## MEMORANDUM

| Date: | October 25, 2013 |
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| To: | Edward T. Bedwell |
|  | Vice President, GovernmentRelations |
| From: | Kent Kauss |
|  | Sr. Director, GtavernmentRelations |
| Re: | 2013 End of Year Legislative Summary |

The first year of the 2013-20latilissession has comeltosea with the governor taking final action on the 896 bills dapprthe legislature 1Bn Zae governor signed 800 bills, while vetoing 96. During the year, 22,256 nexvills weteoduced in the regular session.

During the regular sessios,tatbe GovernmentRelatid $\$ \subseteq$ ) team tracked 414 measures and took a formal position on 22 of thenpoiAtt core another, wesqфeight different bills which were alleredtafeated or amendedo remove our opposition. Werequested the governor sign eight bills of which six and two were vetoed. More than in years past, SGRmaximizedielationships with thiticepato support and oppose bills without negatively impactiadionships inctlpetal community.

Building on advocacy from last session, arłakEoalition of stakeholders engagedheavily on residential tiered rate anefornaccessfully garnered the gosesignature on $A B 327$ (Perea) to allow rate incheaberser tiers, including lifbeniea Alternative Rates for Energy (CARE)program, and give the California Public Utilities CommissionCPUC)the authority to create a fixed Thnergegotiated bill also cordadinective for the CPUGo determine the next iteratidme oft energy metering program.

The CPUC'sgovernance continuedface legislative tisgr, various provisions enacted tasofpathe State Budget (SB 96) such as limiting the scope and budget of the ${ }^{\text {st } X l e n t u r y ~ E n e r g y ~ S y s t e m s ~(C E S-21) ~ p r o g r a m r u e s u r i n g ~ t h e ~ D i v i s i o n ~ o f ~}$ Ratepayer Advocate (DRA), requgríero-based budgeting, paoblibiting commissioners from sitting on non-state bozertted by the CPUC.Staff of an AssemblyBudget Subcommitteeproposed that all afindepenalties levied on Pas\&Eresult of the SanBruno incident would be depositedstatte coffers. SGRopposedand defeated this proposal which aimed to maximizethe General Fund benefit of any fine or penalty.

State GovernmentRelations also delfèmsed to constrain nucteiaensing (SB 418), require automatic transfer of clean energgaldaos the utility (SBiB7) and allow cost shifts to nonparticipating combinedheat and power (a-P) customers (AB 427). PG\&Epartnered with labor and other stakeholdærsuce legislatiœstablishing a communityrenewables program
would not shift costs or facolliitert relatiloips between developers and our customers (SB 43). Newlegislation enacted to regralateansport dage(SB 656), juseleasric service providers are on the edestie, was a success for cumer and protection from fraud. The team also worked behind the scenes obiPoop 39 (Prop. 39) implementation (SB 73) by advocating the advantages of leveragiengstime utyli programs.

Attached is a summaryof the priority belts inwelwed in duriegletgislative year. This memcalso includes activity of interstaby thuditor,gothernor's signing and veto messagesand letters printtece record. If you have eations about any of these measures, please let meknow.

Bill Summariesby Subject Matter

## Rates

AB 327 (Perea) - Support - Chapter 61 This comprehensiveelectrical corporation policy bill provides for reform refittential rateigdesdevelopment of a newstructure for renewable distributed genefatidities, developmentiofribution resoptan, and allowance for a higher RenewablePortfohidardS(taRS). This bill stertedresidential rate reform bill by eliminating the restrictianselativerate increases ther lowest tiers and CAREcustomers but was expandedpursuardidoussions with theiadstration to address the other issues. The CPUGs provided wormodidi to implement the provisions of $A B 327$ with specific dates included for netherergy (NEM) reform and allowance for the adoption of fixed charges for trabidelectric seßeesigning message(p. 15).

AB 922 (Patterson) - Support - Two-yeaf bilhis measurewould have provided investorownedutilities (IOUs) the staxutboyity to verify the incomeof customers enrolled in the CAREprogram irrespective of how they becameenEolieding regulations and statute allow customers to enroll in CAREDased on their inetionteribty to fromport various categorical programs. Existing law ccomtaiakng provisions gobility which led to the introduction of this measure. The billpunsaseddby the authodefarence to provisions found in AB 327 relating to the CARE program.

SB 743 (Steinberg) - Support if Amended Chapter 386- This measurewould have reformed the residential ratterestrancd provide for increfaqs to four percent annually for CAREcustomers based on the percentage ctianthee ConsumerPrice Index using the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment. The bill weraliatrathe request of The Utility Reform Network (TURN)and other consumergroups as anađitee to AB 327. After reaching an agreement with TURNet al. on AB 327, the CAREcontents of the bill were removedand replaced with language pertainiagliftomia Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)issues and development of an arena for the Sacramento Kings.

## Nuclear

SB 418 (Jackson) - Oppose- Failed - This measacłd have placed additional reporting and regulatory requirements oeamupbwer generation facilftimats sought a license extension. This measure included these prowfarant provisions multiple times throughout the process in an attempt to circumbeitteeomearings and movethe concept forward. The bill was defeated following the announcedflldtureSan Onofre Nuclear Generating Station (SONGS)whenPG\&E,organized labor aathers expressed opposition.

