, shall remain in full force and effect.

10. To the extent not granted herein, petitioner's further sought relief on rehearing of Decision No. 87410 pursuant to the Commission Order Granting Rehearing in Decision No. 87540 (Petition 101 and OSH 93) is denied.

11. To the extent not otherwise modified by further order herein, Decision No. 87410 shall remain in full force and effect.

12. To the extent not granted herein, Petition 104 is denied.

The effective date of this order shall be twenty days after the date hereof.

dam of	Dated at	San Francisco	, California, this
day of	OCTORED	, 1977.	\sim 1
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Commissioners

C. 5440 (Pet. 104) et al.

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APPENDIX A

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LIST OF REVISED PAGES TO MINIMUM RATE TARIFF 10

NINTH	REVISED	PAGE 6-A
THIRD	REVISED	PAGE 6-B
Fourth	REVISED	PAGE 7-A
TWELFTH	REVISED	PAGE 10
THIRTEENTH	REVISED	PAGE 12-A
ELEVENTH	REVISED	PAGE 12-B
THIRD	REVISED	PAGE 12-C

(END OF APPENDIX A)

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NINTH REVISED PAGE....6-A CANCELS EIGHTH REVISED PAGE....6-A

		SECTION 1RULES (Continued)	IT
		ACCESSORIAL SERVICES	
to be pe	rforme	ier performs any accessorial or incidental service which is not authorized d under rates named in this tariff, and for which a charge is not otherwise tional charges shall be assessed as follows: Charges in Cents For Each For First 30 Minutes 15 Minutes	
		Or Fraction or Fraction Thereof Thereof Unit of Equipment	01
service	requir	e for unit of equipment shall apply whenever the accossorial or incidental es its use, or whenever the unit of equipment is inactivated by reason of helper being engaged in such service.	
		DIVERTED CHIPMENTS	1
assessed	upon	pon shipments diverted at request of consignor or consignee shall be the basis of the charge established for the constructive mileage applicable or points where diversion occurs, subject to Items 50 and 100.	;
		SHIPMENTS TRANSPORTED IN MULTIPLE LOTS (Items 115 and 116)	
than one	vehic e foll ons: The	rrier is unable to pick up an entire shipment at one time, or when more le, or connected train of vehicles, are used to pick up the entire ship- owing provisions shall apply in addition to other applicable rules and entire shipment shall be available to the carrier for immediate sportation at the time of the first pickup.	
2.	Л ві	ngle shipping document for the entire shipment tendered shall be ed prior to or at the time of the first pickup.	}
з.	shal	dditional shipping document shall be issued for each pickup and I give reference to the single shipping document and shall be ched thereto and become a part thereof.	
٤.	a,	If rated under the rates in this tariff, the entire shipment shall be picked up by the carrier within a period of two days computed from 12:01 a.m. of the date on which the initial pickup commences, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays.	2
	þ,	If rated under the provisions of Items 150 and 160 (paragraph (b)) of this tariff, the entire shipment shall be picked up by the carrier within:	
		(1) a period of two days computed from 12:01 a.m. of the date on which the initial pickup commences, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, when the highway carrior's trailer equipment is placed for loading by the consignor without the presence of carrier personnel or motive equipment.	
		(2) a 24-hour period computed from 12:01 a.m. of the date on which the initial pickup commences, when the shipment is loaded other than under the conditions specified in subparagraph (1) above.	
		(Continued in Item 116)	
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MINIMUM RATE TARIFF 10

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THIRD REVISED PACE.....6-B CANCELS SECOND REVISED PAGE....6-B

	SECTION 1RULES (Continued)	ITI
fur a c	FURNISHING OF TRANSFER STORAGE FACILITIES n receipt of written request from the consignor or consignee, the carrier may hish and/or transport to construction job sites, transfer storage facilities with apacity not exceeding 4,500 cubic feet, subject to the following conditions and type:	
(2) (3)	project must be disposed of by the consignee.	\$1
	Change) Decision No. 88009	

