1 2 3 4 5 BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 6 7 Order Instituting Rulemaking on the Commission's Own Motion to Comply with the Mandates of Senate Bill 1563 regarding deployment of Advanced Telecommunications 8 9 R. 03-04-003 Technologies. 10 11 12 **OPENING COMMENTS OF** ROSEVILLE TELEPHONE COMPANY 13 PURSUANT TO ORDER INSTITUTING RULEMAKING 14 15 16 17 18 E. Garth Black Mark P. Schreiber 19 Sean P. Beatty 20 Patrick M. Rosvall Cooper, White & Cooper LLP 201 California Street, 17th Floor 21 San Francisco, CA 94111 (415) 433-1900 22 (415) 433-5530 - Facsimile 23 Attorneys for the Roseville Telephone Company 24 25 26 27 28 June 10, 2003

COOPER, WHITE & COOPER LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW 201 CALIFORNIA STREET

1 BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION 2 OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 3 Order Instituting Rulemaking on the Commission's Own Motion to Comply with the Mandates of Senate Bill 1563 regarding deployment of Advanced Telecommunications 4 R. 03-04-003 5 Technologies. 6 7 8 OPENING COMMENTS OF 9 ROSEVILLE TELEPHONE COMPANY PURSUANT TO ORDER INSTITUTING RULEMAKING 10 Roseville Telephone Company ("Roseville") hereby files these opening comments in the 11 12 above-referenced Order Instituting Rulemaking ("OIR") adopted on April 3, 2003. 13 Roseville is already playing its part to ensure that its customers have access to advanced 14 communications technologies. Customers in Roseville's entire service area may purchase Internet access that relies on digital subscriber line ("DSL") service if they so choose. In Roseville's service 15 16 area, therefore, the policy issue the Commission must consider is not deployment of advanced technology so much as encouraging access to the technology that has been deployed. 17 18 With these factors in mind, Roseville responds to the issues identified for comment in the 19 Order Instituting Rulemaking ("OIR"). 20 Issue No. 1: 21 22 Existing barriers to the ubiquitous availability and use of advanced telecommunications technology. 23 24 Response: 25 As discussed above, ubiquitous availability of DSL already exists in Roseville's service area. (For purposes of these comments, Roseville has equated advanced telecommunications technology 26

27

28

with broadband-type service.) Accordingly, Roseville can identify no barrier to the availability of

advanced telecommunications technology in its service area. In fact, in Roseville's service area, the

cable television company is deploying broadband services. Not only are there no barriers to
availability in Roseville's service area, but customers have a choice of broadband providers. With
respect to use of advanced services, although Roseville has a residential DSL penetration rate of
over 18%, among the highest in the country, Roseville presumes that the price for broadband access
exceeds the amount that non-subscribing customers are willing to pay relative to the benefits such
access provides. Accordingly, price may be a barrier for some who would otherwise choose to

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

7

Issue No. 2:

purchase broadband service to access the Internet.

Whether new telecommunications technologies or the cost of existing technologies have changed in ways that would make them more economical to deploy statewide.

Response:

Normally, the cost of a technology declines as that technology ages. However, other costs associated with deployment of that technology may not necessarily decline over time. For example, the cost to pay employees or contractors to install new equipment does not decline over time, although the cost of that technology may have declined over the same period of time. In addition, while the cost of a particular technology may decline, technology changes so rapidly that by the time it may become affordable, that technology may be surpassed by new technology. Weighing these and other issues is a substantial component of the decision whether to deploy a particular technology in any given market.

21

22

23

24

20

Issue No. 3:

Whether and how telecommunications technologies and their cost are expected to change in the future in ways that would make them more economical to deploy statewide.

25 Response:

See response to Issue No. 2.

27

28

26

COOPER, WHITE & COOPER LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW 201 CALIFORNIA STREET SAN FRANCISCO 94111

Issue No. 4:

Response:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

Whether the Commission can or should direct changes in technologies, their deployment or related infrastructure in ways that would promote more ubiquitous availability.