## Budget

AB 85 (Budget) - Chapter 24-Amongnumars other provisions, btroliget trailer bill contains a five percent cost cadjunsitngent (COLA) for California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs)edigieDiscussions continue at the CPU@O whether that COLAallows for an increase in CARErates.

AB 101 (Budget)—Chapter 354—Among numerous other provisions, this tbtragiler bill includes $\$ 24.5$ million for thec elticle rebate prognammered by the California Air Resoruces Board (CARB).

AB 110 (Budget) - Chapter 20- Thisl bibntains the 2013-14 Budget Act. PG\&Eracked the transfer of $\$ 500$ million from the Greablfordection Fund to the General Fund as a loan from unallocated cap and trade revetions. The budget also provides $\$ 577,000$ in auction revenue to the Office refnnemtal Health Hazard Assessmentto identify
 addition, two positions and $\$ 103$ millauction revenue are provided to CARBto enhance oversight of auction activithissbill also enacts thet chadget of the CPUGotaling $\$ 1.3$ billion and $1,045.9$ positions. The CPUCeqpeirécil for additional personnel for highspeed rail safety and gas safetyRArebeived approval for five positions for energy financial examiners, water auditøratumild gas safety workloadly,Fithails bill requires a fiscal audit to be conductedOffideteof State Audits and Evaluations (OSAE)within the Department of Finance to review the CPUC'sprograms. The scope of the audit is currently defined through discussions between the Crebsafind is required to be completed by April 1, 2014.

SB 73 (Budget) - Chapter 29- This budtrater bill tacioss the implementing language for Proposition 39, largely indongorthe governor's proposal to limit funding to K-14 and base K-12 funding on average daily attendance. al\$æ tsidts asficteding for disadvantaged areas, revolving loans throughaliffonia Energy Commission (CEC) and the California Conservation Corps.

SB 85 (Budget) - Chapter 35- This budraeter bill taciosn manyprovisions, including parameters for utility relogrements with the Highesp Rail Authority (HSRA). Based on PG\&E'snegotiations with HSRA, the provisions mayhave no impact.

SB 96 (Budget) - Chapter 356- This measuæfésred to as theufu Budget Trailer Bill and includes serarmiges in law that were deemednecessary to implement the 2013-14 State Budget. Several provisioned redathe CPUC,including: a reduction in funding and scope for the CES-21program to $\$ 35$ millicgnefsecurity and gnitegriation work; reform of DRA; restrictions on the CPUC'sabilitiblish estn-profit entitientrictions on disbursement of settlement funds; and a eaquofenthe CPUCo submit a zero-based budget by January 1,2015 . The bill provides the compromise of various CPUC reform efforts proposed by membersof the budget subcommitteesofh由ostenate and assemblysemchtor Jerry Hill. The bill also establinspesting requirements for the adenistration of the Electric Program Investment Charge (EPIC) Program. The bill appropriates funds to the Office of the State Treasurer to operate atyPrApeessed Clean Energy (PACE)risk mititgation program.

Supplemental Report Language- The CPUGs requtivedrovide a fidential report to the legislature by April 1, 2014, on each permelistgatide or judicial aathooh in is a party involving claims arising from the enefge csssie. arose as a result of CPUGctions
 resulted in the payment of $\$ 20$ milliimresaments in electriehicle charging infrastructure.

AssemblyBudget SubcommitteeNo. 3 on Resources and Transportation - The subcommittee staff madea recommendationthat all finers theat the CPUCorders PG\&Eo pay, surrender or transfer as a result of theinsambritunshall be deposited into state coffers. The subcommittee discussion focused on Genermerame loss associated the San Bruno related infrastructure seffald already madedue to assertions of the corporate tax implications. PG\&Eworked with letikeda leadership to prevestaffherecommendation from being put for a vote and any link between the SanBruno fine/penalty proceeding and budget discussions.

## Climate Change

AB 26 (Bonilla) - Two-year bill - Thlisreqluired thetinery projects funded by the GreenhouseGas Reduction Fund (AB 32 unallocatedarade revenues) be considered public works funds and utilize skilled Thabbaitl also requirecstathe to develop apprenticeship standards for greenhouse gas (世tblytion activities.

AB 153 (Bonilla) -Held/Dead - This bill nog discussion of how to expand the supply of offsets and would have required CARBto adopt a process to approve new offset protocols, prioritize protocols iwistate benefits anidereannual reporting.

AB 245 (Grove) - Failed - This bill whauld required thestern Climate Initiative, Inc. (WCI, Inc.) to adhere to BagleydK@penMeeting Act laws.

AB 278 (Gatto) - Two-year bill - Thils requires CARBto consider the broad environmental impacts of the low carbon fuel standard (LCFS). PG\&Emonitored this bill for possible impacts to the AB 32 cap and trade program.

AB 284 (Quirk) —Held/Dead - This bill werdete a "Road to 2050 Board" (Board) convened by the Chair of CARB thith responsibility to developt atøepbe legislature and governor every two years beginning in January 2016 on the impacts of global warmingon wat supply, public health, agricatastline and forestry. The membersof the Board would include the president of the CPUC,cha@EOf, athce the Business and ConsumerServices, Food and Agriculture, Natural Resourderaasiortation Agency Secretaries.

