

Powering California Forward

CPUC Thought Leaders Series

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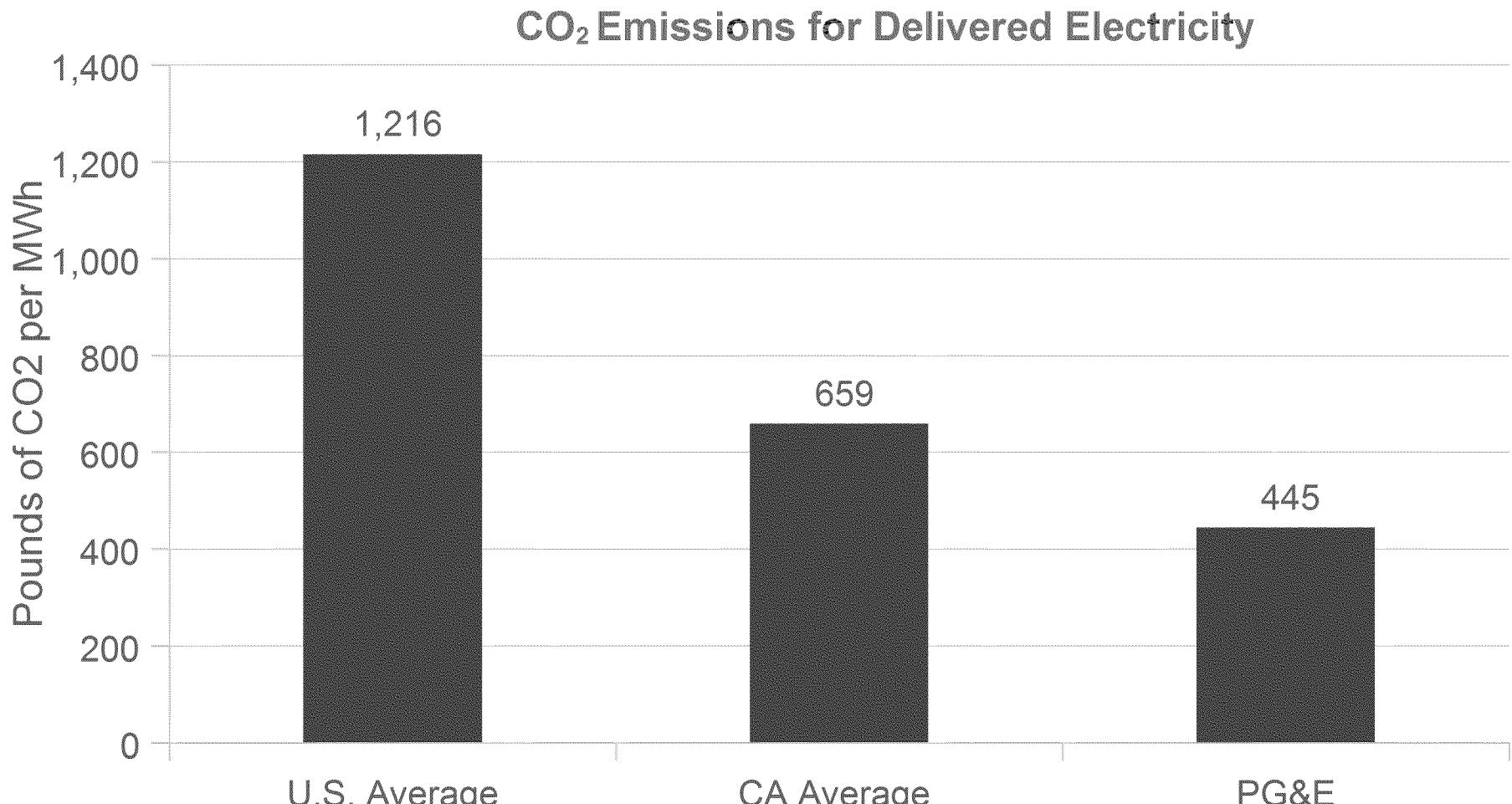




California, Outlier or Leader?

- Renewables Standard**
- Greenhouse Gas Cap**
- Electric Car Mandate**
- Energy Efficiency**
- Decoupling**
- Smart Grid**
- Solar Rooftops**
- Nuclear**

