

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

ASSET AND RISK MANAGEMENT
DISTRIBUTION INTEGRITY MANAGEMENT



Attachment J

Rev 0

Leak Repair Data Reformatting and Scrub Process

3/14/2014

Contents

1. Purpose	2
2. Process Overview	2
3. Initial Data Extraction.....	2
4. Reformat Data Set	3
5. Identify Transmission and Gathering Leaks	4
6. Determine Reportable and Non-Reportable Leaks	5
7. Leak Data Normalization	7
8. Additional Review of Leak Data	14
9. Final Data Set Review	16
10. Independent QC Review	19
11. Final Formatting of the Data Set	19
13. Final Deliverables	19
14. References	19

1. Purpose

- 1.1. This process was developed to improve the consistency of key Leak repair data field values for use in Distribution Integrity Management Program (DIMP) risk analysis and Pipeline and Hazardous Material Safety Administration (PHMSA) 7100.1-1 Annual Report submission.

The review of Leak repair data reported by Company employees in prior years indicates that some selections made on the Leak repair form are not always consistent with other values selected on the form or with the free-form comments that employees provide. For example, the selection of 'Corrosion' as the Leak Cause for a plastic main or service line is one example of inconsistent reporting. This process seeks to identify the most accurate values for the Leak Cause, Line Use, Leak Source, and Line Material by utilizing the available information in the employee comments and other relevant data fields. Use of the scrubbed data for both the risk analysis and 7100.1-1 report should provide the most accurate data available and more closely represent the true results rather than relying on the Leak repair data as reported.

2. Process Overview

21. The following is an overview of the scrub process steps. There is further discussion in the relevant section below:
22. Initial data extraction from Leak management system (Integrated Gas Information System (IGIS) or SAP)
23. Reformat data set to prepare for scrubbing
24. Identify Transmission and Gathering Leaks
25. Determine reportable and non-reportable Leaks
26. Apply data normalization values
27. Review Leaks with inconsistent values as well as Leaks with "unknown" and "other" values
28. QC the final scrubbed data set based on the Final Data Set Review
29. Perform Independent QC Review
210. Perform final reformatting
211. Archiving and Final Deliverables

3. Initial Data Extraction

- 3.1. Contact Gas Tech Specialist from DIMP Risk Management to extract IGIS Leak data (a process will be developed for SAP once requirements are known) using the following SQL statement:

```
select l.leakno "Leak Number", d.div_l_name "Division Name", a.dist_name  
"District Name", l.city "City",  
  
d.division "Division Number", a.dist_num "District Number", l.map "Map",  
l.plat "Plat", l.block "Block",  
l.cparea "CP Area", u.line_use_desc "Line Use of Inspected Pipe", l.yearcon  
"Year Installed", l.grade "Current Grade",  
h.new_grade "Initial Grade", c.cause_desc "Reported Cause", s.sourcedesc  
"Reported Leak Source", i.remarks "Inspection Remarks",  
r.repair_loc "Repair Location", r.remarks "Repair Remarks",  
i.tee_cap_cracking "Tee Cap Cracking",
```

```
m.mat_desc "Line Material (Pipe Data)", f.mat_desc "Line Material
(Inspection)", g.mat_desc "Line Material (Repair Data)",
l.pres_code "Pressure", l.mop "MOP", l.diameter "Diameter (Pipe Data)",
i.diameter "Diameter (Inspection)",
k.description "Surface Over Pipe (Inspection)", kk.description "Surface at
Read Location", l.wall2wall "Wall-Wall",
l.location "Leak Location", l.above_grnd "Pipe Exposed", w.reportfrom
"Reported By", trunc(l.date_reptd) "Reported",
trunc(r.repaired) "Repaired", l.high_consequence_area "HCA", i.nearpublic
"Near Public Assembly", l.fedrl_land "Federal Land",
l.emp_injury "Employee Injury", l.oth_injury "Other Injury", l.damage "Damage
($)", l.emp_fatal "Fatality Employee",
l.oth_fatal "Fatality Other", l.inci_cause "Incident Cause",
trunc(l.usa_date) "USA Date", l.usa_called "USA Called"
from leaks_in l, repair_in r, insepct_in i, division d, district a, line_use
u, leak_cause c,
leaksource s, material m, material f, material g, reported w, surface kk,
surface k, check_in h
where l.leakno = r.leakno
and l.leakno = h.leakno
and h.check_num = 0
and l.leakno = i.leakno (+)
and l.division = d.division
and l.dist_num = a.dist_num
and l.line_use = u.line_use
and l.cause = c.cause
and l.source = s.source
and r.repl_with = g.mat_code (+)
and l.mat_code = m.mat_code
and i.mat_code = f.mat_code (+)
and i.surface = k.code (+)
and l.surface = kk.code (+)
and l.reportby = w.reportby
and r.repaired >= '1-September-2013'
and r.repaired < '2-September-2013'
and r.repair_num = '1'
and i.insplineno (+) = 1
order by d.div_l_name, a.dist_name, l.leakno
```

Note: SQL code must be updated for desired date repaired range.