AB 416 (Gordon) —Held/Dead - This bill dudve required CARBto establish a program to provide grants and other financial assibtginte tocal governmentrecipients for the purpose of developing and implementing local greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) reduction projects.

AB 527 (Gaines) - Vetoed- This bill womple repealed the exemption from the BagleyKeeneOpenMeeting Act (Bagley-Keene) enacte61ifor the WCI, Inc. and provides that a contract between the stat $\# N a b d n c$. shall be subjectdito boythe state ausemen message(p. 16).

SB 34 (Calderon) -Held/Dead - This bill dwwave required the CARBto adopt carbon capture and storage methodology by January 1, 2016.

SB 497 (Walters) - Failed - Thiswbilld have required CAARBto allocate free allowances to the University of Californiliforminal C $\ddagger$ tate University systems.

SB 605 (Lara) - Two-year bill - Thiswbilld have required the AB 32 Scoping Plan update to prioritize in-staterejbinstions of copollutants, edqobllititants, in-state offets and creation of a back-stop plan. PG\&Eopposigdttthe California Council for Environmental and EconomidBalanc@CCEB) and assisted CCE $\begin{aligned} & \text { idvocacy by analysing the negative }\end{aligned}$ impacts of the bill repdring advocacy materials.

SB 726 (Lara) - Chapter 420- This bill resequadditional transparèncyCI, Inc., transactions and expendituresautitibe attempted to amendthatteill in the session with objectionable lanaguage pertainioffsetb eligibility. PG\&Eopposed through CCEBrand the California Chamberof Commercen these objectionable provisions. Amidvast opposition, th author removedthe offset related provisions.

## Corporate and Cybersecurity

AB 801 (Brown) - Two-year bill - This bilould have required-ffeorous metal recyclers to obtain proof of ownership before payiteerifar that was marked in such a way as to reasonably identify the owner.

AB 841 (Torres) - Support - VetoedThis bill wouldemaequired non-ferrous metal recyclers to mail check payments to a physical आownepported the check payment to a physical address required by AB 841. Ithaweedeterred metweft, protecting the public from the hazards associated with metridtlseffing PG\&Ehe cost of repair and replacementSee veto messa(9e 17).

AB 909 (Gray) - Support-Vetoed— This bill whavid created mats Metal Theft Task Force. Any monies collected could have beby lex law enforcement for the exclusive purpose of deterring, investigating, andgrastheft andedlaecycling crinse veto message(p. 17).

AB 1274 (Bradford) - Chapter 597- The midy version of the bill would have required utilities to deveanaasds for third party develspeysadvancedmeitag infrastructure. Weworked with Opower, Technet and other thirdmpptication developerarriae at the current version of the bill which proeteictesn for customer data handled by certain businesses.

## Distributed Generation

AB 217 (Bradford) - Chapter 609- Thi\$ ppillovides \$108 million for low-income solar programs until December31, 2021. The bill widid atlewcontinuation of PG\&Eowincomesolar programs without interuption.

AB 415 (Garcia) - Chapter 612- This billdens eligible testoqols and accredited listing agencies thablelieguipment can use to be eligibesar fowater hemet incentives.

AB 427 (Mullin) - Oppose - Failed - Thisl bilould have created an exemption from nonbypassable charges for bottom cycle wasedveray CPP generation. PG\&Eopposed the bill as a cost shift to non-participating customers.

AB 792 (Mullin) - Chapter 534— Thbis prohibits a local jiomșdiottil January 1, 2020, from levying a utility user tax (UUđфosuthption of electricgemerated by a clean energy resource defined as remaberation or a renevabteon-renewable Bloom fuel cell.

AB 796 (Muratsuchi) - Chapter 617- This bixtends the G-EGgmáff rate established under AB 1110 (Fuentes, Chapter 508, Statutes reogloom fuel cell customers until January 1, 2016. PG\&Edid not position dh thbubitold the author and sponsor any further extensions of this subsidy would havests taddœost shift and ensure the systems would reduce greenhouse gasses.

AB 1014 (Williams) - Two-year bill - PG\&Eopposed the original version of AB 1014 which would have imposeda multi-billiœillar dcost on our customers to pay for a communitysolar procurement program. The current version ofisheobsilstent with our Green Tariff filing before the CPUC.In deference to SB 43, theemuthor bill then Senate Energy, Utilities and CommunicationsCommittee.

AB 1228 (V. Perez) - Two-year bill - This measulce have expanded thacility size for fuel cell generation facilitiesalifyhatunder the NEMprogram from 1 MWto 3 MW.The bill was dropped by the author whenoppositiocedsfromm a number of parties.

AB 1295 (Hernandez) - Two-year bill - Sponsbye§outhern California Edison, AB 1295 attempts to create a communitysolar pinocluating an option forctdrelationship between the developer and the customer.95ABald significant opposition and was never heard in the Senate Energy, UtilitiespmmandcetionsCommitteeas SB 43 becamethe vehicle for the commsolay legislation.

SB 43 (Wolk) - RemovedDpposition - Chapter 413- SB 43 started as a high priority oppose bill that would have sthiffeds of costs for commity solar onto non-participating customers and facilitated reletomships between dpand customers. The final version creates a 600 MWCommunitysolar program paid for by participating customers. PG\& was neutral on the final version.

