

Commissioner Dian M. Grueneich California Public Utilities Commission

Energy Bar Association Western Chapter February 11, 2005



Background: California's Energy Action Plan

- Developed by 3 agencies: California Public Utilities Commission, California Energy Commission, and California Power Authority
- Provides a blueprint for implementing unified state energy policy
- Establishes a "loading order" of energy efficiency, demand reduction programs, renewables and then fossil resources
- Guiding principle is to achieve adequate, reliable, and reasonably priced energy supplies

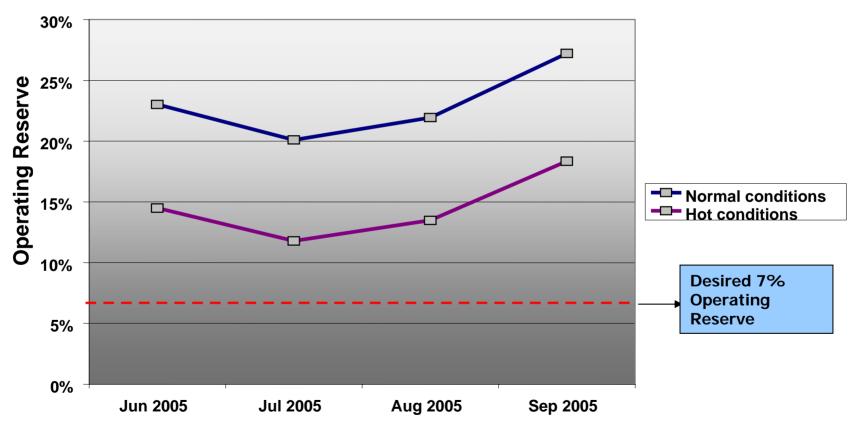


California's Summer 2005 Outlook

- Northern California: reserves are adequate to serve utility customers under normal and hot weather conditions
- Southern California: reserves adequate under most normal weather conditions but inadequate under hot weather conditions
- Bottom line: Summer 2005 requires aggressive and coordinated action

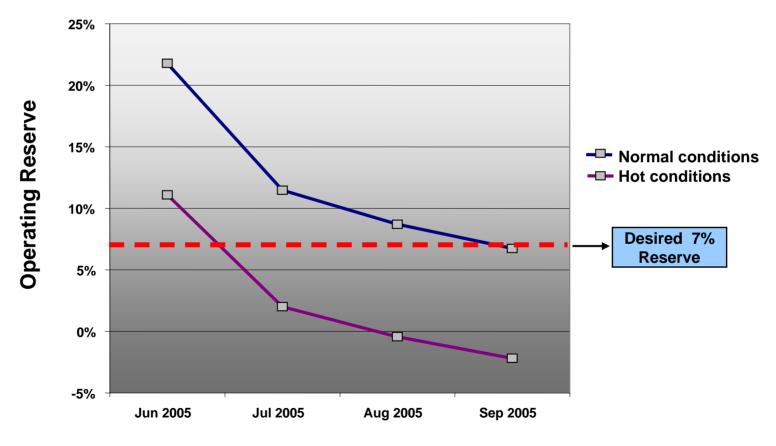


Northern California: Forecasted reserves are adequate under normal and hot conditions*



^{*}Reserves do not include MWs from interruptible programs

Southern California: Reserves dip below desired 7% margin under normal and hot weather conditions*



^{*}Reserves do not include MWs from interruptible programs



Summer 2005 Actions by Regulators

- Augment energy efficiency programs
- Augment demand response programs
- Accelerate completion date of permitted power plants (e.g., Pastoria online date moved from September to July 2005)
- Identify and expedite transmission upgrades feasible for 2005 (e.g., re-rate lines where possible)
- Lock in power contracts via SCE RFO
- Encourage sales of excess municipal utility power



Achieve Aggressive Energy Efficiency Program Goals To Reduce Peak Demand

- CPUC-authorized programs are expected to increase energy savings from 380 MWs in 2004 to 750 MWs by Summer 2005
- Programs include rebates for energy efficient products:
 - Fluorescent bulbs and fixtures
 - Windows
 - Evaporative coolers
 - HVAC and refrigeration systems
 - Programmable thermostats
- Utilities are authorized to spend \$820 million in the 2004-2005 energy efficiency program cycle



Develop Robust Demand Response Initiatives

- CPUC-approved utility programs add 600 MWs of demand response capacity this summer to the 1800 MWs available in 2004
- Utility expenditure for demand response programs in 2005 is \$200 million
- Programs include:
 - Demand bidding
 - Commercial and residential "20/20" savings program
 - Commercial and residential air conditioner cycling and/or smart thermostat programs
 - Education, awareness and outreach (e.g., Flex Your Power)



Renewables Procurement

- California adopted the Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) in 2002
 - RPS establishes a target of 20% of energy needs from renewables in 2017
 - The EAP proposes to accelerate this requirement to 2010
- 2005 RPS Goals percent of total energy from renewables

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PG&E 14.2% 10,190 GWh
SCE 18.4% 13,437 GWh
SDG&E 13.5% 589 GWh
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 The utilities' pending solicitations for new resources integrate RPS requirements for renewable capacity



Projects Are In The Pipeline

- Regulators helped accelerate the completion date for Mission-Miguel Phase 1 project from September to July 2005
 - Adds 350 MWs of import transmission capacity into the San Diego area by Summer 2005
- CPUC approved another 500 MWs for 2006 completion to address state and local reliability issues
 - Mission-Miguel Phase 2 100 MW into San Diego area
 - Jefferson-Martin 400 MW into San Francisco Peninsula area



Coordination of Transmission Planning in the West

- Region-wide transmission planning forums
 - Western Electricity Coordinating Council (WECC) oversees transmission planning with a reliability focus
 - Seams Steering Group-Western Interconnection (SSG-WI) focuses on transmission expansion to meet commercial needs of the market place
- Sub-regional planning groups
 - Rocky Mountain Area Transmission Study (RMATS)
 - Northwest Transmission Advisory Committee (NTAC)
 - Southwest Transmission Expansion Plan (STEP)
- State-sponsored groups
 - Western Governors Association (WGA)
 - Western Interstate Energy Board (WIEB)
 - Committee on Regional Electric Power Cooperation (CREPC)



Conclusion

- All key state energy agencies are working together, per Energy Action Plan
- Key goal is adequate supplies for Summer 2005 and beyond
- Critical actions are energy efficiency, demand reduction, and new supplies via the SCE RFO