Roseville does not believe that the Commission should direct that any particular technology should be deployed in carriers' networks. Such decisions are fundamental business issues that should be left to the managers of the companies who possess the expertise to assess options. In addition, the nature of Commission processes does not lend itself to timely decision-making on such an important issue as technology deployment. To comply with principles of administrative law, the Commission would have to circulate for comment any proposed technology decision, leading to the result that competitors not subject to Commission jurisdiction might have an influence in the technology deployment mandated as a result of such an undertaking. It is not difficult to imagine cable modem providers advocating in favor of a technology deployment that advantages their broadband service offerings to the detriment of carriers who would be subject to a Commission mandated technology deployment. Therefore, regulatory agencies should not dictate what or when technology is deployed. To do so would put the regulatory agency in the position of picking technological winners and losers. What particular technology succeeds should be determined by market forces, not regulatory agencies. Furthermore, all regulation imposes additional costs on carriers. To the extent the Commission were to regulate the deployment of advanced technologies, one could expect the cost of such deployment to increase simply because of compliance obligations that would be imposed through the Commission's oversight. These possible scenarios are just a small number of the potential problems that would arise if the Commission expanded its regulatory function to include technology deployment mandates.

24

25

26

27

28

COOPER, WHITE & COOPER LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW 201 CALIFORNIA STREET SAN EDAN ISSOC 94111

Issue No. 5:

Whether and how existing programs promote the availability and use of advanced telecommunications technology for inner-city, low-income, and disabled Californians.

Response:

The California Teleconnect Fund ("CTF") has the potential to promote the availability of broadband-type services to inner-city, low-income, and disabled Californians. To the extent that members of such groups cannot directly purchase advanced services, the availability of such services through schools, libraries and community based organizations at least provides access to advanced services. Roseville notes that recent budget shortfalls have jeopardized the availability of CTF support. The uncertainty created by budgetary issues serves as a disincentive to carriers to promote the CTF, because carriers bear the ultimate risk of non-payment in the absence of adequate funds.

Issue No. 6:

Whether and how open and competitive markets for advanced communications technologies can encourage greater efficiency, low prices and more consumer choice.

Response:

Roseville believes that an open market is more likely to determine the economically efficient approach to deploying advanced telecommunications technology. The wireless industry is particularly relevant. With little oversight from government regulators, the vibrantly competitive wireless industry has consistently upgraded its facilities and provided many competitive price and service options to its customers. Mobile phones are much more convenient to carry than when first introduced in the early 1980s. Carriers have substantially upgraded to digital networks from the analog networks originally deployed. The success of the wireless market should counsel the Commission to be cautious in deciding whether to promulgate mandates regarding the deployment of advanced telecommunications technology.



COOPER, WHITE & COOPER LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW 201 CALIFORNIA STREET SAN FRANCISCO 94111

Issue No. 7:

Whether and how identified technologies may promote economic growth, job creation and social benefits.

Response:

The benefits of access to the Internet, perhaps most important of which is education, are generally recognized in today's society. To the extent that advanced technologies further access to the Internet, the associated benefits are likely to accrue. Roseville also believes that advanced telecommunications technologies can make American workers more productive, creating positive impacts on economic growth.

Issue No. 8:

The adequacy of current efforts to provide educational institutions, health care institutions, community-based organizations, and governmental institutions with access to advanced telecommunications services.

Response:

Roseville believes that the Commission's intervention in the market through the CTF is an adequate response to the desire to expand access to advanced telecommunications technologies.

Roseville does not believe the Commission should expand its role in the market beyond the CTF.

Issue No. 9:

Whether existing law and policy encourage fair treatment of consumers through provision of sufficient information for making informed choices, establishment of reasonable service quality standards, and establishment of processes for equitable resolution of billing and service problems.

Response:

Currently applicable law (e.g., Truth in Billing rules adopted by the FCC, the Commission's G.O. 133-B and Slamming Rules, among others) provide adequate means for the Commission to ensure that consumers receive fair treatment. Accordingly, no additional regulatory mandates should be considered in this proceeding.