- 3.2. Receive data in Excel format and name file "All Leaks Repair_YearMonthDay_YearMonthDay", where "YearMonthDay" refers to the date range of the data.
 - 3.3. Archive file to \DIMP\1. System Knowledge\IGIS\Year\Scrub raw
 - 3.4. Save working file to \DIMP\2. DIMP Compliance\2. Threat Identification\Year\Known Threats\IGIS\Scrub Working
4. Reformat Data Set
 - 4.1. Add columns for population during the scrub process, including:
 - 4.1.1. DMP (Division-Map-Plat)
 - 4.1.1.1. Concatenate values from Division, Map, and Plat fields using the equation:

=CONCATENATE(Division, "-Map", "-Plat)

Leak Repair Data Reformating and Scrub Process

- 4.1.1.2. Copy the resultant values in the BMP column and paste values in the same column. This will remove the equation.
 - 4.1.1.3. Scrub the data for Map/P Lat /Block consistency (i.e. Map should read 0001 instead of __1)
 - 4.1.2. Cause
 - 4.1.3. Line Use
 - 4.1.4. Leak Source
 - 4.1.5. Material
 - 4.1.6. Diameter
 - 4.1.7. Grade
 - 4.1.8. Response Time
 - 4.1.9. Surface
 - 4.1.10. Near Public
 - 4.1.11. Near Public (GIS)
 - 4.1.12. Damage Risk
 - 4.1.13. Damage Firal
 - 4.1.14. Injury Risk
 - 4.1.15. Injury Other Firal
 - 4.1.16. Fatality Risk
 - 4.1.17. Fatality Other Firal
 - 4.1.18. TLA
 - 4.1.19. Cause Change?
 - 4.1.20. Line Use Change?
 - 4.1.21. Leak source Change?
 - 4.1.22. Grade Change?
 - 4.1.23. Material Change?
- 4.2. Change Grade "2+" Leaks to Grade "1.5"
- 4.3. For Leaks where "Surface Over Pipe" or "Surface at Read Location" is reported as "Unsurfaced", change the value to "Soil (Previously Unsurfaced)".
5. Identify Transmission and Gathering Leaks and Distribution Main > 60 psig
- 5.1. Identify "Line Use" of "Transmission" from the Transmission Integrity Management Program (TIMP) data Extract
 - 5.1.1. Extract "Leaks" feature class from TIMP Geographic Information System (GIS).
 - 5.1.2. Extract "Denormalized Transmission Main" feature class from TIMP GIS.
 - 5.1.3. Querying transmission Leaks:
 - 5.1.3.1. Spatially join Leaks and mains using the Closest method.
 - 5.1.3.2. Based on the Leak table attribute "INSTATUS", filter on:
 - 5.1.3.2.1. Null
 - 5.1.3.2.2. OPS Leak Active Pipe
 - 5.1.3.2.3. OPS Leak Deactivated
 - 5.1.3.2.4. OPS Leak Active Pipe Assured
 - 5.1.3.2.5. OPS Non-Leak
 - 5.1.4. Based on the Leak table attribute "TransDef", filter on any value that begins with a 'T'.

- 5.1.5. Based on the mains table attribute "TransDef", filter on any value that begins with a 'T'.
 - 5.1.6. Use VLOOKUP to assign Line Use as "Transmission" for matching leaks.
 - 5.1.7. The lines determined to be Transmission shall be removed from the Data Scrub and copied into a new sheet titled "Transmission Leaks".
- 5.2. Further identify "Line Use" of "DistributionMain>60 psig" from T IMP data extract
 - 5.2.1. Extract transmission main leaks from T IMP GIS.
 - 5.2.2. Extract denormalized transmission mains from T IMP GIS.
 - 5.2.3. Query out DistributionMain >60psig leaks
 - 5.2.3.1. Spatially join leaks and mains.
 - 5.2.3.2. Based on the leak table attribute "INSTATUS", filter on:
 - 5.2.3.2.1. NULL
 - 5.2.3.2.2. 60psi Leak
 - 5.2.3.2.3. OPS Leak Active Pipe Assumed, and
 - 5.2.3.2.4. OPS Non-Leak
 - 5.2.3.3. Based on the leak table attribute "TransDef", filter on:
 - 5.2.3.3.1. NULL
 - 5.2.3.3.2. D, or
 - 5.2.3.3.3. DI
 - 5.2.3.4. Based on the centerline table attribute "TransDef", filter on:
 - 5.2.3.4.1. NULL
 - 5.2.3.4.2. D, or
 - 5.2.3.4.3. DI.
 - 5.2.3.5. Use VLOOKUP to assign Line Use as DistributionMain>60 psig
6. Determine Reportable and Non-Reportable Leaks
 - 6.1. PG&E uses Tighten, Lubricate, or Adjust (TLA) Codes as a method to classify which repaired leaks fit the PHMSA definition of "reportable". Reportable leaks are given TLA Codes 2 and 3 (see further definition below) and will be included in the risk evaluation. Non-reportable leaks are assigned TLA Code 1 and are also included in the risk evaluation and used during root cause analysis.
 - 6.2. Table 1 below contains TLA code examples that are used during the scrub process. If during the scrub process more examples are found they shall be added to the Table 1 list.
 - 6.3. All Grade 1 leaks are reportable and shall be classified as a TLA code 2.
 - 6.4. Code 1 is assigned to leak repairs that are not reportable to PHMSA
 - 6.4.1. Assign Code 1 if there are repair remarks such as:
 - 6.4.1.1. "tight", "tighten"
 - 6.4.1.2. "adjust"
 - 6.4.1.3. "lubed"
 - 6.4.1.4. "grease"