State of California Energy Policy 2020



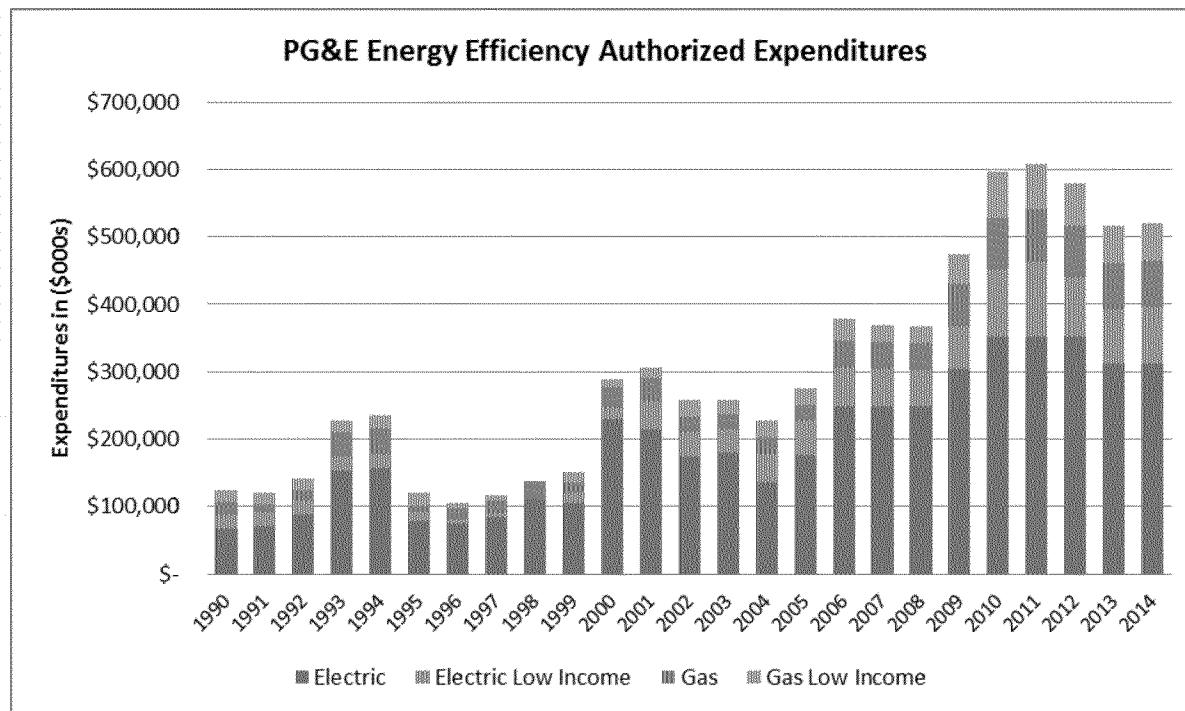
Source: U.S. and CA averages, U.S.
Environmental Protection Agency.

Source: The Climate Registry, a third party
verification of greenhouse gas emissions data.



Energy Efficiency: Ingrained in the PG&E Culture

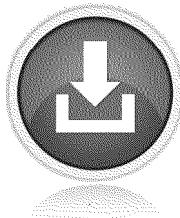
- Legislation enacted in 1974 to “reduce wasteful, inefficient ... consumption of energy.”
- Decoupling of natural gas sales in 1978; electric sales in 1982
- Shareholder incentive adopted in 1993
- Significant growth in funding for energy efficiency programs