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MINIMUM RATE TARIFF 10

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FOURTH REVISED PAGE....7-A CANCELS THIRD REVISED PAGE.....7-A

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SECTION 1RULES (Continued)	ITE
 SPLIT DELIVERY Shipments may consist of several component parts delivered to (a) one consignee at more than one point of destination, or (b) more than one consignee at one or more points of destination, subject to the following conditions and additional charges: The composite shipment shall consist of not to exceed three component parts. Except as provided in Item 180, charges shall be paid by the consignor when there is more than one consignee. At the time of or prior to the tender of the composite shipment, the carrier shall have been furnished with written instructions showing the name of each consignee, the point or points of destination, and the kind and quantity of property in each component part. The charge for the transportation of the composite shipment shall be the charge applicable for transportation of a single shipment of like destination. (See Exceptions 1 and 2.) EXCEPTION 1In the event that a shipment has origin and destination points within a metropolitan zone, the shift of such points are located within a metropolitan zone, whe shift destination for the same metropolitan zone groups. Between two or more metropolitan zone within the Related Mileage Territory, use for constructive mileage determination for the molecular basing points for the individual metropolitan zone; the mileage termination to effect delivery to a destination or destinations in a metropolitan zone. The shift the mileage basing point to final destination for the mileage basing points of the individual metropolitan zone. The mileage basing point to sing spoint to final destination for the point within the metropolitan zone within the Related Mileage ferritory, use for constructive mileage determination for the mileage basing points for the individual metropolitan zones. Between two or more metropolitan zone within the same	\$13
¢ Change ¢ Increase } Decision No. 88009	
EFFECTIVE ISSUED BY THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNI	

TWELFTH REVISED PAGE.....10

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CANCELS ELEVENTH REVISED PAGE....10

MINIMUM RATE TARIFE 10

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	SECTION 1RULES (Concluded)	ITEM
ſ	ACCESSORIAL SERVICES NOT INCLUDED IN COMMON CARRIER RATES	
	When a common carrier rate is applied in lieu of or in combination with rates pro- vided in this tariff, and the common carrier rate does not include accessorial services as performed by carrier, the following charges shall be made for such services:	
	 For unloading of shipments, in packages, at a point of destination to which the common carrier rate applies, 3 cents per 100 pounds. 	
	2. For accessorial services for which charges are provided in this tariff, the additional charge or charges so provided.	0170
	 For other accessorial services for which charges are not otherwise provided in this tariff, the charges set forth in Item 100. 	
ľ	ISSUANCE OF SHIPPING DOCUMENTS	
	A shipping document (either in individual or manifest form) shall be issued by the carrier to the shipper for each shipment received for transportation. Except with respect to intercarrier transactions and as hereinafter provided, only one shipping document shall be issued for each shipment transported and the carrier shall not apportion, prorate, or otherwise divide the freight charges between or among the consignor, consignee(s), or any other parties. For accessorial service not included in the rate for actual transportation, the carrier shall furnish a shipping document to the consignor or consignee who requested or ordered such accessorial service. The shipping document shall show the following information:	
	 (a) Name of shipper. (b) Name of consignee. (c) Point of origin. (d) Point of destination. (e) Description of the shipment. (f) Weight of the shipment (or other factor or unit of measurement upon which charges are based. (g) Rate and charge assessed. (h) Whether point of origin and/or point of destination is located at railhead and such other information as may be necessary to an accurate determination of the applicable minimum rate and charge. 	180
1	The form of shipping document in Section 3 will be suitable and proper.	
	A copy of each shipping document, freight bill, accessorial service document, weigh- master's certificate, written instructions, written agreement, written request or any other written document which supports the rates and charges assessed and which the car- rier is required to issue, receive or obtain by this tariff for any transportation or accessorial service shall be retained and preserved by the carrier, at a location within the State of California, subject to the Commission's inspection, for a period of not less than three years from the date of issue.	
F	UNITS OF MEASUREMENT TO BE OBSERVED	
	Rates or accessorial charges shall not be quoted or assessed by carriers based upon a unit of measurement different from that in which the minimum rates and charges in this tariff are stated.	190
ſ	ACCESSORIAL CHARGES NOT TO BE OPFSET BY TRANSPORTATION CHARGES	
	Accessorial charges set forth in this tariff for accessorial services not included in the rate for actual transportation shall be assessed and collected whenever such services are performed, regardless of the level of the transportation rate assessed. Such accessorial charges may not be waived on the basis that a higher-than-minimum trans- portation rate serves as an offset.	195
	• Increase, Decision No. 88009	·
Ī	EFFECTIVE	
ſ	ISSUED BY THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFOR SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFOR	
- A.,		