- 6.4.1.5. "operated"
- 6.4.1.6. "removed, capped and tightened"
- 6.4.1.7. "removed, capped and replaced same".

6.5. Code 2 is assigned to reportable leaks. This includes replacement of assets and other leak repairs such as welds.

6.5.1. Assign Code 2 if repair remarks include something similar to:

- 6.5.1.1. "Removed, capped and replaced"
- 6.5.1.2. "removed and replaced".

6.5.2. Examples:

- 6.5.2.1. Replaced service valve.
- 6.5.2.2. Replace valve/plug/plastic tee cap and rebuilt meter set and/or irons and/or regulator
- 6.5.2.3. Clamps
- 6.5.2.4. Welds
- 6.5.2.5. Replace entire service

6.6. Code 3 – Data inconclusive

6.6.1. Assign Code 3 if the repair cannot be clearly assigned to any of the other codes. Usually used when Cause/Source/Repair/Remarks= Other or Unknown.

Table 1 – TLA Code Examples

Data Keywords	TLA Code
Reinstalled service valve or riser valve	
Tight or tighten	1
Adjust	1
Lubed or Greased	1
Operated	1
Removed, capped and tightened	1
Replace same	1
Bell Joint	2
Deactivate	2
Replacing Tees	2
Trident Seal	2
Soap/Tape	2
Aquawrap	2
Replumb	2
SPJC = Skimmer Pipe Joint Clamp	

1

2

Repair Description: Replace Main Valve < 2 inch – Replace or Replace Main Valve ≥ 2 inch		
Install service valve or riser valve		2
Weld	2	
Peened	2	
Replace	2	
Change nipple	2	
Installed raw plug	2	
Replace bell reducer		2
Replace fitting and tighten valve		2
Replaced bypass T	2	
Replaced Riser, bell reducer		2
Replaced elbow	2	
Replace Main/Curb valve		2
Installed raw clamp		2
Replaced old clamp	2	
Replace section of pipe		2
Deactivate or "install dead end"		2
Blank	3	
No leak found	3	
Other or Unknown	3	

7. Leak Data Normalization

7.1. Use the tables below to populate the Risk Algorithm (RA) columns of the spreadsheet prior to in-depth review. Allowable entries for Cause, Line Use, Leak Source, and Material can be found in Table 2.

7.2. Mark "Yes" in the "Cause Change?", "Line Use Change?", "Leak Source Change?", or "Material Change?" columns if the final Cause, Line Use, Leak Source, or Material, respectively, differ from the values shown in Table 3 - Table 6.

Table 2 – Leak Data Normalization Allowable Entries

Line Use
Main
Service
Distribution Main ≥ 60 psig
Above Ground Facility
Riser Below Ground
Unknown

Material
Plastic
Steel
Copper
Wrought Iron
Cast Iron
Unknown

Leak Repair Data Reformatting and Scrub Process

Ductile Iron

Leak Source
Riser
Fitting
Valve
Plastic Tee Cap
Pipe
Regulator
Unknown

Cause
Excavation
Corrosion
Incorrect Operation
Equipment
Material or Welds
Natural Force
Other Outside Force
Other

Table 3 – Leak Data Normalization – Leak Cause

	IGIS or SAP Leak Cause Value	Risk Assessment (RA) Database Field Value
	Atmospheric Corrosion	Corrosion
	External Corrosion	Corrosion
	Internal Corrosion	Corrosion
	Stress Corrosion Cracking	Corrosion
	Earthquake	Natural Force
	Damage by Earth Movement	Natural Force
	Damage by Heavy Rains/Flood	Natural Force
	Other Natural Forces	Natural Force
	Lightning	Natural Force
	Root Damage	Natural Force
	Dig-In/Excavation	Excavation
	Damage by 3rd Party (if Above Ground)	Other Outside Force
	Damage by 3rd Party (if Below Ground)	Excavation
	Damage by Electrical Facility	Other Outside Force
	Deliberate Acts/Vandalism	Other Outside Force
	Fire or Explosion on Customer Facilities	Other Outside Force
	Fire or Explosion on Company Facilities	Other Outside Force
	Vehicle	Other Outside Force
	Rodent	Other Outside Force