## Electric Operations

AB 66 (Muratsuchi) - Removedopposition - Chap ${ }^{278}$ - This biltequires electrical corporations to annually reficibility data byaterexd, post theswrts on their website and remediate areas with most oumasmopposedprior versions that contained requirements to rank order bareasiability but watsalglet these provisions removed.

SB 48 (Hill) - Two-year bill - This meassulde vave required peer review of research and development projects proposed by the CPllycost over $\$ 1.5$ million and require investorownedutilities to file threesferch plans detailimsetaech proposalsd the costs to ratepayers.

SB 699 (Hill) - Two-year bill - Thliswbiuld have required burdensomereporting of costs associated with thetridec distribution systerrepकौting would not have provided useful information to the public. PG\&Eworked with thewaatheld the bill in the Assembly Utilities and Commerc€ommittee.

## Energy Efficiency and DemandResponse

AB 29 (Williams) - Two-year bill - Onderal bills introduced to implement Prop. 39, this bill would have approp\$ibfedmillion per year to puigher education projects from Prop 39 funds.

AB 39 (Skinner)-Two-year bill-One of several bills introduced to implement Prop. 39, this bill would have required a riggiocrampetitive grant pradesisistered by the CECfor K14 schools. In addition, this bill wouldatedve2dedécent of Prop. 39 funds to the CEC's Energy Conservation Assistance Account (ECAA)fomtmest revolving ldaris. bill also proposed that someunderdetermined amount ofbeudeslicated to job training and workforce development and PACEprograms. The bill aters lamendedo extend the ECAAprogram from 2018 to 2022.

AB 114 (Salas) - Two-year bill - Onderal bills introduced to implement Prop. 39, this bill would have requireaState Labor and Workforce Agency to develop a workforce training program utilizing up to 9.6 percent of Prop. 39 funds. The bill was ultimately amendedo require workforce reporting for Prop. 39.

AB 122 (Rendon)-Support-Two-year b ill - This will would have established a commercial building financing mechanismat Re CECfor energy efficiency or renewable generation retrofits by utilizinge brends to lower interatels offered to building owners. PG\&Esupported this mechanismas another toalteamative to on-bill repayment (OBR) proposals with automatic transfer. PG\&Evorked cltbsetye withor to keep the financing projects on the customer side of thendmetteroversize customer generation.

AB 270 (Bradford) - Chapter 610- This bill retheir@PUCo create an internet portal of energy efficiency measures, savings and expendotcatisnby While PG\&Edid not take a position on the bill, SGRworked closelye axithorthand committee staff to address customer privacy, trade secret and proprifetamation as provided under curren\$eぬaæuthor's letter to the Assembly Journal (p. 18).

AB 572 (Atkins) - Two-year bill - Thiswbilld have required the CPUGo develop a protocol to trade offsets generated froeffienemgy. The bill was never heard in committee.

AB 719 (Hernandez) - RemovedOpposition/Support - Chapter 616- PG\&Eopposed the original version of AB 719 which wouldmmedsignficant costs for street lights on nonparticipating customers. The duereind of AB 719 is consistenthenittreet light proposal in our General Rate Casmines the CPU@and IOUs to give local governments a way to reduce their utditls by replacing inefficienlightreatith energy efficient street lights.

AB 834 (Williams) - Two-year bill - Thills would have expandedthe CEC'sadministrative enforcement authority to include enercapeanefficiency standerdsbuildings. The bill was later amended to aeds postsecondary education.

AB 905 (Ting) - Two-year bill - Thiswbilld have established an E-covenant to act as an energy efficiency finance mechanisproperty's land title. bilTheas never set for a hearing.

SB37 (De Leon)-Oppose unless amended-Failed This bill would have authorized the CPUCo establish an OBR program with automatic transfer of loans for energy efficiency, demandresponse and distributed generajems.proPG\&Eigourously opposed the automatic transfer provisions, any permanent customer furdechraxedementsand the extension of the program to distridubeneration and offered amendmentso removeopposition.

SB 39 (De Leon) - Chapter 775- One of several bills introduced to implement Prop. 39, this bill would have implementeda competitive grant program at the Office of Public School Construction for K-12 schoolsbilliwes later amended to extend the ECAA program from 2018 to 2022. The entire contents of the reithowemd replaced with langauge to address public sector pensions.

SB 64 (Corbett) - Two-year bill - Oserefral bills introduced to implement Prop. 39, this bill would have implementeda grant prognemCafCwith all publicientiligible. The will was amendecto remove these provisidreseate tDean Technology Investment Account under the GreenhouseGas Reduction Fund.

## Governance, Regulatory and Oversight

AB 436 (Jones-Sawyer) - Two-year bill - Thiswbulld have allowed the application of the Comparative Fault doctrinenterse condemnationcasesa\#lowed reduced awards if an earlier, more favorable settlement was offered.

AB 458 (Wieckowski)— Two-year bill - Thils would have prohibited taxpayers from claiming a tax deduction for punitive damages.

AB 995 (Frazier) - Two-year bill - Thimdailld have provided for reform of the intervenor compensation program by clarifying provisionstoretlaedlefinition of a "customer", contribution for public beneditplamation of the efforts by the DRA. The bill faced significant opposition from integmerness and was held in committee in order to allow for the completion of the audit by the Califormadistaterhich was published in July oseen13. section on State Auditor activity (p. 14).