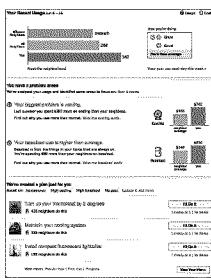
PG&E Smart Grid Investments

Engaged Consumers



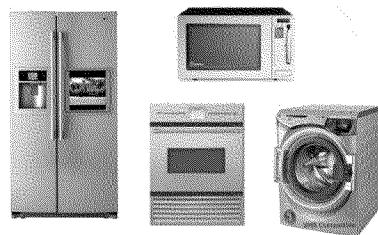
**Green Button
Download
My Data ®**

Online Information

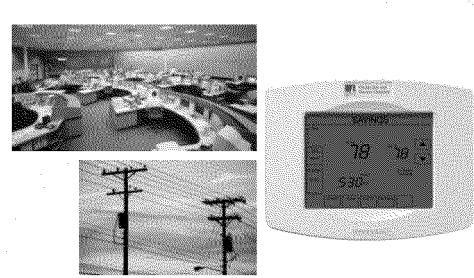


Home Energy Reports

Smart Markets



Customer Energy Management

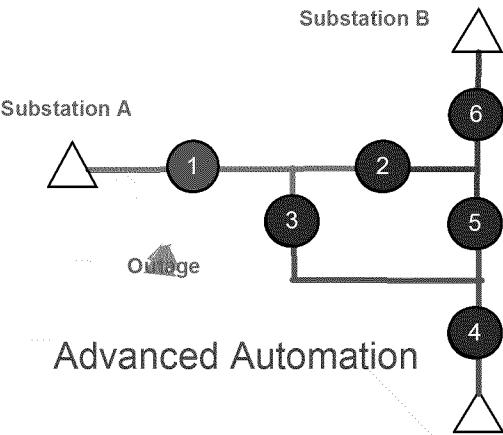


Automated Demand Response

Smart Utility



Outage and Load Management



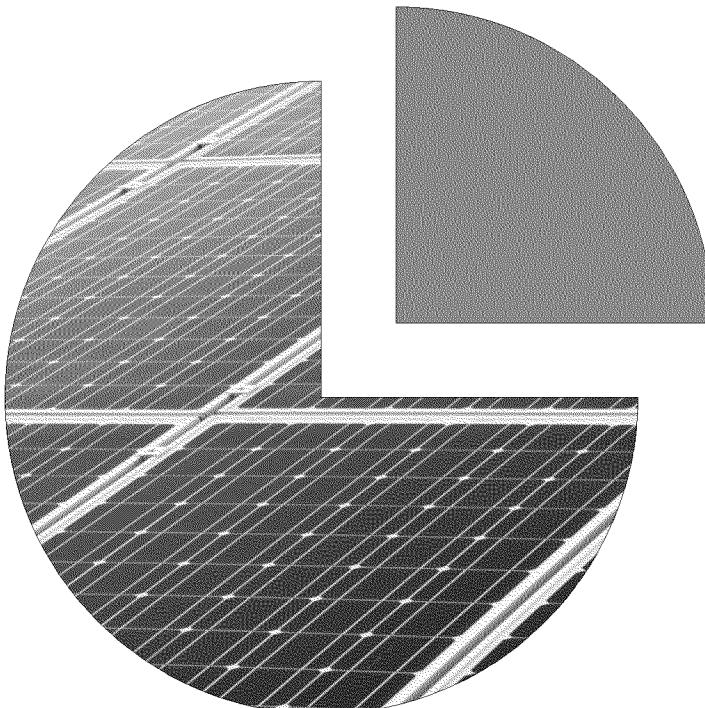
Advanced Automation

PG&E is using Smart Grid technologies to provide customers with benefits today

PG&E is a Leader in Retail Solar PV

6

One-fourth of customer solar installations in the U.S. are in PG&E's service territory

