## Data Format for Mobile Broadband Deployment

## **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. **Please submit your data using the corresponding CPUC** *Mobile Deployment shapefile*. (For your convenience, the data fields are the same as the FCC 477 Mobile Broadband Deployment data fields.)
- 2. Add your DBA name to the beginning of the file name, followed by an underscore "\_" (i.e. AAAMobile\_Mobile\_Deployment\_<year>).
- 3. Submit to <u>broadbandmapping@cpuc.ca.gov</u> by the deadline.

Mobile wireless broadband providers should submit polygons in a shapefile format representing geographic coverage <u>in the state of California</u>, for each transmission technology deployed in each frequency band.

The data associated with each polygon should indicate the **minimum** advertised upstream and downstream data speeds associated with that network technology in that frequency band, and the coverage area polygon should depict the boundaries where users should expect to receive those advertised speeds. If your company advertises different minimum upstream and downstream speeds in different areas of the state using the same technology and frequency band (e.g., HSPA+ on AWS spectrum), then you should submit separate polygons showing the coverage area for each speed. A variation in technology, frequency band, or speed requires the submission of a separate polygon. If your company does not advertise the minimum upstream and/or downstream data speeds, then indicate the minimum upstream/downstream data speeds that users should expect to receive within the polygon depicting the geographic coverage area of the deployed technology in the given frequency band.

## **STANDARDS:**

- 1. All map areas must be closed, non-overlapping polygons with a single, unique identifier.
- 2. Any variation in any of the required fields necessitates the creation of a separate polygon showing the relevant coverage. In other words, each polygon must have a single value for each of the following fields: technology, spectrum, downstream bandwidth, and upstream bandwidth.
- 3. The shapefile must have an assigned projection with an accompanying .prj file.
- 4. The shapefile must use unprojected (geographic) WGS84 geographic coordinate system.
- 5. The coverage boundaries should have a resolution of 100 meters (approximately three arc-seconds) or better. An arc-second represents the distance of latitude or longitude traversed on the earth's surface while traveling one second (1/3600th of a degree). See ESRI Explanation of Measuring in Arc-Seconds. Three arc-seconds is a common resolution of terrain databases. See USGS Standards for Digital Elevation Models, Part 1-General, at 1-2, 1-4.
- 6. The shapefile must be submitted as a \*.zip file. This can be done with a program like WinZip or, in Windows by selecting the files associated with a shapefile, right-clicking the files, then clicking **Send to** then **Compressed (zipped) folder...**. Be sure that your \*.zip file contains one and only one shapefile.
- 7. In addition to the shapefile, each submitted \*.zip file must include metadata or a plain text "readme" file that contains a comprehensive explanation of the methodology employed to generate the map layer including any necessary assumptions and an assessment of the accuracy of the finished product.

## **DATA FIELDS:**

The following 5 data fields must accompany each polygon. The field names must appear in the shapefile attribute table as shown below:

Field	Description	Туре	Example
DBA	Name of the entity customers could contact to purchase	Text	AAA Mobile
TECHNOLOGY	service in this area with the characteristics below	Intogon	81
TECHNOLOGY	Code for the technology used for the provision of service.	Integer	81
	The valid codes are:		
	80 WCDMA/UMTS/HSPA		
	81 HSPA+		
	82 EVDO/EVDO Rev A		
	83 LTE		
	84 WiMAX		
	85 CDMA		
	86 GSM		
	87 Analog		
	88 Other		
SPECTRUM		Integer	91
	Code for spectrum used for the provision of service. The valid codes are:	micger	71
	90 700 MHz Band		
	91 Cellular Band		
	92 Specialized Mobile Radio (SMR) Band		
	93 Advanced Wireless Services (AWS) 1 Band		
	Broadband Personal Communications Service		
	94 (PCS) Band		
	95 Wireless Communications Service (WCS) Band Broadband Radio Service/Educational		
	96 Broadband Service Band		
	97 Satellite (e.g. L-band, Big LEO, Little LEO)		
	Unlicensed (including broadcast television		
	98 "white spaces") Bands		
	99 600 MHz		
	100 H Block		
	101 Advanced Wireless Services (AWS) 3 Band		
	102 Advanced Wireless Services (AWS) 4 Band		
	103 Other		
MINDOWN	The minimum advertised downstream bandwidth, or the	Float	3
	downstream speed users should expect to receive in the		
	coverage area, in Mbps. (You can enter up to 3 places		
	after the decimal (i.e. $768 = 0.768$ )	TI :	0.740
MINUP	The minimum advertised downstream bandwidth, or the downstream speed users should expect to receive in the	Float	0.768
	coverage area, in Mbps. (You can enter up to 3 places		
	after the decimal (i.e. $768 = 0.768$ )		