#### BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Order Instituting Rulemaking to Oversee the Resource	Rulemaking 11-10-023
Adequacy Program, Consider Program Refinements, and	(Filed October 20, 2011)
Establish Annual Local Procurement Obligations	

# INTERVENOR COMPENSATION CLAIM OF SIERRA CLUB AND DECISION ON INTERVENOR COMPENSATION CLAIM OF SIERRA CLUB

Claimant: Sierra Cl	ub	For contribution to	o D.13-06-024
<b>Claimed: \$</b> \$39,161.	10	Awarded: \$	
Assigned Commission Ferron	oner: Mark. J.	Assigned ALJ:	David M. Gamson
knowledge, informati	on and belief. I further on has been served this da	certify that, in conform	nd III of this Claim is true to my best mance with the Rules of Practice and ersons (as set forth in the Certificate of
valvaselet i Sellis Saassiinnin milleste saassiinnin milleste saassiinnin milleste saassiinnin milleste saassi	Signature:	/s/ Matthew Vespa	
Date: 8/23/13	Printed Name:	Matthew Vespa	

# PART I: PROCEDURAL ISSUES (to be completed by Claimant except where indicated)

A. Brief Description of Decision:	Decision 13-06-024 adopted local procurement obligations for 2014 and an interim "flexible capacity" framework for 2015-2017. The flexible capacity framework is intended to address the need to ensure the operational availability of resources with flexible attributes to meet future ramping needs in the late evening. Ramping needs are projected to increase with higher penetration of solar resources. The Decision declined to adopt a flexible capacity requirement in 2014 due to lack of need. The Decision provided that in the coming year, prior to implementation of flexible capacity procurement requirements, the Commission would develop rules to allow participation by preferred resources and energy storage.
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B. Claimant must satisfy intervenor compensation requirements set forth in Public Utilities Code §§ 1801-1812:

	Claimant	CPUC Verified
Timely filing of notice of intent to clai	m compensation (NOI) (§ 1	1804(a)):
1. Date of Prehearing Conference:	n/a	
2. Other Specified Date for NOI:	Nov. 28, 2011	
3. Date NOI Filed:	Dec. 19, 2012	
	(Sierra Club concurrently filed and served a Motion to Late File an NOI and the NOI on December 19, 2012. However, Sierra Club recently discovered that only the Motion was docketed, not the NOI. Pursuant to direction by the Docketing office, Sierra Club re-filed and served the NOI on August 20, 2013.)	
4. Was the NOI timely filed? No, but motion to late- Gamson on May 21, 2013 (Included as Attachmo	-file granted by ALJ	
Showing of customer or custom		)) <b>:</b>
5. Based on ALJ ruling issued in proceeding number:	R 12-06-013	
6. Date of ALJ ruling:	Feb. 25, 2013	
7. Based on another CPUC determination (specify):	n/a	
8. Has the Claimant demonstrated customer or custom	er-related status?	
Showing of "significant finan	cial hardship" (§ 1802(g)):	
9. Based on ALJ ruling issued in proceeding number:	R. 12-06-013	
10. Date of ALJ ruling:	Feb. 25, 2013	

11. Based on another CPUC determination (specify):	n/a
12. Has the Claimant demonstrated significant finance	cial hardship?
Timely request for co	mpensation (§ 1804(c)):
13. Identify Final Decision:	D.13-06-024
14. Date of Issuance of Final Order or Decision:	July 3, 2013
15. File date of compensation request:	August 23, 2013
16. Was the request for compensation timely?	

## C. Additional Comments on Part I (use line reference # as appropriate):

Claimant	CPUC	CPUC Comment				
Sierra Club		Sierra Club is a non-profit public benefit corporation with over 600,000 members nationwide, and more than 140,000 members living in California. Our mission includes promotion of the responsible use of the earth's ecosystems and resources, and education of the public about the need to protect and restore the quality of the natural and human environment. Sierra Club advocates on behalf of its members for clean, renewable energy to reduce air pollution, water pollution, and the effects of climate disruption resulting from fossil fuel extraction and combustion. Sierra Club works to pass laws and develop regulations needed to decarbonize California's economy and achieve and strengthen the State's environmental and clean energy objectives.				
	Sierra	Sierra				

# PART II: SUBSTANTIAL CONTRIBUTION (to be completed by Claimant except where indicated)

A. In the fields below, describe in a concise manner Claimant's contribution to the final decision (see § 1802(i), § 1803(a) & D.98-04-059). (For each contribution, support with specific reference to the record.)