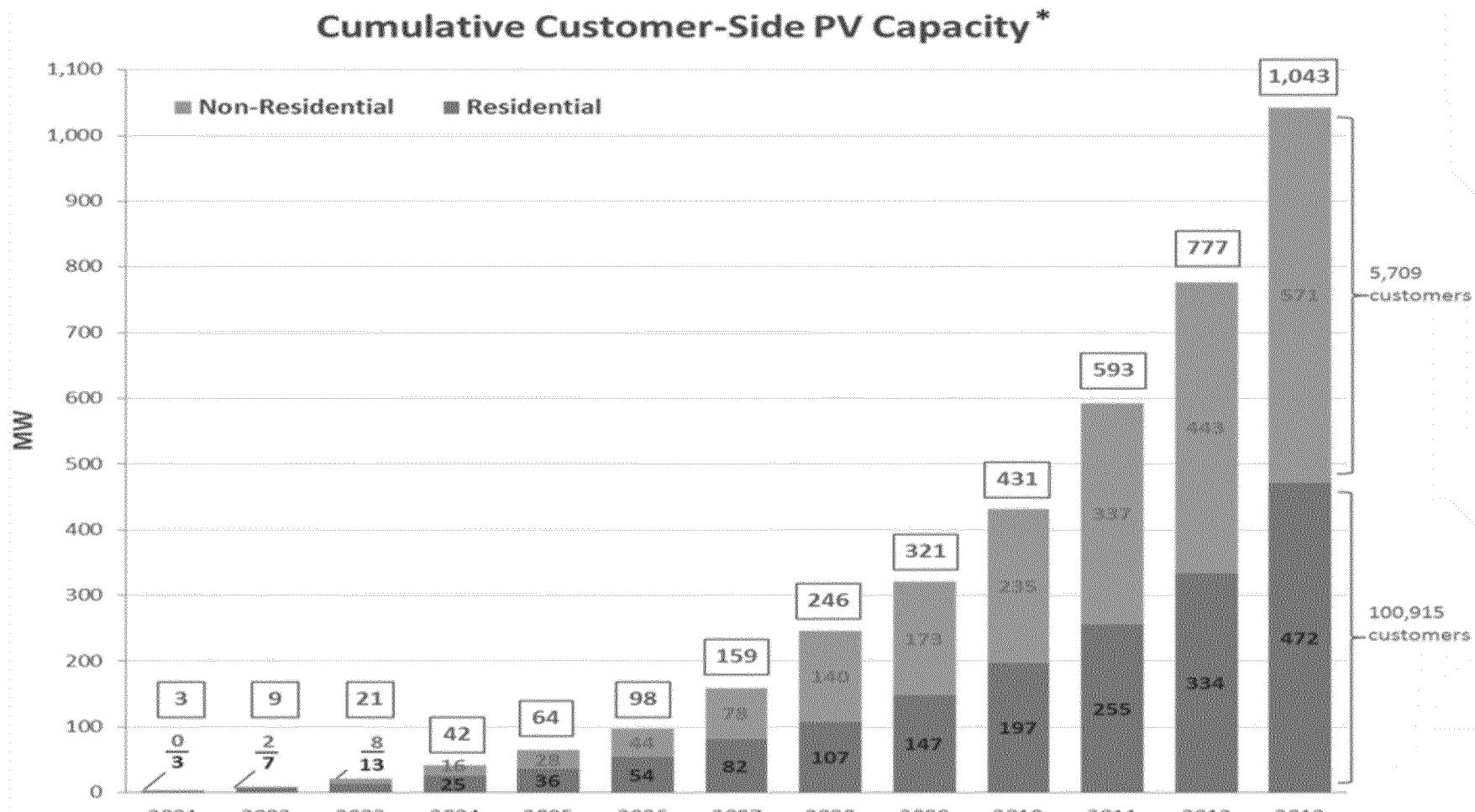


▪ PG&E

▪ All Other U.S. Utilities Combined

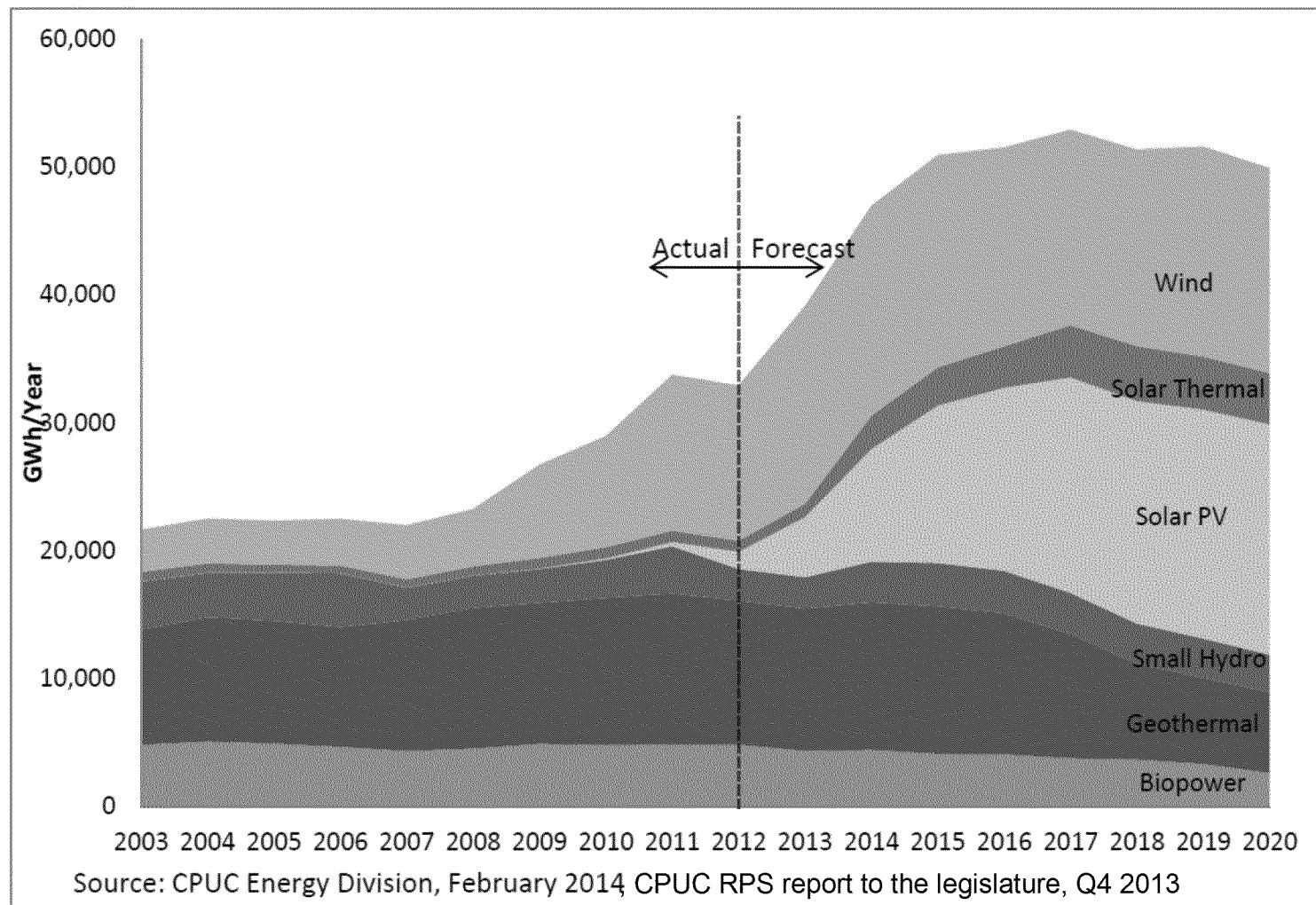
Source: Annual survey by the Solar Electric Power Association for 2012 (2013 results available June 2014).

Customer PV has Grown Significantly



California Utility Scale Renewables⁸ Increasing Dramatically

Figure 3: Renewable Resource Mix, Actual and Forecasted by Year^{11,12}



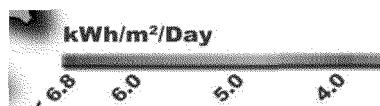
11. Figure is not risk-adjusted and forecast does not assume re-contracting of contracts whose terms expire prior to 2020.

12. Data Source: 2003-2010 data from the Provisional 20% RPS Closing Report (1/13/14); 2011-2020 data from the 2012 RPS Compliance Reports (8/1/13).