SB 176 (Galgiani) —Held/Dead - This voduld have increased public agencies interactaction with stereparties during ehodment of regulations through the Administrative Procedures Act.

SB 291 (Hill) - Chapter 601- This measurerequires the CPUGo develop and implement a gas safety enforcement program by July 1, ameleatric safety enforcement program by January 1, 2015. The programs are meant to provide the CPUGtaff authority to monitor, tre investigate and isstations for safety violations. proceeding on this matter.

SB 611 (Hill) - Dropped- This measurewould have reformed the DRAat the CPUळy requiring them to develop their own budgentefotation to the Department of Finance, allowing them to seek rehearing of CPUClecisviehs assseek judicial review in the court of appeal or the State SupremeCourt. The mealsap甲asby the author and amendedo another subject after approval of SB 96 which contained someDRAreform provisions.

Land Use, Siting, Environmental
AB 52 (Gatto) - Two-year bill - The origiersion of the bill would have given Native Americantribes veto authority over kemelisuses. The current bill could have caused interested parties thenglea the environmental mitigation at Topock. PG\&Evorked through CCEERO amendthe bills most onerous provisions.

AB 227 (Gatto) - Chapter 581- This beithanges the enforcement provisions of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Prop. 65) by limiting recovery by private citizen enforcement action fom depdes of exposure to cheqaimalag cancer or birth defects or other reproductrweimaircumstances whenthe faduprovide clear and reasonable warnings has been remedied and a penalyenlpmid. While the governor had hoped to pass Prop. 65 reform, an agreement among stakeholders for meaningful action could not be reached. PG\&Followed these regriathrough the California Chamberof Commerce.

AB 380 (Dickinson) - Two-year bill - This wiould have inessed public notification during the development process including rederitiogic posting of CEQAdocuments.

AB 515 (Dickinson) - Two-year bill - This wiould have created Environmental and Land Use Courts for CEQAcases. PG\&Ediscussed conwethsthe author, whodecided to hold the bill in the AssemblyJudiciary Committee.

AB 516 (Brown) - Two-year bill - This wduld have created an incidental take process for commorand abundant species of birds edectaical transmission prejeted to the implementation of the RPS. The sponsor, Southern California Edison, is working with the Department of Fish and Wildlife to addcessethes administratively.

AB 823 (Eggman)- Two-year bill - This bill would have amendecthe CEQAeview process to require replacement of agridaltadsilfor projects that dendetb non-agricultural uses.

AB 1026 (Quirk) - Two-year bill - Thiswbilld have limited the Prop. 65 warning label to substances knownto cause cabrcereproductive toxicity.

AB 1323 (Mitchell) - Failed - Thiswbiuld have prohibited hydraufracturing in California.

AB 1330 (J. Perez) - Two-year bill —bithis would have doubled fines for environmentalrelated violations isiaducantaged communities as deffiryethe CalEnviroScreen. PG\&E opposed through the California Chamberof Commercend CCEEBand provided policy analysis to each organization. The bill was placeractivethefile as it nedugarner enought votes on the Senate Floor.

SB 123 (Corbett) —Held/Dead - This bduld have created Environmental and Land Use Courts for CEQA cases.

SB 387 (Wright) - Two-year bill - This voduld have required the State Water Resources Control Board to allow ekectgeneration facilimesloying once-through cooling to continue to operate pursuant to federal law. Thenlroddual in recogom of the extensive regulation of such facilities under federdallfownen's policy that could impact 19 power plants throughout the state anidaltiatyre of electric supply.

SB 691 (Hancock) - Two-year bill This bill would have authorized a civil penalty of up to $\$ 100,000$ (currently $\$ 10,000$ ) for adax emission discharges. The bill had poorly defined terms that could have subjecteanyentities to etrontbipenalties. PG\&哔ed with the author to narrow the scope of the bill. The finalvasersosed by the broader business community, including CCEEB.

SB 731 (Steinberg) - Two-year-bilThis bill was intendebeta vehicle for substantive CEQAreform. PG\&Eworked with the Silidあalley Leadership Group, CCEEPand other business groups but legistleadership could not wreebstantive CEQAchanges.

SB 735 (Wolk) - Two-year bill - Tbis would have requmedtispecies conservation plans that are adopted, under development praristute be consisteith the Delta Plan. The bill was never set for a hearing.

## Natural Gas Operations

AB 650 (Nazarian) - Chapter 615- This bdquires the Director of the Department of General Services (DGS) to operafdatheal Gas Services Program which would procure natural gas commodityservice for any cityy, cityu and county or any other local governmental body and nonprofit hospitals and eduicattionaions who are interested in purchasing their naturakugplsies from a competitive dprovithe bill also requires state agencies, with the exception of the Department of Water Resources, to use the DGSfor the procurement of non-core gas purchases rathemtethag into such arrangements on their own.
Under existing law, the DGShas this sameauthstaity nownes are not required to go through DGSif they choose to procure thealr gassticommodityservice from competitive providers.

AB 811 (Lowenthal) - Support - Chapter 25Ohis bill will provide policymakers with a clearer picture of damageto undefgroilities by standardireingeporting and making that information publically availablesupforef the final versioall aas a prior version that gave California the tbilidquire additionalractont education following dig violations.