Contribution	Specific References to Claimant's Presentations and to Decision	Showing Accepted by CPUC
1. CAISO Need Analysis for Flexible	Sierra Club and Vote Solar	
Capacity Procurement – accounting for	Comments on Resource	
fixed/tracking solar.	Adequacy and Flexible	
Sierra Club argued that	Capacity Procurement Joint	
CAISO's estimates overstated	Parties Proposal (Dec. 26,	
the need for flexible capacity	2012) at 3-6.	
procurement by failing to	CAISO, Updated Flexible	

accurately estimate the ratio of fixed v. tracking solar resources. "Based on input from the Sierra Club..." the CAISO updated its solar profiles and lowered its estimates for flexible capacity need during the shoulder months when need was greatest. Lowering of CAISO estimates translated into lower procurement requirements in the Commission decision, which was based off CAISO updated projections. Reduced procurement need as a result of Sierra Club's analysis reduced ratepayers' costs of flexible capacity procurement.

Capacity Requirements based on Updated RPS Profiles, March 22, 2013 (Included as Attachment 3).

D.13-06-024, A2.

- 2. Lack of Immediate Need for Flexible Capacity Procurement.
  - Sierra Club argued that,
    contrary to assertions by the
    CAISO, SDG&E, and SCE
    (Joint Parties), flexible capacity
    procurement was not needed in
    the near term due to significant
    existing supply of flexible
    resources and minimal near
    term need. The Commission
    declined to adopt flexible
    capacity procurement in 2014 as
    advocated by the Joint Parties.

Sierra Club and Vote Solar Comments on Resource Adequacy and Flexible Capacity Procurement Joint Parties Proposal (Dec. 26, 2012) at 2-14.

Sierra Club Opening Comments (April 5, 2013) at 2-4.

Sierra Club Reply Comments (April 15, 2013) at 1-3.

Decision 13-06-024 at 23 ("Vote Solar and Sierra Club contend there is no need for a flexible capacity procurement program in 2014, and instituting an interim program in 2014 provides, at best, speculative benefits.")

Decision 13-06-024 at 35 ("we do not adopt a flexible capacity requirement for RA year 2014 in this decision.")

- 3. Inclusion of Preferred Resources.
  - Sierra Club argued that a flexible capacity procurement regime must include meaningful participation of preferred resources and that the proposed flexible capacity procurement mechanism was inconsistent with the loading order because "flexibility" was defined in a manner that excluded meaningful participation by energy storage and demand response. The Decision agreed with Sierra Club and green energy advocates that definitions should be developed prior to program implementation to allow meaningful participation by these resources.

Sierra Club and Vote Solar Comments (Dec. 26, 2012) at 1-2, 15-16.

Sierra Club Opening Comments (April 5, 2013) at 4-6.

Sierra Club Reply Comments (April 15, 2013) at 4-5.

Decision 13-06-024 at 48 ("Sierra Club states that '[d]espite the paramount importance of these concerns, the Proposals are highly dependent on fossil fuels to meet renewable integration needs and exclude demand response and energy storage.")

Decision 13-06-024 at 51 ("we agree with parties who advocate for a mechanism to allow preferred resources to participate in the flexible capacity framework we approve today.")

- 4. Remove biases in proposed decision toward meeting flexibility from "generating resources."
  - The Proposed Decision contained several references to the need for "generating resources" to fill flexible capacity needs. Sierra Club argued that use of the qualifier "generating" created an improper bias toward fossil fuels as opposed to other solutions, such as energy storage or demand response, that may not "generate" energy but nonetheless can be used to meet flexibility needs. References to "generating resources" were modified in the final decision.

Sierra Club Opening Comments on Proposed Decision 2-3.

Compare Proposed Decision with Final Decision at 12, Finding of Fact #4 (removing "generating" resources).