California is Rich in Renewable Resources

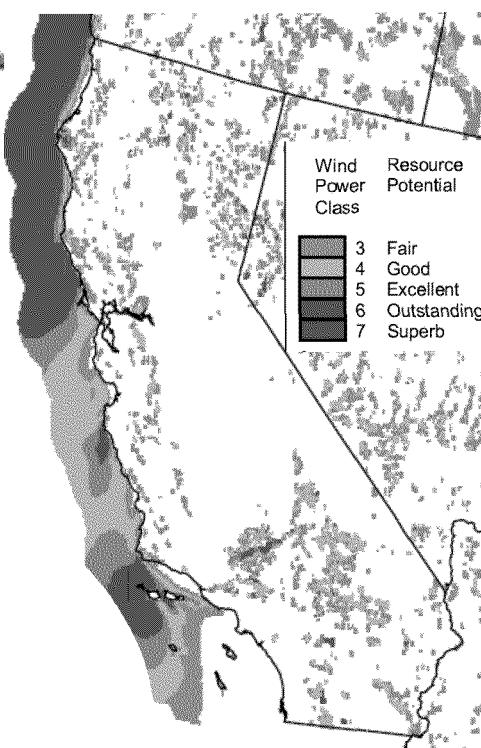
Solar

kWh/m²/Day



A grayscale map of California showing solar resource potential. A color bar at the top left indicates values from < 6.0 to 4.0. The map shows higher potential (darker shades) in the eastern interior and lower potential (lighter shades) in coastal and southern areas.

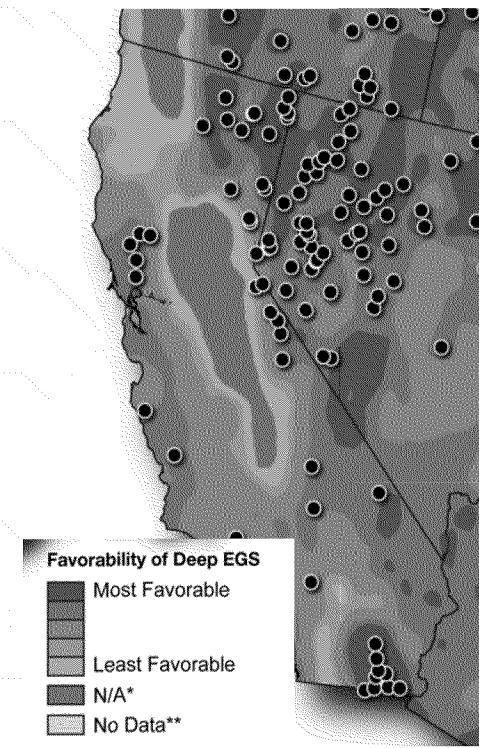
Wind



Biomass



Geothermal



Source:



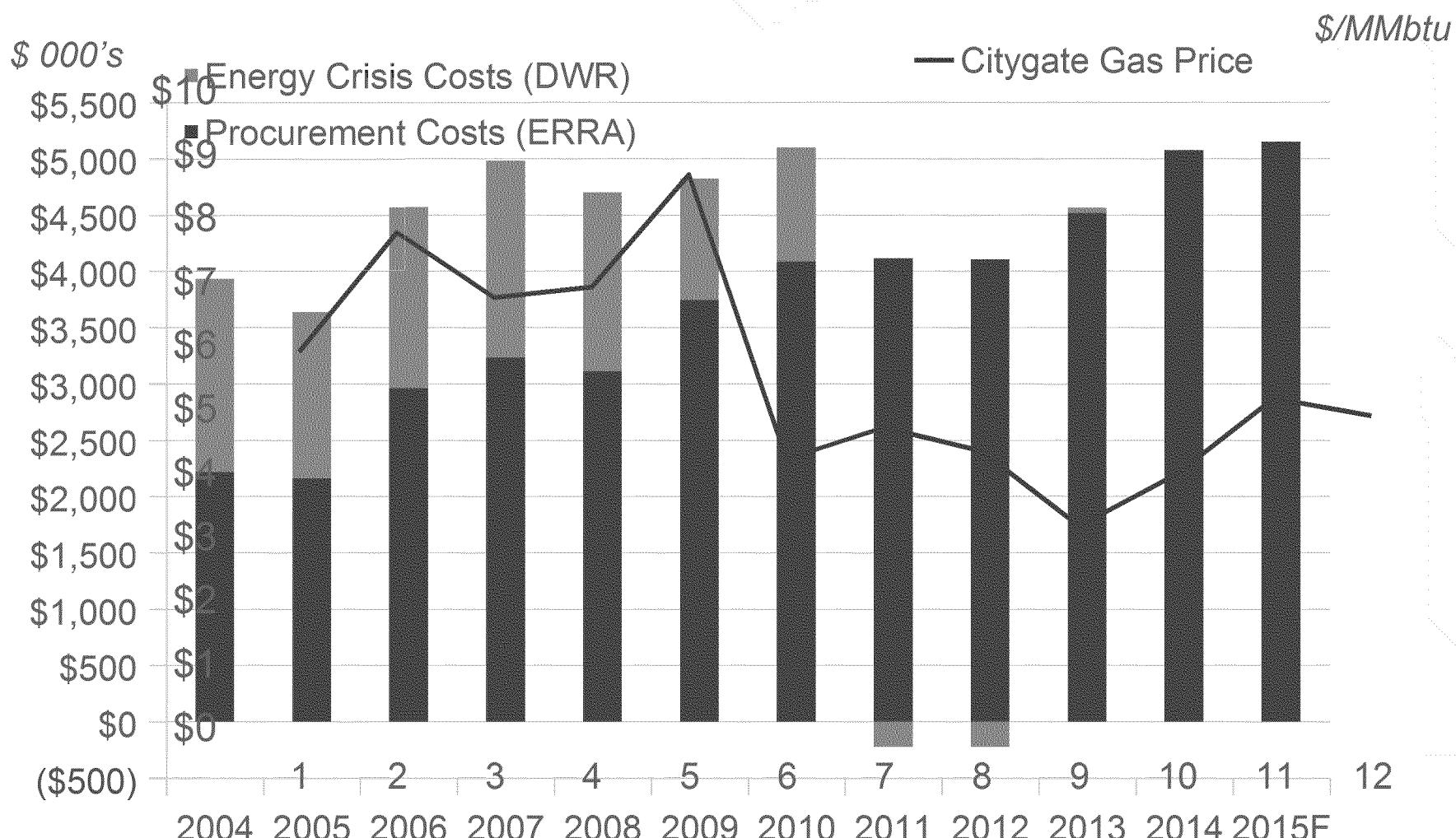
Renewable generation is no longer a technical challenge, but an economic and operational challenge





