BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Order Instituting Rulemaking to Continue Implementation and Administration of California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program.

R.11-05-005

NOTICE OF EX PARTE COMMUNICATION

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Date: November 21, 2011

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In accordance with Rule 8.4 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, Shell Energy North America (US), L.P. ("Shell Energy") files this notice of an exparte communication that occurred on Wednesday, November 16, 2011. The exparte communication was oral and written. Written materials were provided and are attached to this notice. The communication occurred in a meeting room on the fifth floor of the Commission's San Francisco headquarters.

I.

The ex parte communication occurred through a meeting between representatives of Shell Energy and Matthew Tisdale, advisor to Commissioner Florio. Shell Energy's representatives were Marcie Milner, Vice President, Regulatory Affairs, and John Leslie, the undersigned outside attorney. Shell Energy's representatives met with Mr. Tisdale from approximately 10:30 to 11:05 a.m. The attached written materials were provided during the meeting. The communication was initiated by the undersigned. The meeting lasted approximately 35 minutes.

The purpose of the meeting was to discuss Presiding Judge Anne Simon's October 7, 2011 proposed decision ("PD") on the portfolio content categories under SBX1 2. The following matters were addressed:

First, Ms. Milner asked that the Commission clarify the PD to ensure that the classification of an RPS-eligible transaction (Bucket One; Bucket Two) remains the same when the transaction is transferred, as long as the REC has not been retired for RPS compliance. Ms. Milner noted that the way the PD is currently written, virtually all Bucket One products that are transferred from one entity to another will be classified as Bucket Three products in the hands of the transferee. This interpretation of the statute will dramatically increase the cost of RPS supplies to consumers. Ms. Milner stated that market participants must have certainty that the RPS products they purchase will retain their classification when they are sold or until the REC is retired. Ms. Milner stated that market liquidity is dependent on maintaining the classification of an RPS product, even upon transfer. Ms. Milner referred to the attached document to show that out-of-State RPS products can be tracked "as-produced" from the source to the sink through the use of e-tags and meter data to demonstrate their eligibility for Bucket One.

Second, the Shell Energy representatives urged the Commission to limit Bucket Three products to those RPS products that do not qualify under Bucket One or Bucket Two. The undersigned stated that if the original RPS transaction is eligible under Bucket One or Bucket Two, the product should not be re-classified as a Bucket Three product when the REC is transferred to another party. The undersigned stated that the statutory language is clear that Bucket Three is a "residual" category for RPS products that <u>do not qualify</u> under Bucket One or Bucket Two. Ms. Milner stated that increasing the RPS-eligible products that qualify for Bucket One will reduce costs to consumers.

Third, Ms. Milner stated that the PD correctly addressed the "biogas" issue. Ms. Milner explained that RPS energy produced with in-State or out-of-State biogas at an "in-State" RPS-eligible generation facility qualifies under Bucket One because the electric generating facility has

its first point of interconnection with a CBA. Ms. Milner stated that classification of the RPS product is based on the location of the electric generation facility, not the source of the fuel.

Fourth, the Shell Energy representatives stated that the PD should be modified to remove any conditions on "firmed and shaped" transactions that are not included in the statute. The Commission should adhere to the definition of "firmed and shaped" that is reflected in the CEC's current RPS Eligibility Guidebook. The only additional condition is that the substitute energy must be "incremental." Firmed and shaped products should qualify under Bucket Two as long as the substitute energy is "scheduled into a CBA" within the same calendar year that the RPS-eligible energy is generated. Additional terms and conditions proposed by TURN (fixed contract price; term of contract; origin of substitute energy) should be rejected because these conditions have no basis in the statute.

III.

Written materials that were used in the meeting are attached. To obtain a copy of this notice, please contact:

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Respectfully submitted,

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Date: November 21, 2011

Attorneys for Shell Energy North America (US), L.P.

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R.11-05-005

Shell Energy North America (US), L.P. Meeting With Matthew Tisdale November 16, 2011

<u>Subject</u>: Presiding Judge Anne Simon's October 7 Proposed Decision on "Portfolio Content Categories"