In summary, Roseville has undertaken the necessary investment to ensure the availability of advanced telecommunications technologies in its service area. In addition, Roseville believes that a properly structured CTF is the best way for the Commission to encourage access to advanced telecommunications technologies. Finally, Roseville opposes any other regulatory mandates impacting the relationship between carriers and their customers.

Executed at San Francisco, California this 10th day of June 2003.

471576.1

12

26

27

28

COOPER, WHITE & COOPER LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW 201 CALIFORNIA STREET SAN FRANCISCO 94111

E. Garth Black Mark P. Schreiber Sean P. Beatty Patrick M. Rosvall COOPER, WHITE & COOPER LLP 201 California Street Seventeenth Floor San Francisco, CA 94111 Telephone: (415) 433-1900 Telecopier: (415) 433-5530

Attorneys for Roseville Telephone Company

COOPER, WHITE & COOPER LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW 201 CALIFORNIA STREET SAN FRANCISCO 94111

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAIL

I, Janet K. Doherty, declare:

I am a resident of the State of California, over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to the within action. My business address is COOPER, WHITE & COOPER LLP, 201 California Street, Seventeenth Floor, San Francisco, CA 94111.

On June 10, 2003, I served the foregoing:

OPENING COMMENTS OF ROSEVILLE TELEPHONE COMPANY PURSUANT TO ORDER INSTITUTING RULEMAKING

by electronic mail and/or by placing a true and correct copy thereof with the firm's mailing room personnel for mailing in accordance with the firm's ordinary practices to the parties on the CPUC's service list in this proceeding.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on June 10, 2003, at San Francisco, California.

Janet K. Doherty

Service List R. 03-04-003 (CPUC 6/9/03)

WILLIAM J. COBB III, ATTORNEY AT LAW COVAD COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY 100 CONGRESS AVENUE, SUITE 2000 AUSTIN, TX 78701 EUGENE M. ENG VERIZON CALIFORNIA, INC. CA501LS 112 LAKEVIEW CANYON ROAD THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91362 LEE BURDICK, ATTORNEY AT LAW FERRIS & BRITTON 401 WEST A STREET, SUITE 1600 SAN DIEGO, CA 92101

CAMILLE A. ESTES BOWEN LAW GROUP 235 MONTGOMERY STREET, SUITE 920 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102 JESUS G. ROMAN VERIZON 711 VAN NESS AVENUE, SUITE 300 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102 WILLIAM R. NUSBAUM, ATTORNEY AT LAW THE UTILITY REFORM NETWORK 711 VAN NESS AVENUE, ROOM 350 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102

ITZEL BERRIO, ATTORNEY AT LAW THE GREENLINING INSTITUTE 785 MARKET STREET, 3RD FLOOR SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94103-2003 RANDOLPH W. DEUTSCH SIDLEY AUSTIN BROWN & WOOD LLP 555 CALIFORNIA STREET, SUITE 5000 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94104 STEPHEN P. BOWEN, ATTORNEY AT LAW BOWEN LAW GROUP 235 MONTGOMERY STREET, SUITE 920 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94104

GARRETT L. WONG, ATTORNEY AT LAW SBC PACIFIC BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY 140 NEW MONTGOMERY ST., ROOM 1619 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105 ROBERT MUNOZ MCI WORLDCOM, INC. 201 SPEAR STREET 9TH FLOOR SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105 WILLIAM C. HARRELSON ATTORNEY AT LAW MCIMETRO ACCESS TRANSMISSION SRVCES, LLC 201 SPEAR STREET SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105

J. KENDRICK KRESSE CALIFORNIA CENTER FOR LAW AND THE DEAF 14895 EAST 14TH STREET, SUITE 220 SAN LEANDRO, CA 94578 JOHN GUTIERREZ, DIRECTOR, GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS COMCAST PHONE OF CALIFORNIA, LLC 12647 ALCOSTA BLVD., SUITE 200 SAN RAMON, CA 94583 LATANYA LINZIE JOSE JIMENEZ COX CALIFORNIA TELCOM, L.L.C. 2200 POWELL STREET, SUITE 1035 EMERYVILLE, CA 94608