END

Compression Coupling	Material or Welds
Material Failure	Material or Welds
Plastic Crack Failure	Material or Welds
Plastic Embrittlement	Material or Welds
Weld Failure	Material or Welds
Equipment Malfunction	Equipment
Leak Source = Valve, Regulator & Reported Cause = Construction Defect	Equipment (otherwise Construction Defect = Material or Weld)
Incorrect Operation	Incorrect Operation
No/Deteriorated Pipe Dope	Other
Other	Other
Previously Damaged (If above ground)	Other Outside Force
Previously Damaged (If belowground)	Excavation
Unknown (Incl . Replaced facility)	Other
Cast Iron Fractures	Material or Welds
None Recorded	Other

Table 4 – Leak Data Normalization – Line Use

	IGS or SAP Line Use Description	Risk Assessment (RA) Database Field Value
NORMALIZATION	All Branch Service and Single Service	Service
	All Dist Main	Main
	If Line Use Description: Blank	Unknown
	Transmission	Distribution Main > 60 psig
	Gathering	Distribution Main > 60 psig
	Distr Main (> 60 PS & < 20S)	Distribution Main > 60 psig
	If "Leak Location" = Above Ground And if "Surface Over Pipe" (Inspection) = Above Ground	Above Ground Facility
	IGS or SAP Leak Cause Value = Vehicle	Above Ground Facility

Table 5 – Leak Data Normalization – Leak Source

IGS or SAP Leak Source Value	RA Database Field Value
------------------------------	-------------------------

TABLE	Bell Joint	Pipe
	Body of Pipe	Pipe
	Clamp	Pipe
	Compression Coupling Steel	Fitting
	Compression Coupling SS	Fitting
	Compression Coupling	Fitting
	Compression Coupling Plastic	Fitting
	Curb Valve	Valve
	Drip	Fitting
	Encapsulation	Fitting
	Fitting	Fitting
	Fusion Joint	Pipe
	Girth Weld	Pipe
	Line Valve	Valve
	Longitudinal Weld	Pipe
	Mechanical Joint	Fitting
	Non-corrodible prefab riser	Riser
	Not Recorded	Unknown
	Other	Unknown
	Other Mechanical Joint	Fitting
	Other Welds	Pipe
	Plastic Tee Cap	Plastic Tee Cap
	Pressure Control Fittings	Fitting
	Regulator / Pilot	Regulator
	Riser	Riser
	Riser Inset Kit	Riser
	Riser Valve Threads	Riser
	Stub Type Fittings	Fitting
	Tap Connection	Fitting
	Threads (on Service or Above Ground Facility)	Riser
	Threads (Main or Distribution Main)	Pipe
	Unknown	Unknown
	Valve	Valve
IGIS or SAP Leak Cause Value = Excavation	Pipe	

Table 6 – Leak Data Normalization – Line Material

TABLE	IGIS or SAP Line Material (Pipe Data) & Line Material (Inspection) Values	Risk Assessment (RA) Database Field Value
	If both column values match	IGIS or SAP Line Material (Pipe Data)

If columns do not match - Line Material (Pipe Data) takes precedence	IGIS or SAP Line Material (Pipe Data)
If "Line Material (Pipe Data)" is blank	IGIS or SAP Line Material (Inspection)
If all Line Material columns are blank	Unknown
If columns do not match, but each has a plastic value	Plastic
IGIS or SAP Leak Cause Value = Excavation	IGIS or SAP Line Material (Pipe Data)
Alloy A	Plastic
Casing	Unknown
Cast Iron	Cast Iron
Cast/Ductile Iron	Cast Iron
Copper	Copper
Ductile Iron	Ductile Iron
Other	Unknown
Other Plastic	Plastic
FE 2406 (Orange)	Plastic
FE 2406/2708 (Yellow)	Plastic
FE 3408 (Black)	Plastic
FE 4710 (Black)	Plastic
Steel	Steel
Wrought Iron	Wrought Iron
Steel/Wrought Iron	Steel
IGIS or SAP Leak Source Value = Regulator	Steel
IGIS or SAP Leak Source Value = Plastic Tee Cap & reported material is metallic	Plastic

7.3. Secondary Data Sources

In the case of missing data use Table 7 to utilize secondary data sources.