# B. Duplication of Effort (§§ 1801.3(f) & 1802.5):

		Claimant	CPUC Verified
a.	Was the Division of Ratepayer Advocates (DRA) a party to the proceeding?	Yes	
b.	Were there other parties to the proceeding with positions similar to yours?	Yes	
c.	If so, provide name of other parties:		
Sie	erra Club was the only environmental group in this proceeding. energy/distributed generation advocates included Vote Solar, C DECA and Clean Coalition.		
d.	Describe how you coordinated with DRA and other parties duplication or how your participation supplemented, comp contributed to that of another party:		
Sic	erra Club spoke frequently with DRA regarding CAISO analysis and complement positions on need for flexible capacity procur work through technical issues. Sierra Club filed joint opening subsequently coordinated with Vote Solar on positions.	ement and to	
Sic	erra Club was one of the only parties to provide expert opinion of only party to analyze the solar load profile issue.	n need and the	
Wi	nen similar issues were covered, Sierra Club provided its own ar unique perspective as an environmental group. The result was complementary showing in which parties built off each other to common objectives. A r eview of the final decision reveals that multiple parties worked on an issue, the results were cumulative duplicative. Multi-party participation was necessary in light of parties (CAISO, SCE, SDG&E and others) advocating opposite	a oward at when ye, not f the several	

## C. Additional Comments on Part II (use line reference # or letter as appropriate):

#	Claimant	CPUC	Comment				
	Sierra Club		Sierra Club contributed substantially to the development of the record by conducting discovery on CAISO analysis and filing a Motion for Evidentiary Hearings jointly with The Utility Reform Network. This proceeding was characterized by delayed and incomplete disclosure of relevant data necessary to assess the timing and need for flexible capacity procurement. While the Motion for Evidentiary Hearings was ultimately denied by the Commission because flexible capacity procurement was not adopted for 2014, Sierra Club believes it served its ultimate purpose in pressuring CAISO to disclose relevant information in a more timely and complete manner. However, because the Motion was ultimately denied by the Commission, Sierra Club's intervenor compensation request does not seek recovery for time associated with drafting the Motion and Amended Motion for Evidentiary hearings.				

# PART III: REASONABLENESS OF REQUESTED COMPENSATION (to be completed by Claimant except where indicated)

# A. General Claim of Reasonableness (§§ 1801 & 1806):

a. Concise explanation as to how the cost of Claimant's participation bears a reasonable relationship with benefits realized through participation (include references to record, where appropriate)	CPUC Verified
Sierra Club requests \$39,161.10 in fees and costs for its advocacy in this proceeding. Sierra Club participated in all major aspects of this Phase, including filing multiple comments, conducting discovery, providing expert opinion on CAISO estimates, filing a motion for evidentiary hearings, and participating in workshops. In general, the Sierra Club advocated for a lower finding of need, a delay in flexible capacity procurement implementation, and the inclusion of preferred resources in a flexible capacity procurement mechanism. Sierra Club achieved each of these objectives and its analysis was relied upon to lower flexible capacity need.	
Sierra Club's request is likely a very small portion of the benefits that utility customers will ultimately realize due to the reduction in unnecessary procurement.	
b. Reasonableness of Hours Claimed.	
Sierra Club participated in all major aspects of this Phase, including filing multiple comments, conducting discovery, providing expert opinion on CAISO estimates, filing a motion for evidentiary hearings, andparticipating in workshops. Total hours Sierra Club spent in this proceeding are much higher than the hours for which Sierra Club now seeks recovery. Sierra Club does not include hours spent on issues for which it did not prevail (e.g. drafting and researching Motion and Amended Motion for Evidentiary hearing) or issues the Commission ultimately did not address (e.g. CEQA analysis of flexible capacity procurement regime). Hours claimed directly relate to work performed where Sierra Club made a substantial contribution to an outcome.	
In addition, Sierra Club work in this docket was performed by one attorney and one expert. This avoided internal duplication of time.	
c. Allocation of Hours by Issue Sierra Club has divided its work into three issues: (1) timing and extent of need of flexible capacity procurement (first two above identified contributions); (2) inclusion of preferred resources and energy storage (second two above identified contributions); and (3) hearings, review hearing materials and party comment.  Breakdown of time spent on these issues is identified in the time sheets of Matthew Vespa and Bill Powers.	