SHELLEY BERGUM
DEAF & DISABLED TELECOMMUNICATIONS
PRGRM
505 14TH STREET, SUITE 400
OAKLAND, CA 94612-3532

CHARLES E. BORN, MANAGER
STATE GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS
FRONTIER, A CITIZENS
TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMPANYH
PO BOX 340
ELK GROVE, CA 95759

STEPHEN GOODMAN PREPAID TEL.COM INC. 409 CENTER STREET YUBA CITY, CA 95991

PENNY H. BEWICK NEW EDGE NETWORKS, INC. 3000 COLUMBIA HOUSE BLVD., 106 VANCOUVER, WA 98661 FREDERICK M. JOYCE ALSTON & BIRD LLP 601 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE N.W. NORTH BLDG., 10/F WASHINGTON, DC 20004 MARIANNE ROACH CASSERLY ALSTON & BIRD LLP 601 PENNSYLVANIA AVE., NW NORTH BLDG., 10/F WASHINGTON, DC 20004

JOHN M. FELZ SPRINT KSOPHN0204-2B603 6450 SPRINT PARKWAY OVERLAND PARK, KS 66251-6100 SCOTT FREIERMUTH SPRINT PCS KSOPHN0212-2A409 6450 SPRINT PARKWAY OVERLAND PARK, KS 66251-6100 JAMES LAU TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM MANAGER THE CHILDREN'S PARTNERSHIP 1351 THIRD ST. PROMENADE, STE 206 SANTA MONICA, CA 90401-1321

ESTHER NORTHRUP, ATTORNEY AT LAW XO CALIFORNIA, INC. 5771 COPELY DRIVE SAN DIEGO, CA 92111 KAREN M. POTKUL, VICE PRESIDENT LEGAL & REGULATORY AFFAIRS XO CALIFORNIA INC. 1924 DEERE AVENUE SANTA ANA, CA 92705 LINDA J.K. ROLLER REGULATORY MANAGER THE PONDEROSA TELEPHONE CO. PO BOX 21 O'NEALS, CA 93645 EDWIN D. JONES, PRESIDENT TESCO 1263 ALICANTE DR. PACIFICA, CA 94044-4306 JAMIE MALONE SBC PACIFIC BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY 140 NEW MONTGOMERY, ROOM 708 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105 MARGARET L. TOBIAS SIMPSON PARTNERS LLP 460 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94107

DAVID A. SIMPSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW SIMPSON PARTNERS LLP 900 FRONT STREET SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94111 DAVID MARCHANT, ATTORNEY AT LAW DAVIS WRIGHT TREMAINE LLP ONE EMBARCADERO CENTER, STE 600 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94111-3834 STEVE KUKTA SPRINT COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY L.P. 1850 GATEWAY DRIVE, 7TH FLOOR SAN MATEO, CA 94404-2467

THERESA CABRAL, ATTORNEY AT LAW MORRISON & FOERSTER, LLP 101 YGNACIO VALLEY ROAD, SUITE 450 WALNUT CREEK, CA 94596 PHIL CEGUERA COVAD COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY 3420 CENTRAL EXPRESSWAY SANTA CLARA, CA 95051 NANCY GRIFFIN REGULATORY COMPLIANCE PAC-WEST TELECOMM. INC. 1776 W. MARCH LANE, SUITE 250 STOCKTON, CA 95207

MARIA E. STEVENS CALIF PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION EXECUTIVE DIVISION 320 WEST 4TH STREET SUITE 500 LOS ANGELES, CA 90013 CYNTHIA WALKER
CALIF PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
MARKET STRUCTURE BRANCH
505 VAN NESS AVENUE, ROOM 4102
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3214

KIM MALCOLM CALIF PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGES 505 VAN NESS AVENUE, ROOM 5005 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3214

ROBERT LEHMAN CALIF PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION CONSUMER ISSUES BRANCH 505 VAN NESS AVENUE, ROOM 4102 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3214