Table 7 – Secondary Data Sources to Supplement Missing Data

Column Heading	Primary data source	Secondary data source
Leak Number	IGIS or SAP	n/a
Division	IGIS or SAP	Pathfinder GIS
District	IGIS or SAP	Pathfinder GIS
City	IGIS or SAP	Pathfinder GIS
Line Use	IGIS or SAP	Plat sheet
Leak grade	IGIS or SAP	n/a
Reported Leak Cause	IGIS or SAP	n/a

Leak Source	IGS or SAP	n/a
Material of Leaking Component	IGS or SAP (Pipe Data)	IGS or SAP Line Material (Inspection)
Pressure	IGS or SAP	SynerGIE
Diameter	IGS or SAP (Pipe)	IGS Diameter (Inspection)
Surface Over Pipe	IGS or SAP (Inspection)	IGS or SAP - (Surface Over Read Location)
Repair Date	IGS or SAP	n/a
Report Date	IGS or SAP	n/a
Proximity to Areas of Public Assembly	IGS or SAP	IGS Public Assembly Data
Employee & Other Injury	RiskMaster	IGS or SAP
Employee & Other Fatality	RiskMaster	IGS or SAP
Damage Cost	RiskMaster	IGS or SAP
Wall to Wall Paving	IGS or SAP	n/a

- 7.4. Procedure to fill in any missing Near Public data. Sensitivity analysis indicates this data field requires a procedure to fill in missing data.
- 7.4.1. Identify list of leaks with missing near public data.
 - 7.4.2. LOAD this list of leak data into a new geodatabase table.
 - 7.4.3. RELATE the leak data table to the latest IGS or SAP leak feature class.
 - 7.4.4. EXPORT the selection as a new feature class; this will create a spatially-enabled layer of leaks without near public data.
 - 7.4.5. Using the SELECT BY LOCATION tool, select leaks that are within 100 feet of the point features from "PublicAssembly_yearmonthday".
 - 7.4.6. FIELD CALCULATE the "NearPublic" field with the value "Y".
 - 7.4.7. Using the SELECT BY ATTRIBUTE tool, select those leaks where the "NearPublic" does not have the value "Y".
 - 7.4.8. FIELD CALCULATE the "NearPublic" field with the value "N".
 - 7.4.9. Using SELECT BY ATTRIBUTES verify there are no null, blank, or unknown values in the "NearPublic" field, using "Get Unique Values".
 - 7.4.10. EXPORT the updated data as a .dbf.
 - 7.4.11. Overwrite "NearPublic(IGS)" field in scrubbed data set with updated data export.
 - 7.4.12. Populate the "NearPublic" column with data from the "Near Public Assembly" column, if this is blank use the "NearPublic(IGS)" column

- 7.5. For other fields, a specific procedure will be developed if missing data is observed via the data review outlined in Attachment H
- 7.6. Additional Data Normalization

- 7.6.1. If "Leak Source" equals "Riser" and "Surface Over Pipe" does not equal "Above Ground" or "Exposed Facility" And "Leak Location" equals "B" then populate "Line Use" column as "Riser Below Ground"

Surface Over Pipe And Leak Location / Leak Source	Line Use RA Value
"Surface Over Pipe" Is not "Above Ground" or "Exposed Facility" And "Leak Location" = "B" and "Leak Source" = "Riser"	Riser Below Ground

- 7.6.2. Change Leak Source to "Riser" if the pre-populated RA field for Leak Source is populated with "Pipe" and "Line Use" is populated with "Above Ground Facility"

Original RA Leak Source & Line Use Values	Leak Source RA Value
Leak Source = "Pipe" and Line Use = "Above Ground Facility"	Riser

- 7.6.3. Change "Line Use" to "Service" if the RA field for "Line Use" is populated with "Main" and "Leak Source" is populated with "Plastic Tee Cap"

Original RA Leak Source & Line Use Values	Line Use RA Value
Leak Source = "Plastic Tee Cap" and Line Use = "Main"	Service

- 7.6.4. If IGIS or SAP Leak Cause = Corrosion (any type) and all reported material fields indicate nonmetallic, perform a more detailed review of "Repair Location," "Repair Remarks," or "Inspection Remarks" columns, to determine if cause was actually corrosion. If remarks indicate work was done on riser or if the "Leak Source" is populated with "Riser", change "Material" to "Steel", otherwise change "Cause" to "Other".
- 7.6.5. Populate the RA Diameter column from "Diameter (Pipe)", for leaks where there is no data in the "Diameter (Pipe)" field, use data from the "Diameter (Inspection)" field to populate the RA "Diameter" column.
- 7.6.6. Populate the Surface column from "Surface Over Pipe (Inspection)", for leaks where there is no data in the "Surface Over Pipe (Inspection)" field, use data from the "Surface at Read Location" field
- 7.6.7. Populate the RA "Grade" column using the "Initial Grade" data for the case where "Initial Grade" has been downgraded from a 1 or 1.5. For all other cases populate the "Grade" column using "Current Grade" data. For the cases where

“Initial Grade” is used instead of “Current Grade” place a “Yes” in the “Grade Change?” column.