AB 1257 (Bocanegra) - Chapter 749- Thmeasure, which was sponsored by Sempra Energy, requires the CECto inclütde imtegrated rffneolicy RepdERR) strategies to maximizebenefits obtained from natural eglasl Thequiresintlesion of the information every four years beginning witEPRessued by November1, 2015.

SB 656 (Wright) - Support - Chapter 604htis measure requires the CPU@o develop a regulatory oversightgraro for Core Transport Agents (SThAillar to what is provided for Electric Service Providersbillthevas introduced at PGedest after we received a significant increase in the numberof comstominents regarding marketing and service practices of CTA's.

## Procurement and RenewablePortfolio Standard

AB 177 (V. Perez) - Oppose- Two-year bill This bill would have recast and revised the electric utility procurement processesmuncer without limitationany established procurement targets. While the author's stateatogoabrdinatd asource planning, PG\&Eopposed the bill as unncessessanytrducing undefined terms, the bill would have created a layer of uncertainty and market dぁrefibsilbnwas later amendecto require 51 percent RPSby 2030. PG\&Edid not taksitiono on the RPSprovisions. The bill was never set for a hearing.

AB 323 (Chesbro) —Held/Dead - This bidbuld have eliminated recycling credit for green waste used in landfill operations. PG\&Entbristoteid for possible biomassprocurement implications.

AB 448 (Quirk) - Support - Two-year bill This measurewas introduced as a placeholder to discuss reform of the RPSprogram. Theiautwncerned about integration of intermittent renewable resources and the impacts oentisions, reliability and consumercosts.

AB 762 (Patterson) - Support - Two-year bilhis measurewould have provided that all hydroelectric generation facquitiliby as renewable resources theestate's RPSprogram. The bill failed passage in the Assemblyaddiltommerc®ommitteeas has historically happenedwhenattempts have been madeto treatroelkctnjed facilities the same.

AB 793 (Gray) - Dropped- This measurecontaipeedisions that mirror those found in SB 591 which was signed into law. The bill prothesMtraed lrrigatidnistrict (ID) is not required to procure additebigäble renewable resourcesedieivits more than 50 percent of its annual retail sales fremmitdroelectric electriditifoc regarddess\$he size of those facilities. The bill was intrindpaed due to the MeDCodNewExchequer Damand the use of the generation follothengexpiration of a contract with PG\&E.Weattempted to expand the provisions of the pribvitke PG\&Egreater disonet with our hydroeliec facilities but were unsuccessful.

AB 923 (Bigelow) - Two-year bill - The sponsctrsobill wanted Calaveras and Tuolomne Counties to have the abilifyll t-ederal Preference Reloneetly to customers. Weworked with the author on otheregita to spur economicdevelopment.

AB 1258 (Skinner) - Two-year bill - Thesssurewould have required the CEC, in consultation with the CPU@and other etotitienplete an analysis of the potential use of existing hydroelectracilities and pumpedstorageifacitio provide addItioparational flexibility to integitetenittent renewable emeqgyarces. The bdecisically called out the Helms PumpedStorage PowerPlant as well as the Balsam Meadow,Oroville, Castaic and San Luis pumpedstorage facilities for review.

AB 1350 (Hernandez) - Two-year bill -sthiill would have required the CPUGo reopen direct access by July 1, 2014. PG\&Evorked ciathition, including taamoticulate our concerns to the author amoid a hearing.

SB 548 (Roth) - Two-year bill - This billd weonel created an exemption from RPS rules on in-state and out-of-state rementior "buckets" for small prabvired utilities. The bill was never set for a hearing.

SB 591 (Cannella) - Chapter 520- The bill providdethalerced ID is not required to procure additional eligible rememablees if it receirestman 50 percent of its annual retail sales from itshydmelectric electarilities regardless soietherf those facilities. The bill was introduced in part duldetreth $\ddagger$ 's NewExchequer Damand the use of the generation following the expirationtofawith PG\&E. We attempted to expand the provisions of the bill to providgreatediscretion with merellegtric facilities but were unsuccessful.

SB 674 (Corbett) - Two-year bill - This/duilld have required the CPUđo create a special rate to compensateeleatr generation thidizest energy storage.

SB 760 (Wright) - Two-year bill - Introduced last thweeks of thesism, this bill would have recast and revised the RPSLedßsCostt procurement preference for baseload to emphasizereliability and favor procurement of geothermal energy. PG\&Evorked with the author on language that was more palatabteeveranyeset asides and achieve a balanced procurement approach. Given the multiple stakelppldess, the author decided not set the bill for a hearing.

SB 804 (Lara) - Vetoed- This bill whauld added "conversidenchnologies other than controlled combustion" to thetidefiriof biomass conversieemeto message(p. 18).

## Transportation and Electric Vehicles

AB 8 (Perea) - Chapter 401- This bill extends registast, boat registrations, and tire sales to fund various air quality improvementprograms and programs that support alternative fuel vehicles. PG\&EsupportddroAbe the California redectransportation Coalition (CaIETC).

AB 220 (Ting) - Support - Two-year bill hisTbill would hareerided a partial exemption from sales taxes for the purchase of low-emission vehicles. PG\&Esupported AB 22 through the CaIETC. The bill uchscue to cost concerns.