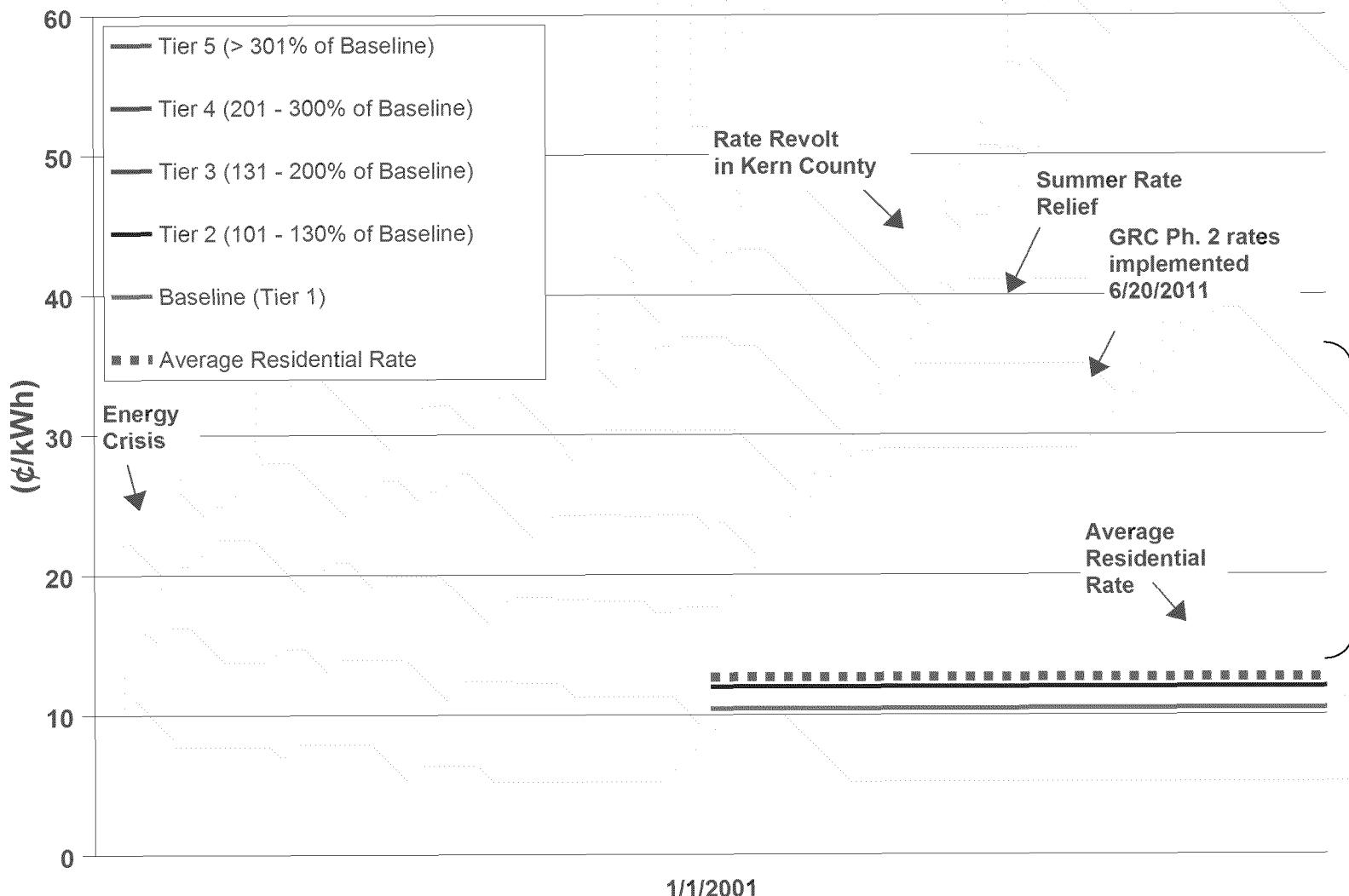
PG&E's Portfolio Costs are Rising

11





PG&E's Electric Rate History



Data as of May 1, 2014

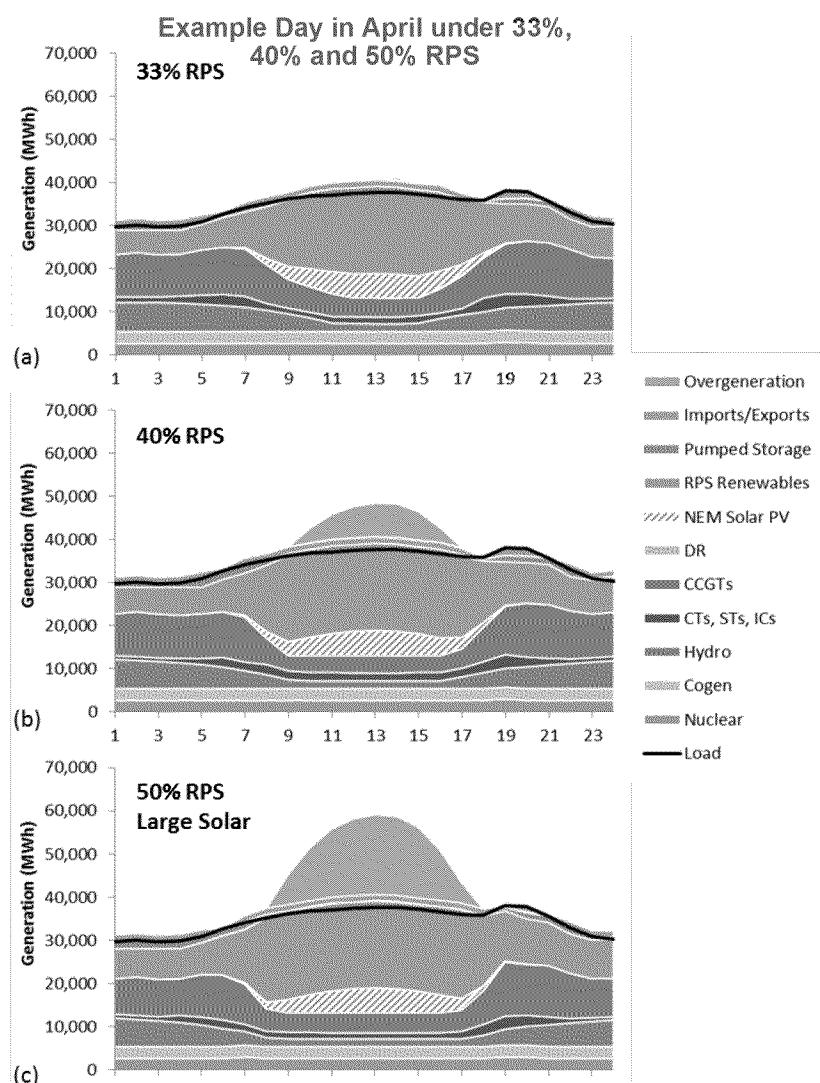
Beyond 33% RPS, Integration is Increasingly Challenging and Costly

PG&E and other large California utilities studied challenges and solutions to implementing a higher RPS

Over-generation emerges as a problem above 33%