- 1. <u>Transferability</u>: The classification of an RPS-eligible transaction (Bucket One; Bucket Two) <u>must</u> remain the same when the transaction is transferred, as long as the REC has not been retired for RPS compliance.
 - Market participants must have certainty that the RPS product they purchase will retain its classification when they sell it or until they retire the REC.
 - LSEs must have the ability to buy or sell RPS products when they are long or short on RPS supplies to meet their RPS compliance obligation.
 - Market liquidity is dependent on maintaining the classification of an RPS product and results in lower costs to consumers.
 - Failure to allow transferability or altering the classification after-the-fact will result in higher prices and stranded costs that will ultimately be borne by ratepayers.
- 2. <u>Unbundled RECs</u>: According to the statute, Bucket Three includes only those RPS products that do not qualify under Bucket One or Bucket Two.
 - Whether or not the REC is "bundled" with the energy, the energy produced at an in-State RPS-eligible facility is <u>scheduled</u> into a CBA (Bucket One).
 - By definition, a firmed and shaped product (Bucket Two) matches an unbundled REC with substitute energy.
 - The Commission cannot alter the portfolio content categories outlined in the statute. As proposed, most products will be unbundled RECs, which will increase costs to consumers.
- 3. <u>Biogas</u>: RPS energy produced with biogas (in-State or out-of-State) at an "in-State" RPS-eligible generation facility qualifies under Bucket One because the electric generating facility has its first point of interconnection with a CBA.
 - RPS products are "differentiated by their impacts on the operation of the grid in supplying electricity." Classification of the RPS product is based on the <u>location of the electric</u> generation facility, not the source of the fuel.
 - Biogas is an RPS eligible fuel; nothing in SBX1 2 alters the RPS eligibility of out-of-State biogas.
 - In-State and out-of-State biogas displaces fossil gas in the pipelines serving California.
 - Other agencies recognize and encourage out-of-State biogas; e.g., LCFS. Altering the classification would introduce conflicting state policies.
- **Firmed and shaped**: Products should qualify under Bucket Two as long as the substitute energy is "incremental" and is "scheduled into a CBA" within the same calendar year that the RPS-eligible energy is generated. No additional conditions are authorized in the statute.

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Below are the labeled sections of the attached E-Tag, excerpted meter data and corresponding explanations:

- 1. Tag code, tag information: Date and time of transaction. This provides the Commission the ability to confirm the date(s) the transaction occur(s).
- 2. Market Path: Financial Path (buying/Selling chain). In this example, you can see that the market path originated in Portland General's Control Area (PGEMPG) and was then transferred to Shell Energy, identified by CORPW.
- 3. Physical Path: This field represents the physical path of the energy from generation to load. In this example, the Commission can confirm that the source is the eligible renewable generator, Bigelow Canyon, and that the sink is California, NP15. If the source reflects PGE or any other ID, any associated MWs would be ancillary and the LSE or marketer could not claim those as directly delivered.
- 4. Energy and Transmission Profiles: This data reflects the hourly energy scheduled, transmission contracts
- 5. Specific Example: 7/9/2011 Hour Ending (HE) 5:00 34 MW
- 6. Specific Example: 7/9/2011 Hour Ending (HE) 15:00 10 MW
- 7. Transmission Product: In this field, the Commission can ascertain the type of OASIS transmission that was utilized. In this example, 7-F represents firm transmission

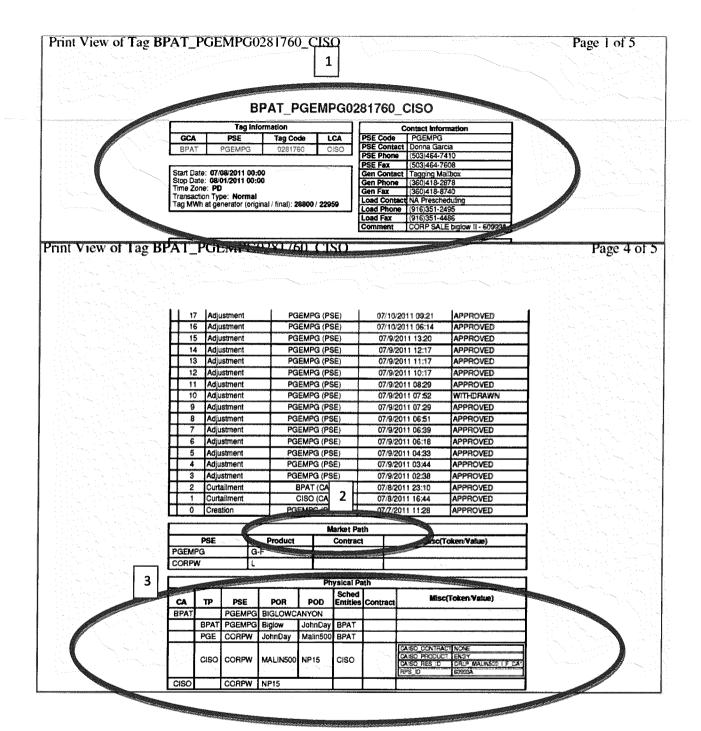
Below are the labeled sections of the Bigelow Canyon generator meter data excerpted from the attached spreadsheet that correspond with the tag examples in the energy and transmission profiles listed in items 5 and 6 above:

- 8. Specific Example: 7/9/2011 Hour Ending 5:00 25500 kWh (25.5 MW)
- 9. Specific Example: 7/9/2011 Hour Ending 15:00 33400 kWh (33.4 MW)

As this data demonstrates, in Hour Ending 5:00, more energy was scheduled than was generated. Therefore, the product content category one volume would be the amount generated or 25.5 MWs. Conversely, in Hour Ending 15:00, more energy was produced by the generator than was delivered into California. In this case only 10 MWs would count in product content category one. Shell Energy's approach is to calculate the "lesser of" as reflected in items 10 and 11 below. With respect to the case where more energy is generated than delivered, the excess energy will produce RECs in WREGIS, but those would only be eligible for the California RPS as product content two or three depending on whether or not the entity delivered power.

Below are the labeled sections of the SENA calculation of Out of State renewable energy transformed into product content category one RECs:

- 10. Shell Energy's calculation of product content category one RECs created from an out of state generator delivered to California on firm transmission, as produced: The lesser of the CEC certified generator meter data (25.5) by hour versus the tagged volume (34) MW physically delivered in California
- 11. Shell Energy's calculation of product content category one RECs created from an out of state generator delivered to California on firm transmission, as produced: The lesser of the CEC certified generator meter data (33.4) by hour versus the tagged volume (10) MW physically delivered in California



	9000												
		- Company of the Comp			Energy and Transmission Profile MW (out of)								
					GEN BPAT			PGE					
		Date	Start	Stop	MW	Trans	75857440	MW	Trans	71472976	MW		
	· NE	07/08/2011	-00:00	17:00	50	50	50	50	50	50	50		
		07/08/2011	17:00	18:00	47	50	50	47	50	50	47		
		07/08/2011	18:00	23:12	50	50	50	50	50	50	50		
		07/08/2011	23:12	00:00	37	50	50	37	50	50	37		
		07/09/2014		04:00	50	50	50	50	50	50	50		
5		07/09/2011	04:00	05:00	34	34	34	34	34	34	34		
	*	VIV.	SE-65	22.2	1 9	19	19	19	19	19	19		
		07/09/2011	06:00	07:00	24	24	24	24	24	24	24		
		07/09/2011	07:00	08:00	8	8	8	8	8	8	8		
		07/09/2011	08:00	09:00	10	10	10	10	10	10	10		
		07/09/2011	09:00	10:00	15	15	15	15	15	15	15		
		07/09/2011	10:00	11:00	18	18	18	18	18	18	18		
		07/09/2011	11:00	12:00	50	50	50	50	50	50	50		
		07/00/0044	2.00	10:00	14	14	14	14	14	14	14		
6		07/09/2011	13:00	15:00	10	>10	10	10	10	10	10		
L		07/08/2011	3.00	00.00	50	50	50	50	50	50	50		
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		Fransmis	sion Allocation
TP	Owner	Product	OASIS
BPAT	PGEMPG	7-F	75857445
PGE	CORPW	7-F	71472976
CISO	CORPW	7-F	CRLP_ALIN500_I_F_DA1

Field	Value(s)	Applies To		
Meter Point	Biglow Canyon Bank 2 In (3296)	All		
Date Range	07/06/2011 - 07/31/2011	All		
Unit of Measure	kWh	Usage		
Scaling Type	Energy without Estimates	Usage		
Include Subtotals?	Υ	Usage		

Hourly Usage

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	Src	Day	Scale	1	2	3	A second	5		
Γ	MV90	7/6/2011	E	25800	27700	28800	2600	27200		8
Γ	MV90	7/7/2011	E	104700	84000	65700	0	0		"
	MV90	7/8/2011	E	161200	160600	157200	146800	142900		Gamminoconnel
Γ	MV90	7/9/2011	E	65700	58300	45400	3,400	25500		
	MV90	7/10/2011	E	133800	80500	38400	41406	_43500_	and the second	

Field	Value(s)	Applies To		
Meter Point	Biglow Canyon Bank 2 In (3296)	All		
Date Range	07/06/2011 - 07/31/2011	Ali		
Unit of Measure	kWh	Usage		
Scaling Type	Energy without Estimates	Usage		
Include Subtotals?	Υ	Usage		

Hourly Usage

Src	Sec.	Day	Scale	14	15	
MV90	100	7/6/2011	Ε	500	1300	
MV90	1.5	7/7/2011	\$ E	152300	154400	No. and the second
MV90	N	7/8/2011	E	6 000	62400	9
MV90		7/9/2011	 E	176.90	33400	
MV90		7/10/2011	E	23600	35100	

