R.11-05-005: RPS Procurement Reform

Commissioner Mark Ferron Paul Douglas Jason Simon Lewis Bichkoff

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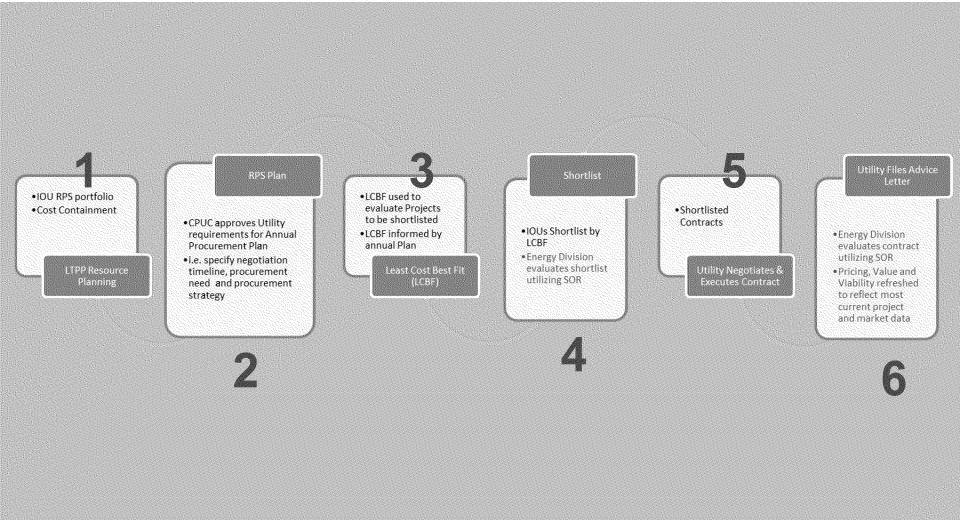
Housekeeping

- 1. Workshop Logistics
- 2. Overview of Agenda
- 3. In-scope vs. out-of-scope
- 4. Objectives for Workshop
- 5. Next Steps

Agenda

9:30-10:00	Housekeeping Opening Comments by Commissioner Ferron
	Importance of RPS Procurement Reform
10:00-11:00	Standards of Review for Shortlist
11:00-11:30	Timeline for Submission of Contracts
11:30-12:00	Expedited Review of Purchase and Sale Contracts
1:00-2:00	Standards of Review for Amended PPAs
2:00-3:00	Standards of Review for Bilateral PPAs
3:00-4:00	Standards of Review for PPAs Beyond the Scope of the Advice Letter Process
4:00-4:30	Wrap-up and Closing Comments

RPS Procurement Continuum



Standards of Review for Shortlist

• <u>Summary</u>:

- File IOU shortlist as a Tier 3 Advice Letter. This will put more emphasis on the review of the shortlist and expedite the contract review process.
- <u>Rationale</u>:
 - Ensure that shortlisting process results in potential contracts that reflect authorized need and appropriate value and viability
- <u>Issues Raised by Parties</u>:
 - Timeline must be established for Commission approval of shortlist
 - More projects may be shortlisted than are needed for RPS compliance

Standards of Review for Shortlist

Agenda Items:

•Merits of escalating shortlist to a Tier 3 Advice Letter

•Merits of limiting shortlist to a ratio of annualized need

Timeline for Submission of Contracts

• <u>Summary</u>:

- Contracts must be executed within one year after the approval of an IOU's shortlist
- Contracts must be filed with the Commission for approval within one month from the execution date of the contract.