- Grid cannot absorb all energy generated
- Over-generation is very high on some days
- Flexible fossil generation helps mitigate daily swings

Without additional solutions, grid operator must curtail solar to maintain reliability



Source: Energy + Environmental Economics

What Does the Future Hold?

More renewables?

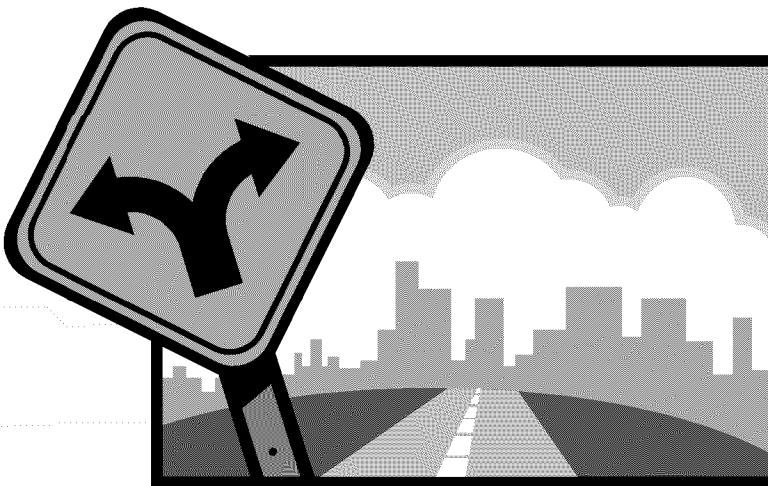
More demand response?

More storage?