AB 266 (Blumenfield) - Chapter 405- This bill risuptbe deployment of electric vehicles by allowing white high occupancy vehicle (HOV) stebkeles to use HOV lanes with a single occupant from January 1, 2015, to 1,Ja0aryPG\&E supported AB 266 through the CaIETC.

AB 529 (Lowenthal) - Chapter 500- This biidkessignificant changes to the Basic Inspection of Teminals Program including inspection and fee schedules. PG\&Evorked with the author to protect the flest from increased costs.

AB 1077 (Muratsuchi) —Held/Dead - This baiduld have reduced the amount of sales tax and vehicle license fees parthnse of electriehicles.

AB 1092 (Levine) - Chapter 410- This bidquires the development of building code standards for electriciclerecharging stationsulitin-family projects.

AB 1314 (Bloom) - Two-year bill - This bilould have required PG\&Eo contract out for bracket inspections on naturaehgaes. PG\&Eworked with thencru to understand the implications of the bill and avoid a hearing.

AB 1324 (Skinner) - Two-year bill This bill would have allowed AlamedaCounty to increase motor vehicle fees withutiores by the AlamedaCounty Board of Supervisors.

SB 11 (Pavley) - Two-year bill - Thisdritlained the exact samelanguage as AB 8 which extends fees on vehicle natgosts, boat regisma, and tire safesdtoarious air quality improvement programs and programs that suppontattee fuel vehicles. AB 8 was signed by the governor and SB 11 was held in the assembly.

SB 286 (Yee) - Chapter 414- This bill stapperdeployment oelectric vehicles by allowing green HOV sticker vehicles to usemith a single occupant from January 1, 2015, to January 1, 2019.

SB 359 (Corbett) - Support - Chapter 415— Thlispbövides $\$ 30$ million dollars for clean vehicle rebate programs.

SB 454 (Corbett) - Chapter 418- Thispboikides a variety of consumerprotections for electric vehicle ownehsdiing access to public chamgrangructure and disclosure of charging locations and pricing.

## Miscellaneous

AB 6 (Gorell) —Held/Dead - This bibhinally wouthedve increased emergency preparedness by providing a tax forectimergencystandby generators. It was amendedo provide a tax credit for expenses reteteitinty for alternativegy enetallations. PG\&E did not take a position on the amendedbill.

AB 214 (Skinner) - Chapter 498- This bill reqeireecretary afesto establish procedures for voting during a state of emergency.

AB 340 (Bradford) - Vetoed- This bill whavid required the CPUCo establish a program to encourage the use of women, mirancitydisabled vederbusiness enterprises (WMDVBEsin activities administered through the EPIC profermeto message(p. 16).

AB 366 (Holden) - Two-year bill - The orgivasion of the bill would have complicated our supplier diversity program and harmeg dixivstise suppliersexpanding the definition to include companiesbased on the makeeprofboards and shareholders. PG\&Eworked with the author to removenbest onerous provisions.

AB 628 (Bocanegra) - Chapter 741- This, bi\$ponsored by SempraEnergy, provides a framework for the development of energyemmen plans between port hemblor districts and investor-owned utilities, publicly-outines atid CommunityChoice Aggregators in order to reduce air emissions and premoteic development of the distrfete signing message(p. 15).

AB 869 (Medina) - Oppose - Two-year bill This measurewas sponsored by the Utility Workers of America and was introduced folldurigane Sandy to adduetsisty workforce levels to respond to emergencysituation\$. wheddhave requigess and electric corporations to develop and publisho pheapond to emergenciessastintended to increase the size of the union workforce. The bolppendasydthe author raftutility opposition was presented along with existing mequeter the development of similar plans.

AB 874 (Williams) - Two-year bill - Thésurewould have prohibited investor-owned utilities from recovering anincomsted as a result stfinassor deterring the organizing of employees in labor unions. The bill was sponlserectabifornia ettassociation of Electrical Workers and the Coabf California Utility Employees.

AB 1073 (Torres) - Two-year bill - Thissumeawould have required the development of universal identification badgestforwotikers to be used skeeking access to disaster sites. The bill was sponsored by the CommunicationsNorkers of America and was dropped whenopposition from utilities and other orgamemblathort the bill was unnecessary.

SB 121 (Evans) - Failed - This byiduld have imposedadditional burdensomedisclosure on corporate political botitns. The bill was opposedrbqadabusiness coalition including the California Chamberof Commercend failed passage in committee.

SB 241 (Evans)-Held/Dead—This bill would have imposed a 9.9 percent per barrel oil severance tax.

SB 362 (Padilla) - Support - Chapter 566is bill was a response to voting problems experienced by PG\&Eand otherilityt employees during ewnorrse to Hurricane Sandy. SB 362 gives the governor and the secretarty tife abilitestablish procedures that will allow people to vote wheedab assist in out-ofnstateal disasters.

State Auditor Activity
Intervenor Compensation-On July 16, 2012, Assemblymembetenry T. Perea submitted a request to the Joint Legisfatovit Committee(JLAC) to approve an audit of the CPUC's intervenor compensation program. The reqoneiste $\phi$ a specific scope and task which was approved by the JLAC. On July 23, 2013, the Cふtifitanifuditor aaded their audit (Report 2012-118) that conclunde administrativekneeses, the commissionhas generally awardedcompensation to interveimoraccordance with state law."

