

## PG&E's Emergency and Disaster Preparedness Plan Review

## Key points and comments from meeting attendees:

- Attendees requested copies of PG&E's power point presentation to be shared with elected officials and other staff.
- Attendees agreed that PG&E's Incident Command System (ICS) and adoption of National Incident Management System (NIMS) recommendations will improve coordination during an actual emergency.
- Attendees agreed that PG&E's emergency plan review meetings were informative and will attend future meetings to discuss PG&E's emergency planning.
- Attendees would like to work in partnership with PG&E to develop utility specific exercises in their areas that include power generation, transmission (electric, gas and hydro) and have increased utility participation in local emergency exercises.
- Attendees want to be on PG&E's Public Partnership email list and receive information in advance of and during storms to improve both situational awareness and local emergency planning processes.
- Attendees would like more locally-specific communication and status reports from PG&E during storms or other events, including ETOR updates. Suggested, where practical, have a direct PG&E point of contact at the local and regional EOCs or participate during Cal EMA conference calls.
- Attendees asked PG&E to consider under what circumstances we could provide information on "essential" and critical" customers as well as medical baseline customers in their jurisdiction to improve local emergency response planning.
- Attendees asked for information on the process for local emergency response teams to seek direct support from PG&E in terms of emergency equipment and personnel, particularly the use of MCV & ECT assets.

- Attendees were interested in attending PG&E trainings to further build mutual understanding and better overall preparedness planning. Examples of the trainings may include, but not limited to: ICS course, HSEEP training, PIO/Liaison training, table top thru full scale exercises.
- Attendees asked PG&E to consider how much GIS information PG&E can share with local jurisdictions during storms, fires, earthquakes, etc. consistent with federal rules to protect critical infrastructure information.