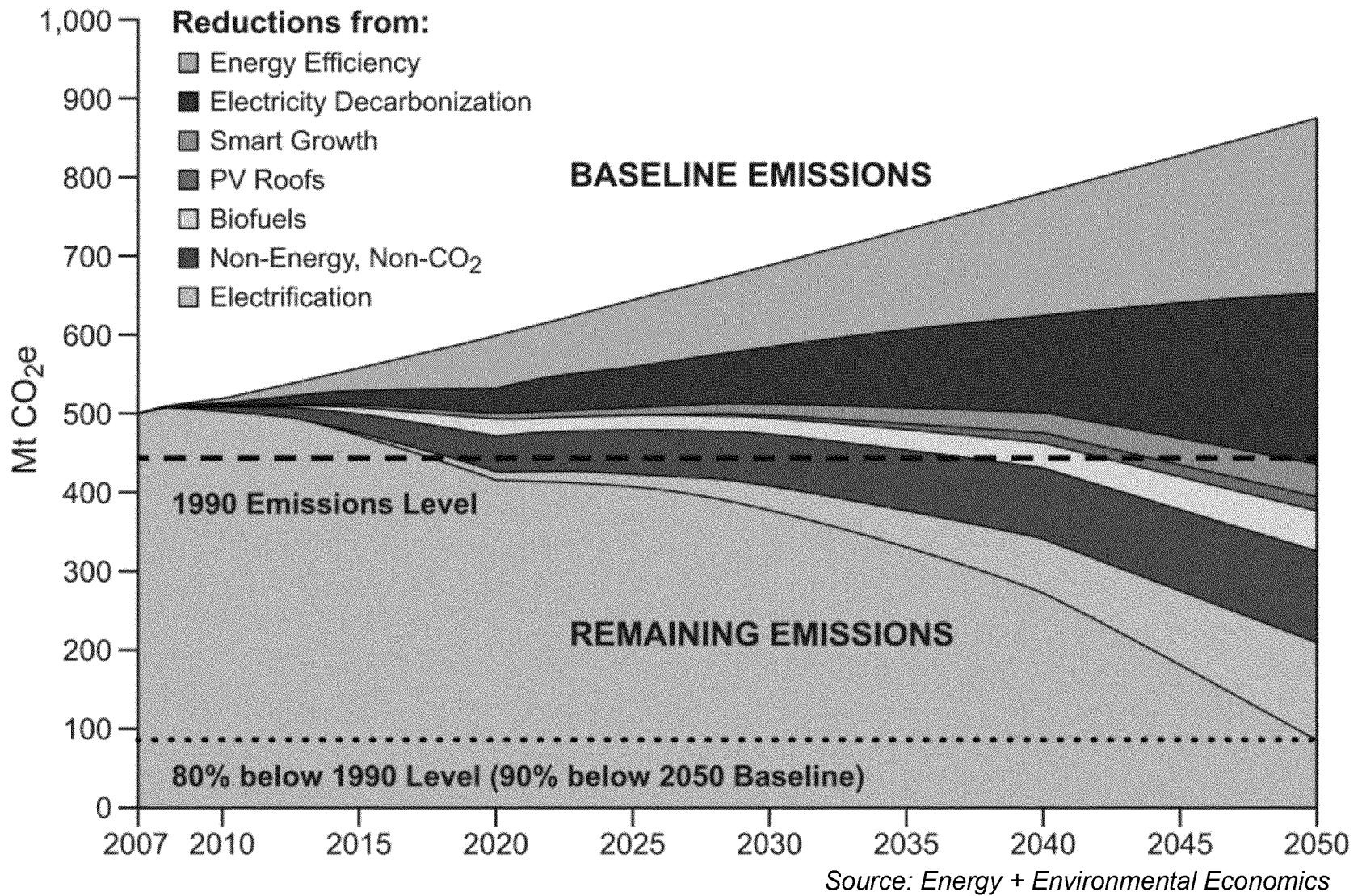
More EVs?

More energy efficiency?

Will electricity replace natural gas usage?



Achieving CA's 2050 GHG Goal



® Integration Solutions Will Be Critical to Success

16

Increased regional coordination

- Make best use of latent flexibility in current system

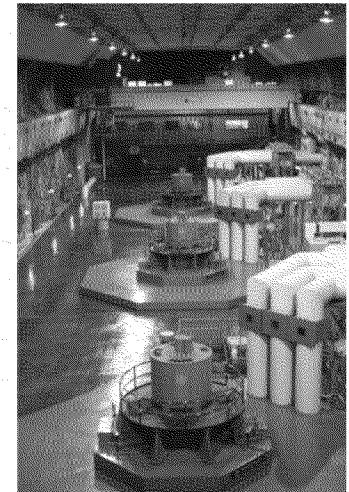
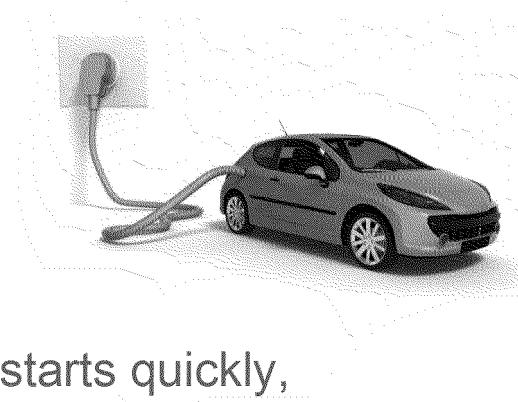


Renewable resource diversity

- Reduces over-generation and need for flexible resources

Flexible loads

- Shifting loads from one time period to another, sometimes on short notice



Flexible generation

- Need generation that is fast ramping, starts quickly, and has minimum generation flexibility

Energy storage

- Deep-draw (diurnal) storage is important