## AB 327 (Perea)

To Membersof the California State Assembly:
I amsigning AssemblyBill 327.
This comprehensiverate reform legislation providiesrrtke Public tilisi Commission (CPUC)with the necessary auth witaddress currentctremty ratequities, protect lowincome energy users and maintain robustivescefior renewable energy investments.

Specifically, the bill gives thbeCalthority to craft a nemielectaterusture while increasing statutory discounts for qualifoednetanstomers. It also requires the electric utilities to developbdtikatn infrastructure s tplaensure thaepayer dollars are being utilized in the most efficiepbsswhed. Finally, theakeis itmclear that California's 33\% RenewablePortfolio Standard is a floor, not a ceiling.

As the CPUConsiders rules regagramglfathering of net metering customers, I expect the Commissionto ensure that customers whsearaice under net metqniroy to reaching the statutory net metering cap on or before 1/lyare, protected uthotsie rules for the expected life of their systems.

Sincerely,
EdmundG. Brown Jr.

## AB 628 (Bocanegra)

To the Membersof the California State Assembly:
I amsigning AssemblyBill 628.
This bill authorizes hzantiquort districts to dervergo managemenplans that at a minimuminclude measures developeintly with an electcimprationgas corporations, communitychoice aggregators, or a pudbvinad electric gas utility.

In order for these plans to be pomensoime in reducingeraissions, enhancing energy efficiency, and promoting economicdevelopment, twouddrtsonsult with all public and private partners inotudindependent energy providers, demandresponse companies, and distributed generation companies.

Sincerely,
EdmundG. Brown Jr.

## AB340 (Bradford)

To the Membersof the California State Assembly:
I amreturning AssemblyBill 340 without mysignature.
This bill requires the PubtiesUtiCommissionto estalaliprogram to encourage the use of women,people of color and disabtedan-owned businesses for projects funded by the Electric Program Investment Charge.

This bill inadvertently cdatajiunsge that would jeopardritecal renewable programs funded by this charge.

Sincerely, EdmundG. Brown Jr.

## AB 527 (Gaines)

To the Membersof the California State Assembly:
I amreturning AssemblyBill 527 without mysignature.
This bill requires varemsparency and accountabilitionsacof the Western Climate Initiative, Incorporated (WCI, Inc.), admoditifjarisbody providialgices that support the State's Cap-and-Trade program. Thianbidicessary as WCI, Inc already meets the open meeting, public records and aumiduigements of this bill.
 accountability without thefrifivolous litigapiomsented by this measure.

Sincerely,
EdmundG. Brown Jr.

To the Membersof the California State Assembly:
I amreturning AssemblyBill 841 without mysignature.
This bill would require a junk dealerleor tœomakepaymentsfor the purchase of metal materials only through checks mailed to the seller.

The theft of nonferrous metals has reached epidemic proportions not only in California, but across the United States. In an effort to mombleat,thissigned four lasitls year to prevent more theft. Existing law thequiresseller waid dayes before receiving payment for metal materials, a written recdrdnsicthen, the name, dricerse number, license plate number, thumbprint of the seller, ægrahphotvideo of the seller and the material being sold. How muchmore do you need?

What's really missing today is robust enfoffceureławs. SB 485, which I have signed, shall help do that.

For these reasons I amunablgrtothis bill.
Sincerely,
EdmundG. Brown Jr.
AB 909 (Gray)
To the Membersof the California State Assembly:
I amreturning AssemblyBill 909 without mysignature.
This bill requires the Departnhestice to establish ettad Wheft Task Force Program to provide grants to locwlenlimercement agencies aprosecutors to enforce metal theft and related recycling
laws.
This bill creates a new enforcement effortidemtifying a funding source. Todayl signed SB 485, which does provide a furschimge for greater enforcement within the existing infrastructure. More can celbeiollyne, but let's druisdable funding base.

Sincerely,
EdmundG. Brown Jr.

To the Membersof the California State Senate:
I amreturning Senate Bill 804 without mysignature.
This bill would expand the exiefingtich of biomassconversion to include non-combustion thermal, chemical, oroghical processes.

While I agree with the intent bf labembinute amendments made the bill overly complicated and unworkable.

Therefore, I amdirecting the Departemututes, Recycling ared\&ery, in conjunction with stakeholders, to devempsimle approach that wapply to all biomassfacilities irrespective of the technologies used.

Sincerely,
EdmundG. Brown Jr.

> Letter to the Assembly Journal

## AB270 (Bradford)

September 12, 2013
E. Dotson Wilson

Chief Clerk of the Assembly
State Capitol, Room3196
Sacramento, California
Dear Mr. Wilson:
I would like to submitethes to the Assembly Jourcharifto myintent with respect to provisions in myAssemblyBill reßatong to the creationpubliclywaiłable database of utility energy efficiency data.

It was not my intent to amendor alter timycexisumerprivacy beroprovisions of law and I do not believe AssemblyBildoe870My intent wastrhorize and enable the California Public Utilities
Commissionto makeavailable to the pulatio cettty gyefficiency data and information, subject to all existing utilitprivachstquadectionsd admer laws applicable to such data and information.

Sincerely,

STEVEN. BRADF ORD,Assembly Member
Sixty-second District
Chair, Committeeon Utilities and Commerce