- 7.6.8. RiskMaster Update
 - 7.6.8.1. Obtain RiskMaster data for “Event Injury”, “Event Fatality” and “Billed Amount” from the Damage Prevention Group.
 - 7.6.8.2. Populate the “Injury Risk”, “Fatality Risk” and “Damage Risk” columns using VLOOKUP to import data from the RiskMaster data set.
 - 7.6.8.3. Populate the RA “Damage Final” column using data from “Damage Risk”, for leaks where there is no data for “Damage Risk” use data from “Damage (\$)”
 - 7.6.8.4. Populate the RA “Injury Other Final” column using data from “Injury Risk”, for leaks where there is no data in “Injury Risk” use data from “Injury Other”.
 - 7.6.8.5. Populate the RA “Fatality Other Final” column using data from “Fatality Risk”, for leaks where there is no data in “Fatality Risk” use data from “Fatality Other”.

8. Additional Review of Leak Data

The intent of this section is to provide a more detailed review of leaks where “Unknown” or “Other” were entered in the Risk Assessment (RA) Cause, Leak source, Line Use, or Material column.

- 8.1. Begin review for Cause information. A breakdown of repair information to identify Cause RA Field is listed in Table 8.
 - 8.1.1. If Cause is “Other”
 - 8.1.1.1. Change to “Corrosion” if remarks indicate pitting, rust, etc. and leak source is metallic.
 - 8.1.1.2. Change to “Excavation” if remarks indicate mechanical damage and leak source is below ground (if it is unclear if leak source is above or below ground, assume below ground, therefore cause is “excavation”).
 - 8.1.1.3. Change to “Equipment” if remarks indicate equipment (valve, regulator, coupling, union, o-ring, gasket, etc.) is leaking. Change to “Material / Weld” if remarks indicate cracking, defect, failure, repair weld, etc. (if remarks indicate defect or failure and leak source is equipment, cause may be Equipment)
 - 8.1.1.4. Change to “Other Outside Force” if remarks indicate mechanical damage and leak source is above ground (if it is unclear if leak source is above or below ground, assume below ground, therefore cause is “excavation”).
 - 8.1.1.5. Change to “Incorrect Operation” if remarks indicate improper installation or maintenance caused the leak.
 - 8.1.1.6. Change to “Natural Force” if remarks indicate land movement, flood, etc.

- 8.1.1.7. For all remaining leaks where insufficient information is available to make a more accurate cause determination, leave cause as "Other".

Table 8 – Review of Repair Information to Populate Cause Risk Assessment (FA) Field

Repair Location / Repair Remarks / Inspection Remarks	Cause Risk Assessment (FA) Field
Pitting, rust, corrosion	Corrosion
Mechanical damage and leak source is below ground or not clear	Excavation
Leaking valve, regulator, coupling, union, o-ring, gasket	Equipment
Crack, defect, failure	Material or Weld
Crack, defect, failure and leak source is equipment	Equipment
Mechanical damage and leak source is clearly above ground	Other Outside Force
Improper installation or maintenance	Incorrect Operation
Land movement, flood	Natural Force
Blank or insufficient information	Other

- 8.2. Begin review for Line Use Information
- 8.2.1. If Line Use is "Unknown", perform a more detailed review of "Repair Location," "Repair Remarks," or "Inspection Remarks" columns, to more accurately classify "Line Use"
- 8.2.2. If any rows remain for which sufficient data is unavailable to make a Line Use determination, place "Unknown" in the FA "Line Use" column.
- 8.3. Begin Review for Leak Source information
- 8.3.1. If the leak source is "Unknown", perform a search in "Repair Location", "Repair Remarks", or "Inspection Remarks" for the following key words: Riser, Fitting, Valve, Plastic Tee Cap, Regulator, or pipe. If there is a clear indication that a specific part was leaking (e.g. "leaking valve"), place the respective part identification (riser, fitting, etc.) in the FA "Leak Source" column.
- 8.3.2. If there is not a clear indication the part is leaking, leave as "Unknown".
- 8.4. Begin review for Material information
- 8.4.1. If the FA Line Material is "Unknown", use information in "Repair Location," "Repair Remarks," or "Inspection Remarks" columns to determine the material of the leaking component.
- 8.4.2. Verify that materials listed as "Wrought Iron" or "Ductile Iron" are not actually steel using the "Repair Location," "Repair Remarks," or "Inspection Remarks" columns, change material to "steel" if the information in these columns indicates the failing part is made of steel.