• <u>Rationale</u>:

 Ensure that shortlisted projects and executed contracts reflect current market value and IOU portfolio need

<u>Issues Raised by Parties</u>:

- Does not account for extraneous circumstances that may cause delay
- 30 day requirement for submission of executed PPAs is too short

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Timeline for Submission of Contracts

Agenda Items:

Importance of limiting the timing of contract negotiations

•Parameters to allow an extension of the contract execution deadline

Expedited Review of Purchase and Sale Contracts

• <u>Summary</u>:

- (Purchase and Sale) Contracts < 5 years are eligible to file T1 Advice Letters instead of T3 Advice Letters given SOR are met
- (Purchase Only) Contracts > 5 years that use commercially proven technology can file T2 Advice Letters instead of T3 Advice Letters given SOR are met

• <u>Rationale</u>:

- Streamlines the procurement review process for certain types of projects through the use of a standard non-modifiable contract
- Issues Raised by Parties:
 - Doesn't include existing resources, repowers and expansions for expedited review
 - Doesn't allow for slight modifications that provide ratepayer benefits that might not be captured with a pro forma contracts
 - Some SORs are hard to obtain for contracts with later CODs

Expedited Review of Purchase and Sale Contracts

<u>Agenda Items:</u>

•Allowing non-material modifications for standard offer contracts greater than five years in length.

•Adding a 5-year RPS procurement product in the list of pre-authorized LTPP bundled procurement products for IOUs.

•Relaxing the requirement for short-term contracts to come online within one year.

•The adequacy of the proposed viability hurdles for expedited review of contracts greater than 5-years in length - Are they presumptive? A good starting point? Acceptable?

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SOR for Amended Contracts

• <u>Summary</u>:

- PPAs that change technology must be re-bid into next solicitation. Other material contract amendments need to meet SORs and be filed as a Tier 3 Advice Letter.
- Non-material changes do not require rebidding or a T3 advice letter
- <u>Rationale</u>:
 - Projects requiring material modifications must re-bid into a solicitation to ensure that it remains competitive.
 - Deters speculative approach to solicitations.
- Issues Raised by Parties:
 - Modifications that provide ratepayer, developer, and IOU benefit should be allowed to file a T3 Advice Letter
 - Need clarification on what is a non-material change, i.e., modification that does not require a T3 advice letter

SOR for Amended Contracts

Agenda Items:

•What "changes in technology" require projects to be re-bid into the next solicitation?

•What "substantial changes" require projects to be re-submitted via a Tier 3 advice letter. What constitutes a "minimal change?"

•Should modifications that offer ratepayer benefit be submitted via a Tier 3 advice letter?

•Should an amended PPA be required to show better ratepayer value than the original PPA in order to be filed as a T3 advice letter?

SOR for Bilateral PPAs

• <u>Summary</u>:

 Bilaterals are held to a higher standard of review and must meet minimum project development milestones in order to be considered for CPUC approval.

• <u>Rationale</u>:

 Discourages bilateral contracts that circumvent the competitive solicitation process and ensures that bilateral contracts reflect authorized need and value/viability

• Issues Raised by Parties:

 Doesn't define the process/requirements for IOUs to justify execution of a bilateral contract that could provide substantial benefits.

SOR for Bilateral PPAs

Agenda Items:

•Defining the parameters that constitute a legitimate need for bilateral contracts.

•The merits of disallowing the execution of a bilateral contract without an annual RPS solicitation.

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SOR for PPAs Beyond the Scope of the Advice Letter Process

• <u>Summary</u>:

- Contracts greater than 1% of bundled sales and contracts not comparable on value, price, viability, or using a non-commercial technology must be filed via application.
 - Contract, including price, is made public
- <u>Rationale</u>:
 - T3 advice letter is not appropriate for contracts that do not meet SORs. Application process is more appropriate when dealing with disputed value/need or policy.
- <u>Issues Raised by Parties</u>:
 - Proposal is too permissive reject all amendments
 - "Non-commercial technology" is not clearly defined
 - 1% threshold is arbitrary and does not accurately mitigate risk associated with larger projects
 - Public price discovery breaches confidentiality rules

SOR for PPAs Beyond the Scope of the Advice Letter Process

Agenda Items:

•Why shouldn't there be a higher standard of review for contracts that don't align with SORs for need or value? Note: long-term fossil procurement is done via the application process.

•Is it appropriate to only use the advice letter approval process for technologies whose value/need has been quantified in a commission proceeding?

•Strengths and weaknesses of price discovery and associated changes to the PUC's confidentiality matrix?

Wrap-up and Next Steps