## B. Specific Claim:

CLAIMED	CPUC Award
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		AT	TORNEY	, EXPERT, AND A	DVOCATE	FEES	100 100 100	
Item	Year	Hours	Rate \$	Basis for Rate*	Total \$	Hours	Rate \$	Total \$
Matthew Vespa	2012	18	\$315	Resolution ALJ- 287	\$5,670			
Matthew Vespa	2013	63.6	\$330	Resolution ALJ- 287	\$20,988			
Bill Powers	2012- 13	75.5	\$150	Resolution ALJ- 287	\$11,325			
[Expert 2]								
[Advocate 1]								
[Advocate 2]				and the second				
				Subtotal:	\$ \$37,983		Subtotal: \$	
De	scribe he	ere what (	OTHER HO	OTHER FEE		(paralega	ıl, travel **, e	etc.):
Item	Year	Hours	Rate \$	Basis for Rate*	Total \$	Hours	Rate	Total \$
ID 27								
[Person 2]				0-44-4-1	<b>^</b>		0::1:4:4:4:1:4	<u> </u>
				Subtotal:			Subtotal: \$	)
_			I	MPENSATION CL			Ι Ι	
Item	Year	Hours	Rate \$	Basis for Rate*	Total \$	Hours	Rate	Total \$
Matthew Vespa	2013	7.1	\$165	½ of attorney rate,	\$1,178.1 0			
[Preparer 2]								
				Subtotal	\$1,178.10		Subtotal:\$	
10 m				COSTS		2000 Commonto		
# Ite	em		De	tail	Amount		Amoun	t
		TO	TAL REQU	JEST: \$ 39.161.10		TOTAL	AWARD: \$	
*If hourly rat	e based o	on CPUC o	decision, p	d text; add additional rovide decision numl 	oer; otherwis	se, attach i		
	rney		•	n time are compensa	ated at ½ of p	•	Actions Eligibilit If "Yes	y rate.  Affecting y (Yes/No?) s", attach anation
Matthew Vespa			2002		222265			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This information may be obtained at: http://www.calbar.ca.gov/.

# C. Attachments Documenting Specific Claim and Comments on Part III (Claimant completes; attachments not attached to final Decision):

Attachment or Comment #	Description/Comment					
1	Certificate of Service					
2	May 21, 2013 Email from ALJ Gamson Granting Late-Filed Motion to File NOI					
3	CAISO, Updated Flexible Capacity Requirement, March 22, 2013					
4	Time Sheets of Matthew Vespa and Bill Powers					
5	Resumes of Matthew Vespa and Bill Powers					

## D. CPUC Disallowances, Adjustments, and Comments (CPUC completes):

ltem	Reason

## PART IV: OPPOSITIONS AND COMMENTS

Within 30 days after service of this Claim, Commission Staff or any other party may file a response to the Claim (see § 1804(c))

(CPUC completes the remainder of this form)

A. Opposition: Did any party oppose the Claim?	
If so:	

Party	Reason for Opposition	CPUC Disposition

B. Comment Period: Was the 30-day comment period waiv	ed (see
Rule 14.6(2)(6))?	
Rule 14.6(2)(6))?	

If not:

Party	Comment	CPUC Disposition

#### **FINDINGS OF FACT**

1.	Claimant	[has/has not]	l made a si	ıbstantial	contribution	to De	ecision (	D.)	

- 2. The requested hourly rates for Claimant's representatives [,as adjusted herein,] are comparable to market rates paid to experts and advocates having comparable training and experience and offering similar services.
- 3. The claimed costs and expenses [,as adjusted herein,] are reasonable and commensurate with the work performed.
- 4. The total of reasonable contribution is \$ .

#### **CONCLUSION OF LAW**

1. The Claim, with any adjustment set forth above, [satisfies/fails to satisfy] all requirements of Public Utilities Code §§ 1801-1812.

#### **ORDER**

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- 2. Within 30 days of the effective date of this decision, \_\_\_\_\_ shall pay Claimant the total award. [for multiple utilities: "Within 30 days of the effective date of this decision, ^, ^, and ^ shall pay Claimant their respective shares of the award, based on their California-jurisdictional [industry type, for example, electric] revenues for the ^ calendar year, to reflect the year in which the proceeding was primarily litigated."] Payment of the award shall include interest at the rate earned on prime, three-month non-financial commercial paper as reported in Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15, beginning [date], the 75<sup>th</sup> day after the filing of Claimant's request, and continuing until full payment is made.
- 3. The comment period for today's decision [is/is not] waived.
- 4. This decision is effective today.

Dated .	at San Fra	ancisco, (	Calif	ornia