THIRTEENTH REVISED PAGE....12-A CANCELS TWELPTH REVISED PAGE.....12-A

		2	ORTHERN TERRIT	ORY RATES				
M	LES	RAT	TES	MI	LES	RA	TES	1
Over	But Not Over	(l)Bulk	(2)Sack	Över	But Not Over	(1)Bulk	(2)Sack	1
0 3 5 10 15	3 5 10 15 20	125 135 145 15 15	145 155 164 174 18	145 150 160 170 180	150 160 170 180 190	47 484 50 524 524	49 50% 52 53% 54%	
20 25 30 35 40	25 30 35 40 45	164 174 18 19 20	184 194 204 214 224	190 200 210 220 230	200 210 220 230 240	544 554 574 584 604	552 57 585 60 615	
45 50 55 60 65	50 55 60 65 70	22 235 26 27 28	244 26 274 295 315	240 250 260 270 280	250 260 270 280 290	614 634 65 664 684	62 645 66 675 69	
70 75 80 85 90	75 80 85 90 95	304 314 324 334 344	33 34 35 36 37	290 300 320 340 360	300 320 340 360 380	70½ 735 76% 80 83%	705 74 774 805 834	020
95 100 105 110 115	100 105 110 115 120	35 364 375 39 405	38 394 405 414 43	380 400 420 440 460	400 420 440 460 480	865 894 934 964 1014	87 904 935 965 100	
120 125 130 135 140	125 130 135 140 145	42 43 44 45 46	444 45 46 47 48	480 500	500 	1034 (Add to the 500 miles, per 100 poun each 25 mile fraction the	of cents ds for a or	
	ites apply on ites apply on	-				<u>}</u>		
	Increase, ex No change	cept as not	d) Decision	No. 8	8009			1
	<u></u>					EFFECTIVE		

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MINIMUM RATE TARIFF 10

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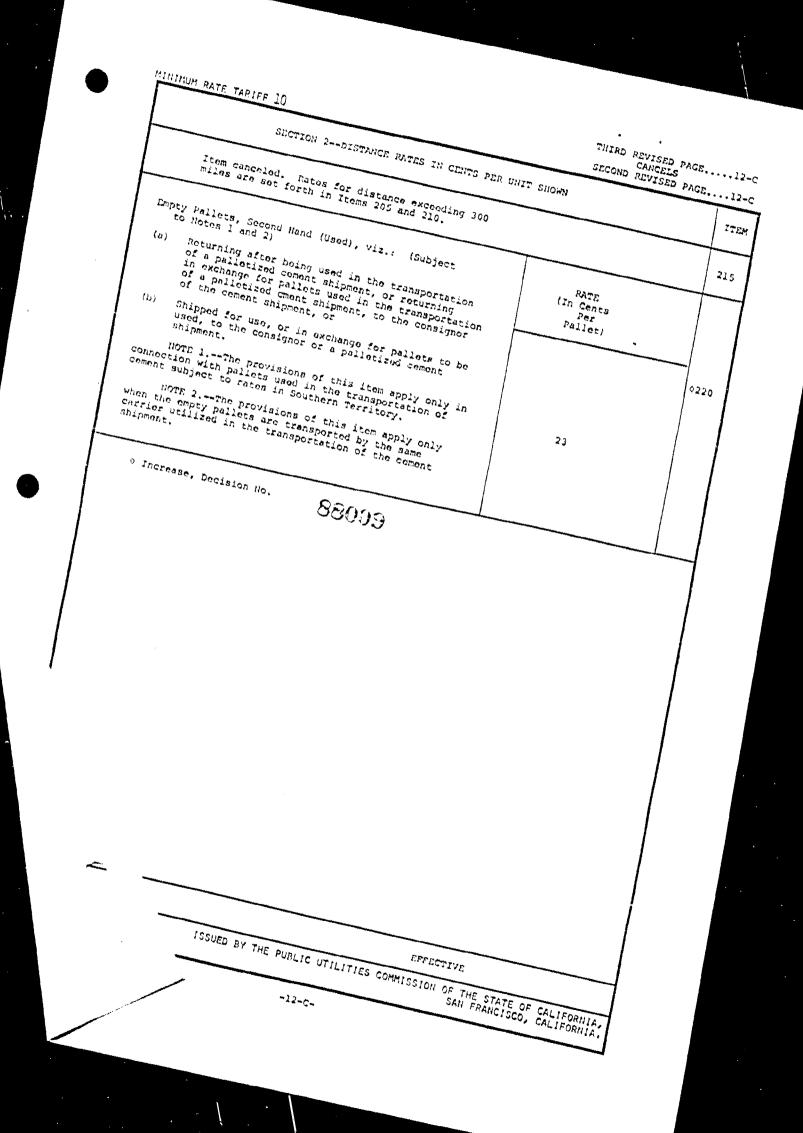
ELEVENTH REVISED PAGE.....12-B CANCELS TENTH REVISED PAGE......12-B