- 8.4.3. If the Line material is "Casing" or "Other", use the "Repair Location," "Repair Remarks," or "Inspection Remarks" columns to determine the actual material type
 - 8.4.3.1. "Casing" is not an option on the A-form. If "Casing" is the reported material and no additional information is available, Change Material to "Unknown".
 - 8.4.4. If there is not enough information to make a material determination, enter "Unknown" in the Risk Assessment (RA) "Material" column
9. Final Data Set Review
- 9.1. Cause
 - 9.1.1. Review Cause entries for all leaks to verify only the 8 primary causes are used.
 - 9.1.2. Filter for Cause Change = Yes and check that the change made was correct.
 - 9.1.3. Filter cause for "Corrosion", and then filter Material for "Plastic". Reconcile if Corrosion/Material are correct. Material must be metallic if cause = Corrosion.
 - 9.1.4. Filter Reported Cause column for "Stress Corrosion Cracking" and send Leak data for each of these leaks to Bryan Wirget (EDWN), Corrosion Engineer, for further analysis.
 - 9.1.5. Filter Reported Cause column for "Other", "No/Deteriorated Pipe Dope", and "Unknown" then filter out "Other" from Cause column and verify changes are correct.
 - 9.2. Line Use
 - 9.2.1. Review Line Use entries for all leaks to verify only valid Line Use entries are used per Table 2.
 - 9.2.2. Filter for Line Use Change = Yes and check that changes made were correct.
 - 9.3. Leak source
 - 9.3.1. Review Leak Source entries to verify only the primary Leak sources shown in Table 2.
 - 9.3.2. Filter for Leak Source change = Yes and check that the change made was correct.
 - 9.3.3. For Plastic Tee caps, verify material is plastic.
 - 9.4. Material
 - 9.4.1. Review Material entries for all leaks to verify only valid Material entries are used per Table 2.
 - 9.4.2. Filter Material column for each possible entry (except "Unknown") and scan to make sure they are correct per Table 6.
 - 9.4.3. Filter for Material Change = Yes and check that changes made were correct.
 - 9.5. Final Deliverable

Leak Repair Data Reformating and Scrub Process

- 9.5.1. Format the columns based on Table 9 – Data Fields for DMP, remove all columns not shown in this table.
- 9.5.2. Enter 'NULL' in all blank cells with the exception of Map and Plat Data fields.

Table 9 – Data Fields for DMP

Workbook Column	Original Column Name	Final Column Name	Field Data Source	Final Field Format	Where used
A	LEAKNO	Leak Number	A-Form Initial Data	Number	RCA
B	Division Name	Division Name	A-Form Pipe ID	Text	RCA
C	District Name	District Name	A-Form Pipe ID	Text	RCA
D	City	City	A-Form Initial Data	Text	RCA
E	Division	Division Number	A-Form Pipe ID	Number	RCA, scrubbing
F	Map	Map	A-Form Mapping Data	Number	RCA, scrubbing
G	Plat	Plat	A-Form Mapping Data	Number	RCA, scrubbing
H	Block	Block	A-Form Mapping Data	Number	RCA
I		DMP	Calculated	Number	RCA
J	CFA	CP Area	A-Form Mapping Data	Number	RCA
K	Line Use of Inspected Pipe	Line Use of Inspected Pipe	A-Form Pipe Data	Text	RCA, scrubbing
L	YEARCON	Year Installed	A-Form Mapping Data	Number	RCA
M		Initial Grade	A-Form Initial Data	Number	Scrubbing
N	Grade	Current Grade	A-Form Initial Data	Number	Scrubbing
O		Grade	Scrubbed	Number	Risk Model, RCA
P		Cause	Scrubbed	Text	Risk Model, RCA
Q	Leak Cause	Reported Cause	A-Form Pipe Data	Text	RCA
R		Line Use	Scrubbed	Text	Risk Model, RCA
S		Leak Source	Scrubbed	Text	RCA
T	Leak Source	Reported Leak Source	A-Form Pipe Data	Text	RCA
U	TEE_CAP_CRACKING	Tee Cap Cracking	A-Form Plastic Pipe Condition	Text	RCA
V		Material	Scrubbed	Text	RCA
W	Line Material	Line Material (Pipe)	A-Form Pipe Data	Text	Scrubbing
X	Insp Material	Line Material (Inspection)	A-Form General Inspection Data	Text	Scrubbing, RCA
Y	FRES_CODE	Pressure	A-Form Mapping Data	Text	Risk Model
Z	MOP	MOP	A-Form Mapping Data	Number	RCA
AA	Pipe DIAMETER	Diameter (Pipe)	A-Form Pipe Data	Number	Scrubbing, RCA
AB	Insp DA	Diameter (Inspection)	A-Form General Inspection Data	Number	Scrubbing, RCA
AC		Surface	Scrubbed	Text	Risk Model
AD	Surface Over Pipe	Surface Over Pipe	A-Form General Inspection	Text	Risk Model

