

Procurement Database



California Public Utilities Commission Energy Division November 18, 2011



Introduction

- Energy Division is creating a Supply Side Procurement Database in order to be more responsive to Commissioners inquiries and questions.
- To populate the database, Energy Division will be issuing a data request to the IOUs.

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Challenges

- Responding to Commission information requests requires significant internal staff resources to compile and assess data.
 - Can take anywhere from hours to weeks to compile information accurately, given the decentralized nature of how data and information is stored at the Commission
- Difficult to address questions comparing across resource categories (e.g. How do RPS costs compare to Conventional costs?)
 - Comparisons across resource categories/programs confounded by lack of standardization in how/where information is stored.
- Data is provided to the Energy Division with different terms, units, and inconsistent formats.
 - Costs reported in MW, MWh, kW-yrs, kW-months, etc.

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Solution

- Create a unified supply-side database
 - Includes Conventional, Renewables, and Qualifying Facilities / Combined Heat and Power
 - Contracts and facility information
 - Transmission information
- Coordinate database efforts with the Energy Commission, and California Independent System Operator
 - Comparable metrics (e.g. \$/kw-yr)
 - Use most current information from definitive sources
 - Reduce burden on the Utilities to provide information

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Enables

- Quicker response to Commission requests
 - Reduce time from weeks to days, and days to hours
- Consistent data and ability to compare and analyze
 - Across Utilities
 - Across resource types (e.g. RPS with Conventional)
 - Data available from other sources
- Establishment of a schedule for updating information, ensuring data and analyses remain current
- More robust analysis is possible.



Utilities Concerns

The Utilities stated that:

- 1. The timeline is too aggressive
- 2. The Commission is asking for too much data
- 3. The purpose of the database is unclear
- 4. It would take too much effort to comply with this project

Each of these claims are further examined in the next four slides.



Timeline Too Aggressive

- Staff started discussions with the utilities in July, 2011.
- Staff allocated 2 months for datasheet meetings with the Utilities, 1 month for the Utilities to review the finalized datasheet, and 1 month from issuance of the data request for the response.
 - A total of 4 months for the preliminary Utility response period
- Staff arranged timing to fall between other major reporting periods.



Asking for Too Much

- Energy Division is only requesting the information it believes are necessary to answer the Commissioners' requests.
- Data request builds upon reports already being filed.
 - Project Development Status Report (PDSR) is a direct input to the database (filed semi-annually)
 - Combined Heat and Power / Qualifying Facilities is built upon the reporting template from the settlement (to be filed semi-annually)
 - Conventional data has been data requested twice previously with a much larger scope (2004-2009, and 2009-2010), and was provided within 6 weeks (to be filed quarterly)

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Purpose Unclear

- Staff has spent approximately 10 hours going over the purpose and usefulness of the database with each utility individually
- Database is designed to allow uniformity, comparability of resources, and to decrease staff response time to Commission requests
- Reduce staff data requests to utilities
- Enable comparisons between other agencies and encourage common units of analysis amongst agencies, reports, and Utilities

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Too Much Effort to Comply

- This effort is largely standardizing reports already filed with the Commission.
 - Aligns PDSR (Project Development Status Report), CHP/QF Template, and Conventional data with each other
- Database will reduce Utility and staff workload by eliminating the need to file duplicative information.
 - E.g. Utilities will no longer need to provide the Net Qualifying Capacity because staff will get directly from the CAISO
- Staff will make available the database infrastructure to the Utilities, providing added benefit to them.
 - Allows utilities to offer improvements, directly input data, and can speed data validation



Conclusions

- The database project provides tangible benefit to the Commission.
- The Utilities' claim that the database is high effort for little benefit is unfounded.
- Consistent and comparable information is a direction the Commission has encouraged, and the Utilities repeatedly failed to comply with.