		ERRITORY RATES		
MI	LES	RATI	7S	
Over	But Not Over	(1)Bulk	(2) Sack	
0	3 5	95 95	105	
5	10	104	114	1
10 15	15 20	104	125 135	
20	25	124	144	ł
25	30	134	142	1
30	35	13%	154	1
35 40	40	164	18	
	45	184	204	
45	50	20	225	
50	60	214	234	1
60 70	70	23	254	1
70 80	80	245	264	1
	90	265	2.8%	
90 100	100	285	30	
110	110	304	32	1
120	120 130	325	34	
130	130	345	36	1
140		364	375	02
150	150	384	39h	
160	160	404	41%	1
170	170 180	424	434	1
180	180	444	45%	
		47	474	ļ
190	200	50	50%	1
200	220	524	524	ł
220 240	240	56	56	
260	260 280	59 62	594 625	
280	300	65		}
300	320	684	655 684	1
320	340	715	72	1
340	360	75	754	1
360	380	78'x	784	
380	400	815		1
400	420	844	814 85	1
420	440	88	884 884	1
440	460	914	915	1
460	480	945	94%	}
480	500	974	98	
500				
		(Add to the rate for 500 per 100 pounds for each	miles of cents 25 miles or frac-	
(1) Kates app.	y on ahipments in bulk.	; tion thereof)		
	Ly on shipments in packa			
 Increase, e; No change 	<pre>kcept as noted) Decisi } Decisi</pre>	on No. 88009		
		EFFE	CTIVE	

MINIMUM RATE TARIFE 10

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CORRECTION

CORRECTION

THIS DOCUMENT

HAS BEEN REPHOTOGRAPHED

TO ASSURE LEGIBILITY

MINIMUM RATE TARIFE 10

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THIRD REVISED PAGE.....12-C CANCELS SECOND REVISED PAGE....12-C

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	SECTION 2DISTANCE RATES IN CENTS PER UNIT	SHOWN	ITI
Item miles	canceled. Rates for distance exceeding 300 are set forth in Items 205 and 210.		21:
to Notes (4) Retur	ning after being used in the transportation	RATE (In Cents Per Pallet)	
in ex of a	palistized cement shipment, or roturning change for pallets used in the transportation palletized cment shipment, to the consignor e cement shipment, or		
<pre>(b) Shipp used, shipm</pre>	ed for use, or in exchange for pallets to be to the consignor or a palletized cement ent.		
connection '	1The provisions of this item apply only in with pallets used in the transportation of ect to rates in Southern Territory.	23	
when the em	2The provisions of this item apply only pty pallets are transported by the same lized in the transportation of the cement		
0 Increa	se, Decision No. 88009		

-12-C-