RMP-15, Attachment J
Leak Repair Data Reformating and Scrub Process

			Data)		FOA, Scrubbing
AE	Surface Over Read Location	Surface Over Read Location	A- Form Initial Data	Text	Scrubbing
AF	WALL2/WALL	Wall/Wall	A- Form Pipe Data)	Text	Risk Model
AG	ABOVEGRND	Pipe Exposed	A- Form Pipe Data	Text	FOA
AH	Leak Location	Leak Location	A- Form Initial Data	Text	Scrubbing
AI	Reported By	Reported By	A- Form Initial Data	Text	FOA
AJ	DATE_REPID	Reported	A- Form Initial Data	Date	Scrubbing
AK	REPAIRED	Repaired	A- Form Repair Data	Date	FOA, Scrubbing
AL		Response Time	Scrubbed	Number	FOA
AM		Near Public	Scrubbed	Text	Risk Model
AN	NEARPUBLIC	Near Public Assembly	A- Form General Inspection Data)	Text	Risk Model
AO		Near Public (GIS)	GIS	Text	Scrubbing
AP	FEDRLAND	Federal Land	A- Form Mapping Data	Text	
AQ	EMP_INJURY	Injury Employee	A- Form Gas Quarterly Incident Data	Number	Risk Model
AR		Injury Other Fatal	Scrubbed	Number	Risk Model
AS		Injury Risk	RiskMaster	Number	Scrubbing
AT	OTH_INJURY	Injury Other	A- Form Gas Quarterly Incident Data	Number	Scrubbing
AU		Damage Fatal	Scrubbed	Number	Risk Model
AV		Damage Risk	RiskMaster	Number	Scrubbing
AV	DAMAGE	Damage (\$)	A- Form Gas Quarterly Incident Data	Number	Scrubbing
AX	EMP_FATAL	Fatality Employee	A- Form Gas Quarterly Incident Data	Number	Risk Model
AY		Fatality Other Fatal	Scrubbed	Number	Risk Model
AZ		Fatality Risk	RiskMaster	Number	Scrubbing
BA	OTH_FATAL	Fatality Other	A- Form Gas Quarterly Incident Data	Number	Scrubbing
BB	INCI_CAUSE	Incident Cause	A- Form Pipe Data	Text	FOA
BC	USA_DATE	USA Date	A- Form Initial Data	Date	FOA
BD	USA_CALLED	USA Called	A- Form Initial Data	Text	FOA
BE	District	District Number	A- Form Pipe ID	Number	FOA
BF		Cause Change ?	Scrubbed	Text	FOA
BG		Line Use Change?	Scrubbed	Text	FOA
BH		Leak Source Change?	Scrubbed	Text	FOA
BI		Material Change ?	Scrubbed	Text	FOA
BJ		Grade Change?	Scrubbed	Text	FOA
BK		Diameter	Scrubbed	Number	Risk Model FOA
BL		TIA	Scrubbed	Number	FOA

10. Independent QC Review

This part of the leak data scrub shall be completed by another DIMP team member.

- 10.1. Beginning with the raw data set, complete Steps 3-7 of this process.
- 10.2. Randomly select 10% of the remaining leaks and complete Step 8 on these leaks.
- 10.3. Compare the results of the scrubbed 10% with the same leaks in the complete scrubbed data set by reviewing the results in the following fields:
 - 10.3.1. Cause
 - 10.3.2. Line Use
 - 10.3.3. Leak Source
 - 10.3.4. Material
- 10.4. Where discrepancies between the two data sets exist, the first and second data reviewer must meet to determine the most accurate final value.
- 10.5. If data discrepancies cannot be resolved, document the percent discrepancies between the two scrubbed data sets for each field (Cause, Line Use, Leak Source, and Material)
- 10.6. Send this information to Supervisor of Risk Management for determination of whether or not an acceptable level of error exists.
- 10.7. Check for cases where Line Use = "Main" and Leak Source = "Riser". Record the number and percentage of these occurrences.
- 10.8. Check for cases where Line Use = "Above Ground Facility" and Leak Source = "Valve". Record the number and percentage of these occurrences.

11. Final Formatting of the Data Set

- 11.1. Remove the Repair Location, Repair Description, and Remarks columns, keeping only the columns shown in Table 9.
- 11.2. Remove extra spaces after text in the "Reported By" and "Incident Cause" columns.
- 11.3. Change final field format, as necessary, as shown in Table 9.

12. Archiving

The purpose of archiving is to be able to recreate the process used for data scrubbing

- 12.1. Create Word document describing Metadata for data scrubbing process including:
 - 12.1.1. Description of files and what they were used for
 - 12.1.2. Document any assumptions that were made
- 12.2. Store raw files at DIMP\2. DIMP Compliance\2. Threat Identification\ "Year"\ Known Threats\ IGIS\Scrub Working.

13. Final Deliverables

- 13.1. Store Final scrubbed data set at DIMP\2. DIMP Compliance\2. Threat Identification\ "Year"\ Known Threats\ IGIS\Scrub Final
- 13.2. Send email to DIMP Risk Management team that scrub process is complete
- 13.3. Update I CAM, or equivalent tracking system, that scrub process is complete

14. References

14.1. A-Form Instruction, Job Aid TD-4110P-3-JA01